COMPLETE
ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT
EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR

COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE

EXCLUSIVE
[illegible]

NO. 7373—31ST YEAR. COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO., MONDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1902.—TEN PAGES PRICE FIVE CENTS

PASSAGE OF TAX MEASURE

Assured in House---Vote Will Be Taken Tuesday Afternoon.

THE TREATY WITH DENMARK

May Be Ratified Today by the Senate in Executive Session---Philippine Tariff Bill.

F. H. & B. SOCIETY
Capitol Bldg.

By Associated Press.

Washington, Feb. 16.—The coming week promises to be one of unusual activity in the house of representatives. Beginning tomorrow the war revenue reduction bill will be taken up, with two days for debate, and a stringent special rule bringing the bill to a vote at 3 p. m. on Tuesday without intervening motion to recommit or amendments other than those of a verbal character proposed by the committee.

At the outset there promises to be a spirited contest on the adoption of the special rule as the minority will protest against the cutting off of amendments and the motion to recommit. There is little doubt, however, that the rule will be adopted. When the debate proper begins there will hardly be more than three hours on each side. This time will be given to the members of the ways and means committee who in turn will apportion it among their colleagues.

The passage of the bill is a foregone conclusion as the minority members as well as the majority favor it, the only difference being as to the amount of reduction and the extent to which tariff changes should go. Aside from the tariff issue, it would be no surprise if the sensational speech of Representative Wheeler of Kentucky on Prince Henry's visit and other foreign matters figures in the discussion as much feeling has been aroused by the speech.

The Indian appropriation bill will be taken up on Wednesday with two other appropriation bills, the diplomatic and consular and the postoffice in reserve. Chairman Sherman of the Indian affairs committee expects to occupy two or three days so that the other appropriation bills probably will go over until the following week. In that case private claims will get some consideration the latter part of the week.

There are several important measures of general legislation now ready for consideration including the anti-anarchist bill and the Pacific cable bill. The intention, however, is not to consider these general measures so long as any appropriation bills remain unacted upon.

Besides the work on the floor of the house it is expected that the coming week may see some progress in the ways and means committee on the subject of Cuban reciprocity.

SENATE

By Associated Press.

Washington, Feb. 16.—The greater part of the day on Monday will be devoted by the senate to an effort to ratify the treaty with Denmark for the cession of the Danish West Indies. This proceeding will be in executive session and there is no certainty as to whether one day will be sufficient for the purpose or not.

Thus far there has been no marked opposition to the treaty but Senator Bacon has indicated a purpose of offering an amendment to the treaty and debating it somewhat. The consideration of the treaty is not concluded on Monday, the final disposition will probably be postponed for several days as Senator Lodge has agreed to give track the Philippine bill only for one day. It is thought a vote will be reached on the Philippine bill the latter part of the week. An agreement fixing a time to vote is likely to be reached on Tuesday and indications now are that next Friday or next Saturday will be named as the day deciding the fate of the bill. There are still a few set speeches to be delivered on the bill, but most of the speeches towards the close of the debate will be brief.

By unanimous consent the census bill will be disposed of after the Danish treaty and before the debate on the Philippine bill is taken. It is expected that a vote will be reached on the census bill after a very little more debate.

SCHWAB SENTIMENTS ABOUT THE STEEL CORPORATION

By Associated Press.

New York, Feb. 16.—Charles M. Schwab, president of the United States Steel corporation, returned from Europe today on the American liner St. Paul after an absence of two months spent in travel on the continent and in England. He was accompanied by his wife and sister and was greeted when he landed by his father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. J. Schwab, his brother, Joseph Schwab, and a large party of friends.

Mr. Schwab returns, as he himself explained to the Associated Press tonight, more than ever impressed with the scope and possibilities of the great corporation of which he is at the head, and more than ever enthusiastic over the position of the United States in its relationship with the trade and commerce of the world. Mr. Schwab declined to discuss the personal details of his trip. He said he preferred to speak as the president of the United States Steel corporation.

"I went away for a vacation," he said, "and while I had a delightful trip I also did a great deal of work. I found a feeling of the utmost friendship for our country existing everywhere in Europe. I found also intense interest in the question of industrial conditions; the businessmen on every hand wishing to know more about them and more about our methods.

"I have been privileged to meet the greatest men in the European world of finance and manufacture and the great master minds of economic thought. I was surprised and delighted to find such tremendous interest in our great undertaking and with the cordial reception given everywhere to the president of the steel corporation.

"I said in a speech delivered in Chicago that any combination of business enterprises organized for other purposes than the reduction of cost and the increase of output is placed upon a false basis and I return from my visit to Europe feeling more than ever impressed with the truth of that proposition. I come back with my ideas broadened and my enthusiasm unbounded. Heretofore I have looked upon our great combination of the steel industries of this country as perhaps nothing more than an ordinary business venture of great magnitude, but after hearing the views of the businessmen of the old world, I find that I have, if anything, underrated our undertaking.

RESPONSIBLE FOR PACIFIC'S PEACE

Says House Report on Cable Bill of United States Protects.

GOVERNMENTS OWNERSHIP

Control and Operation is Favored---Would Adopt Any Device Is Practicable---Corliss' Argument.

By Associated Press.

Washington, Feb. 16.—The report to be filed tomorrow by the house committee on interstate and foreign commerce recommending the passage of the bill introduced by Representative Corliss providing for government ownership of a Pacific cable says that the United States by annexation of Hawaii and the acquisition of the Philippines and other islands through the ratification of the Paris treaty assumes the responsibility of maintaining peace in the Pacific ocean. This obligation, the report, which was prepared by Representative Corliss, the author of the bill, says, was deliberately undertaken by this country and approved by the united voice of the people. It adds:

"The future peace and prosperity of these islands will largely depend upon the facilities extended by our government for the advancement and enlightenment of the people there. If we are to continue in control of these islands the people must be made to understand the character and purpose of our government and to feel the benefits of enlightened civilization and American liberty. This can be accomplished through the medium of cable communications. The advancement of our own people and the benefit of rapid communication through the telephone, telegraph and railway lines illustrate the advantages and the progress that may be achieved through cable messages."

Regarding government ownership of cables, Mr. Corliss says England for 50 years has been constantly acquiring, by purchase and construction, cable communication with her vast possessions until she has expended upwards of a hundred million dollars for this purpose and operates her own cables connecting her colonies. England is now constructing a Pacific cable from Vancouver to Australia at a cost of nearly $3,000,000 and in order to give her tradesmen and manufacturers the benefit of this communication at the least possible expense has fixed a rate of two shillings 9d 50 cents per word for cable messages from Vancouver to New Zealand.

"France, Germany and other nations are not sleeping upon their rights, as the people in the United States have been," comments Mr. Corliss, "but are establishing government telegraphic communication with their respective possessions.

"I therefore contend that the Pacific cable should be owned, controlled and operated by the government of the United States. It should be made by an American manufacturer, sid by an American ship under the American flag and operated at the actual cost for dissemination of knowledge, the proper direction of our army and navy, and the advancement of our trade and commerce in the Pacific. The transmission of communication should be held by the state.

"The right to construct and operate the Pacific cable is a public utility or franchise held by the people. Its control is an inherent right of the nation; its construction and operation necessarily will become for a great many years a monopoly and should not be transferred from the control of the people."

General Greeley, chief of the signal service of the war department, who has charge of the telegraphic lines owned by the government and who has given the subject careful consideration and constructed several hundred miles of cable under the centre of the war department, the report says, estimates the entire cost of a Pacific cable, including ships and all possible contingencies, at 10,000,000 and places the annual expenses at $325,000.

His judgment is confirmed by the opinion of Rear Admiral B. B. Bradford, chief of the bureau of equipment of the navy. A complete survey has been made by our navy at the expense of at least a half million of dollars to our people and a route established extending from California to Hawaii, Guam, Wake or Midway, and the Philippine islands. There is no longer any doubt as to the practicability of this project from a technical and engineering point of view.

In conclusion the report says:

"Every part of the world has been enlightened by cables except the Pacific ocean. This vast body of water, under the control of our government, seems to be the one dark spot upon the face of the globe, and if the people of the Hawaiian islands, a part of our own country, are oft in darkness seven days, so are the rest of the world."

The vote, authorizing favorable report on the bill stood eight for and seven against. Two members, Mann and Davis, favorable to the bill were absent and since then two of the members, Loverling and Wagner, who voted against the bill in the committee, have signed the report in favor of the passage of the bill, suggesting an amendment authorizing the purchase of the cable contracted for between California and Hawaii. The minority of the committee oppose government ownership and favor the proposals of the Commercial Pacific company to lay a private cable.

MISS ADDAMS' STRONG ADDRESS

A Feature of the Opening Session of the Annual Charities and Corrections Conference.

The first session of the seventh annual State Conference of Charities and Corrections for Colorado, was held in the First Baptist church last night. The main auditorium of the church was filled, the Sunday school room was filled and the aisles had chairs in them and the chairs were filled. Under these conditions, to state that the conference opened under auspicious circumstances can scarcely be called an exaggeration. It was a magnificent gathering of the best citizens of Colorado Springs. All classes were represented and it was a representative Colorado Springs audience.

On the stage were the speakers of the evening, the members of the local committees and ladies and gentlemen prominent in the work of this nature in the state.

The first part of the program was in charge of Rev. Edward Braislin, D. D., pastor of the church. After the organ voluntary and opening hymn, and grand old "Coronation," Rev. Alfred R. Scott, pastor of All Souls' Unitarian church, invoked divine favor and guidance for the meeting. Dr. Braislin then, in a few words happily phrased, welcomed the conference to this city. He expressed a welcome in the name of the Christian church of Colorado Springs and expressed the appropriateness of the conference opening its sessions under the auspices of the church of Christ. He welcomed the conference also in behalf of the city and expressed the great pleasure of Colorado Springs in entertaining such a conference for the sake of the benefit to be derived from it and hoped that the delegates would find both profit and pleasure from the meetings here. He then, with the hand of greeting to President Baker, turned the meeting over to him as presiding officer.

Dr. Baker replied briefly, speaking felicitously and conceding, at least for the time being, all and more than Dr. Braislin claimed for Colorado Springs. Dr. Braislin was very modest in his claims for this city but paid a compliment to the management of the local Associated Charities and spoke also of the school of philanthropy organized by Rev. E. E. Carrington, the general manager and secretary.

After his reply to the warm words of welcome Dr. Baker, who is president of the University of Colorado situated at Boulder, delivered his annual address. It was scholarly, teeming with thought well expressed, and was listened to attentively. He discussed the subject of philanthropy from a theoretical and from a practical standpoint. He based his remarks upon one of Dickens' Christmas stories and stated that we learn more of pedagogy and sociology from Dickens than from many pretentious treatises. Dr. Baker's central thought is best expressed by the term "Educate." Education of the rich in the art of educating the poor was the thought of this scholarly address. After treating this theme fully and bringing the thought clearly to the minds of his hearers, he turned his attention to the purpose of the present conference of charities and corrections in this city. On this subject he spoke as follows:

This conference has an earnest purpose. It aims to arouse public sentiment, to spread information, to discuss new theories and experiments, to secure intelligent interest in the problems of the state's institutions, and to encourage wise private philanthropy. There are in Colorado eight state institutions for the care of the defective, dependent and delinquent: The Home for Dependent and Neglected Children; the Soldiers' and Sailors' home; the School for the Deaf and Blind; the Industrial school for boys; the Industrial school for girls; the reformatory; the penitentiary; the asylum for the insane. All these have their problems, all need support. Those directly responsible for the state's wards cannot do their best work without voluntary co-operation. Wise laws are to be enacted; the merit system in making appointments is to be inaugurated; here as in other states many reforms are needed.

The biennial report of the state board of charities and correction, 1899-1900, makes many valuable recommendations, showing the result of intelligent work little known to the people at large. Amongst the measures advocated are: Adopting civil service for all the state charitable and penal institutions; compelling parents to support and control their children; establishing juvenile courts; compelling parents to defray the expenses of children committed to the state industrial schools, making work at the penitentiary and the reformatory educational as well as remunerative; requiring boards of county commissioners to provide for the care of feeble-minded children; requiring more efficient service from boards of county visitors; requiring supervision of private institutions having care of children; adopting the indeterminate sentence and the parole law.

It is noted that the last general assembly passed the following laws: For supervision of private charitable organizations; for county care of feeble-minded children; for making the Colorado Humane society a state institution; for employing the indeterminate sentence and parole system.

We may believe that the outlook for the philanthropist is a hopeful one. A century ago the social, political and economic conditions of the world were more characteristic of the middle ages than of today. The morality and the social status were wretched. In the villages and hamlets of England the people were ignorant and suspicious and viewed all strangers with hostility. The condition of the common people was miserable. For the state of poverty philosophers found no solution but by restraining the increase of population. States had formerly disposed of the beggars by summary execution. Everywhere epidemics spread without check. Prison abuse was a disgrace to humanity, the insane were treated as possessed of devils; and for 200 specific offenses the noble Briton was subject to hanging. Today the trend of academic discussion, the spontaneous teachings of many powerful writers of literature, the concessions of political parties, the growing care of state and society for the unfortunate, the new views regarding the problems of labor, attest a remarkable growth in altruism and a fuller realization of the spirit of the great teacher and exemplar. This is an optimistic view, but the true optimist, while he sees the office to overcome, believes in the final victory solution and works toward that ideal society is gradually developing a system that made of advanced altruism, dimly seen adown the centuries, which is the fixed aim and hope of saint and scientist.

The choir of the Baptist church then rendered a beautiful arrangement of "Nearer My God to Thee," after which President Baker introduced the speaker of the evening, Miss Jane Addams, founder and manager of Hull House, the famous settlement headquarters of Chicago.

Miss Addams advanced to the front of the rostrum while the large audience sat in expectant silence. With her first words she caught the interest of the big congregation and during the whole of an unassuming, but yet as interesting an address as was ever delivered in Colorado Springs, the audience sat in almost rapt attention. It would be impossible in cold words to express the force of the address delivered by Miss Addams. It was the woman herself who made the address what it was to that audience. As she spoke of the general work of philanthropy her manner, and her face were half her speech and her earnestness, calm but unmistakable, compelled attention. Rather small of stature, quiet in mien, as she spoke her face and manner depicted the nobility of her character.

Miss Addams' work in the lower strata of Chicago's body politic is well known throughout this country and even in foreign countries. At the commencement of her address Miss Addams spoke of the mistaken standpoints from which people look at the question of philanthropy. One standpoint is that from which people who earn of a specific incident of the "under life" which is almost horrifying in its details, and while impressed by this one incident forget the general conditions which are even more horrifying. The death of a poor child on a cold day in one of the eastern cities horrifies many people who never stop to think of the 52 per cent. of the poor children of those cities who die every year from neglect. This is but one of the standpoints from which the people of culture and refinement, speaking generally, look at the lower strata of society. The erroneousness of these points of view was fully drawn out. Miss Addams, in simple words, yet most clearly, made her audience feel that the only way to solve the great question is by personal contact with the conditions to be found in the under world.

Miss Addams then took up the subject of settlements and briefly traced their history. She began with the settlement established in East London by graduates of Cambridge and Oxford universities and which has resulted in lifting that section of the metropolis of the world from almost the lowest level to one of respectability. She then spoke of the settlements in New York also started by college men. Today there are 30 in New York, five or six in Boston and about 12 in Chicago. She then spoke particularly of Hull House, in Chicago, which she herself founded 12 years ago. The work there was started first among the children and was then extended to take in the older people. Today there are eight buildings in the Hull House settlement, which is just three-quarters of a mile from the postoffice. The work of these settlements, as outlined by Miss Addams, is not charity work. It is the idea of those who are connected with them to save the people they are working with from charity. The work in Chicago is largely among the foreign elements and the idea of the workers is to bring these people of different nationalities to appreciate the importance of citizenship and to realize that men are men, whether they be Americans, Italians, Greeks or of some other nationality.

Miss Addams told some interesting incidents connected with her work. She one minute had the audience laughing at some amusing instance but the laughter and scarcely subsided before the listeners were impressed with the pathetic side. It is impossible to tell what Jane Addams told that audience. A verbatim report of her words would not half express the force of her address.

At the close of her words applause that was spontaneous and could not be repressed, broke forth from the audience which had listened and would willingly have listened an hour longer.

At the close of Miss Addams' address Mrs. George Crampton sang a beautiful contralto solo.

AMERICAN MACHINERY MAY ENTER RUSSIA DUTY FREE

By Associated Press.

Washington, Feb. 16.—While the Russian retaliatory tariff upon certain American goods is still in force, an effort is being made to have the Russian minister of finance exercise his discretion under a section of the new regulations as to port dues in the empire which confers on that official the right to decrease charges on goods of little value or to remove them entirely and by which American machinery in parts might enter Russia at the reduced or free rate.

This information comes to the state department in a report from Commercial Agent Greener at Vladivostok, dated January 20, which was made public today, together with one from Consul General Holloway at St. Petersburg, upon the same subject, dated January 18.

The consul general says that the new regulations forming port dues in Russia went into effect the first of the year and will greatly facilitate the present system of levying such dues, as henceforth there will be but two kinds of port dues, namely, that paid by all ships entering Russian harbors and the "good due" levied only in the Russian harbors named in the Russian act on the subject. The ship dues amount to five cents per ton for each ship of a nation with which Russia has concluded commerce and navigation treaties and $1.03 per ton for other ships.

Consul General Holloway calls attention to the fact that the Russian minister of finance is empowered to raise this rate for ships of certain states, and doubtless, he says, such an enhancement will be enforced against nations which have tariff difficulties with Russia.

VENEZUELA GOVERNMENT FORCES WERE ROUTED

By Associated Press.

Willemstad, Island of Curacao, Feb. 16.—Bad news for the Venezuela government has been received from the interior of the country. There have been new and numerous uprisings in the state of Carabobo where the government has sent a number of soldiers. There were also two engagements yesterday near Vela De Cora, between the government forces and the revolutionists under General Riercra. The government forces were completely routed in these engagements and a detachment of them passed over to the side of the revolutionists. General Riercra has issued a revolutionary proclamation from Sauca dated February 12. Sauca is a village situated to the east and not far from Vela De Cora. There are many government soldiers in the neighborhood of Vela De Cora but these are principally composed of boys from 14 to 15 years of age.

President Castro's government at Caracas has just issued a decree ordering the expulsion from Venezuela of Mrs. Matos, wife of General Matos, the leader of the present revolution against Castro.

SMELTER SUPERINTENDENT SHOT WIFE AND HIMSELF

By Associated Press.

Helena, Mont., Feb. 16.—Harold M. Cole, assistant superintendent at the East Helena smelter, lies dead in an undertaker's establishment, and Olivia Mayne Cole, his wife, is at her home mortally wounded, as a result of shots fired by the husband. The tragedy occurred shortly after 8 o'clock at the residence of the couple. There were no witnesses to the tragedy and the wife is so seriously injured that she is not able to make any statement.

The only story of the affair is given by Mrs. Mayne, the mother of Mrs. Cole. Mr. Cole came in from East Helena about 7 o'clock. Shortly after his arrival, Mrs. Mayne went out and returned in a little while. As she went up the steps she heard a shot quickly followed by another. She was accompanied by her husband, and on entering they saw Cole falling to the floor while his wife was lying on the lounge with the blood streaming from two wounds, one in the head back of the ear and the other in the left breast. Lying at the feet of the women were a number of letters.

An examination showed that Cole was mortally wounded and he died before a physician could be summoned. He had shot himself through the head.

Mrs. Cole is a young and handsome woman. The theory is that the husband found some correspondence belonging to his wife, that there was a quarrel and then the tragedy.

Harold M. Cole was one of the prominent young mining men of the state. In addition to being assistant superintendent at the East Helena smelter he was chief chemist at the works. He had been with the smelting company since 1893, coming to Montana from New York. He was a graduate of the mining course in Columbia college, graduating with high honors, when only 18 years old. When he first came to Montana he was employed by the Helena and Livingston Smelting & Reduction company at Wickes, as chief assayer. Leaving that company he went with the East Helena concern. Cole was 34 years old and leaves relatives in Jersey City. He has no children.

DEAN FARRAR HURT

London, Feb. 16.—During a service in Canterbury cathedral yesterday Dean Farrar fell from a stall and sustained a bad scalp wound. He is, however, progressing favorably.

CROWN PRINCE SHOOK HAND OF ASSOCIATED PRESS MAN

By Associated Press.

Southampton, Feb. 16.—The Kron Prinz Wilhelm arrived this morning. Prince Henry's voyage to England was uneventful. The Kron Prinz Wilhelm proceeded slowly from Bremerhaven down the Weser under a cloudless sky and amid cheers from the people lining the shore. The prince and his suite walked upon the upper deck with some of the other passengers. Later Prince Henry proceeded to the bridge where he held a long conversation with the captain of the steamer and showed the greatest interest in all the details of the ship. The prince, with his suite appeared at dinner, occupying a table in an alcove of the general saloon.

During the meal the band played German and American airs. The prince's table naturally attracted the undivided attention, but Prince Henry did not seem to mind this. After dinner the prince spent an hour in the smoking room.

He was up early this morning, walking the deck. In the course of a conversation today he again expressed the pleasure he feels at visiting the United States and added:

"Why the last man I shook hands with on German ground was an American, the Berlin representative of the Associated Press."

At about half past ten this morning the Isle of Wight and the forts of Portsmouth were sighted. It was a day of glorious sunshine. With the band playing and with flags flying the steamer made her way up Southampton waters to the dock. Here the North German-Lloyd Steamship company, contrary to the desire of Prince Henry, had taken the most elaborate precautions. A special train from London, carrying passengers for Lord Kron Prinz Wilhelm arrived at Southampton at 11:30, but was not allowed to proceed to the dock until the steamship bearing Prince Henry had been made fast. At 9 o'clock the dock swarmed with policemen and detectives and the steamship tickets of the Southampton passengers were scrutinized repeatedly.

Prince Henry remained on the bridge of the steamer until the members of the German embassy at London, who came down here to welcome him, went on board. He then received them in his saloon.

The Kron Prinz Wilhelm sailed for Cherbourg at 2 o'clock this afternoon. Among her passengers are George and Allison Armour, Sir Charles Cust, Spencer Eddy, first secretary of the American legation at Constantinople and Miss Catherine Eddy, his sister and Mrs. Moreton Frewen, sister of Mrs. Cornwallis West.

By Associated Press.

Cherbourg, Feb. 16.—The Kron Prinz Wilhelm arrived in the roadstead at 8:40 o'clock this evening after a pleasant passage from Southampton. The weather was splendid and there was no wind. The steamer stayed here but a short time, during which the band played selections from various airs. The Kron Prinz Wilhelm resumed her journey for New York at 9 o'clock.

London, Feb. 16.—A message transmitted by the Marconi wireless system from the Kron Prinz Wilhelm when that steamer was 90 miles off the Lizard reported "All well, weather fine, sea smooth."

By Associated Press.

New York, Feb. 16.—The Kron Prinz Wilhelm to equal her best record, the time of which was five days, 15 hours and 46 minutes, made on December 2 last, should be sighted off Fire Island between 4 and 5 o'clock a. m., Saturday, February 22, and arrive at Sandy Hook lightship at a quarter of eight o'clock. If she should arrive at this time she would cover a-out 19 o'clock. This time, however, is approximate as the sailing time from Cherbourg is probably given from her departure in the harbor. Records are calculated from Cherbourg also. Her time of passing Cherbourg this would probably be half an hour later.

EMPERORS SENT WREATH TO HONOR MISS BEATRICE GOELET

By Associated Press.

New York, Feb. 16.—The mansion at [illegible] was the scene of a function today which [illegible] Prussia [illegible] the arrival of Countess [illegible] who, as stated, was [illegible] the emperor of Germany [illegible] Kaiser William II. [illegible] the Hohenzollern [illegible] Goelet [illegible] Miss Beatrice Goelet [illegible] Mrs. Harriet Warren Goelet, who died [illegible] pneumonia. The wreath was quite large and was bound with rose white silk ribbon, the streamers of which were trimmed with gold and bore the monogram of the kaiser and the imperial crest. The wreath was delivered at the Hohenzollern at 11 o'clock and a few minutes later Admiral von Baudissin, in full uniform, accompanied by his aide, Captain von Oaten also in uniform, left for the Goelet home in Fifth avenue. The wreath was left at the residence and later carried to Woodlawn cemetery and placed on the tomb by two members of the Goelet family without any ceremony.

While the admiral was away from the Hohenzollern, Captain von Hollben and Lieutenants Rebensburg and Zeidensticker were entertained at the German club house in Hoboken.

The United German societies' committee for the reception of Prince Henry met today. The plan of program and the order of march as decided on Friday were adopted. It was also decided to present to Prince Henry a beautiful silver album, hand painted with the picture of the prince on the cover. The album will contain the autographs of all the committeemen and of the presidents of all the organizations composing the United German societies. This is in addition to the engrossed addresses enclosed in a silver casket which the societies will present to the prince.

The committee decided that the parade would take place on the evening of February 26.

SPANIARDS WILL SOON [illegible] PEACE TREATY

By Associated Press.

Madrid, Feb. 16.—The queen regent will sign the treaty of friendship with the United States. Gonera Weyler, minister of war, will submit in the cortes a proposal to reduce the Spanish army by four army corps.

MEXICO CITY STIRRED BY EARTHQUAKE

By Associated Press.

Chihuahua, State of Guerrera, Mexico, Feb. 16.—Great alarm prevails here over the discovery of seven smoking craters in the mountains between this city and Chihuahua from which smoke is issuing, being feared that the city is in danger of a greater peril than that recently experienced. The terror of the inhabitants was added to by an earthquake that occurred between 12 and 1 o'clock this morning which was severe enough to wake people from slumber.

BULGARIANS PLAN A SPRING RISING

By Associated Press.

London, Feb. 17.—Cabling from Constantinople, the correspondent of the Daily Chronicle declares the Bulgarians are planning a rising in Macedonia during the coming spring and that they are endeavoring to persuade the Greeks to join them.

ANNIVERSARY OF THE SLOWING UP OF MAINE

By Associated Press.

New Britain, Conn., Feb. 16.—Services under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A. were held in this city today in observance of the anniversary of the blowing up of the Maine in Havana harbor.

Captain Raymond P. Rodgers was the principal speaker. He said the United States should be the peace arbitrator for the whole world and he was of the opinion that this country was in a position to prevent wars between foreign nations and should do so.

ONE HALF OF THE [illegible] TWINS DIED

By Associated Press.

Paris, Feb. 16.—The Bamboo twin named Dorsica which was separated from Radica by an operation February 9, died suddenly this morning in convulsions due to the advanced stage of the tuberculosis from which she suffered.

The twins appeared to improve during last week and passed their time playing happily. The death of Dorsica has been kept from Radica, who is making excellent progress.

DIAMOND SPECIAL IN COLLISION

By Associated Press.

Chicago, Feb. 16.—Two persons met death and five were injured today in a rear-end collision near Lake between the "Diamond special" of the Illinois Central road and a freight train. The collision was remarkable in that the fast passenger was ahead of the freight and that both trains were moving.

The dead:

L. E. BURNS, fireman on freight.

FRANK MINTYRE, brakeman on freight.

Injured—C. W. Castles, conductor, [illegible] injuries and two ribs fractured, also hurt about chest; Jack Dean, 11 years old, son of Assistant Superintendent Dean of the Pullman company, severe cut on head; Louis Donnelly, Chicago, cut about face and scalp; A. M. Dearborn, Chicago, foot bruised; [illegible] Bacon, Pullman porter, at Chicago, cut head, also injured internally.

The Diamond special, which moves at a rate of [illegible] miles an hour, was the freight crashed into the rear coaches. In spite the passenger coaches were well filled, [illegible] with the Bromo [illegible] Mardi Gras. The engineer on the freight engine [illegible] the train to stop a mile or two [illegible] the station.

MISS JANE ADDAMS' WORK IN THE SERVICE OF MANKIND

By Associated Press.

Washington, Feb. 16.—Religious services at the First Presbyterian church under the auspices of the Woman's Suffrage association were attended by many of the members this afternoon. They were conducted by Rev. Anna Garlin Spencer of Providence, R. I., assisted by Rev. Olympia Brown of Wisconsin and Rev. Anna H. Shaw of Philadelphia. The sermon was preached by Rev. Spencer.

Tonight at a conference at the Riggs house the general subject of how many conservative church women could be reached was discussed. The conference was conducted by Laura De Force Gordon of Maine and the speakers included Mrs. Sarah M. Perkins, of Ohio; Miss Laura Clay, of Kentucky; Rev. Anna H. Shaw; Mr. Thomas and Miss Reede, of Maine; Prof. Jeremiah O. Ammons, of Colorado, and Mrs. Clara Lewick Colby, of Washington, D. C.

MUSICALE GIVEN AT "THE NAPLES"

Mrs. F. H. Morman gave a musicale at "The Naples," No. 22 North Cascade avenue, last night. Among those present were Miss Wiley, Miss Hartzell, Mr. and Mrs. Brandies, Dr. F. S. McKay, Mr. Fraser, Mr. Kuhns, Mr. James D. Marston and Mr. Gill.

Music was furnished by the Alta Vista orchestra, Mr. Morgan sang.

TRAINS TO DENVER.

Colorado [illegible]

City ticket office, 102 North Tejon st. Phone 5.

Ruffled Curtains

Just received a new line of White Swiss Ruffled Cottage Curtains—plain, figured and fancy drawn stripes—at

75c, $1.[illegible] & $1.39 pair

Two Special Values in English Bobbinet Ruffled Curtains—trimmed with lace and insertion—at

$2.50 & $3.98 pair

[illegible]
EVERYTHING FOR EVERYBODY

CRIPPLE CREEK NEWS NOTES

Successful Coursing Meet at Gillett—State Conference of Charities and Corrections.

Cripple Creek Bureau
Colorado Springs Gazette

Cripple Creek, Feb. 16.—Fleet-footed greyhounds and speedy Kansas jack rabbits made good sport at the coursing meet held at Sportsmen's park, Gillett, this afternoon. The weather was fine except during the latter part of the afternoon, when a cool breeze made it rather disagreeable for the 300 spectators who witnessed the sport.

In the main events of the afternoon Best Bargain, owned by Marshal Higgins of Denver, captured the stakes after running a very close final with Mountain Lion, owned by Pascal Poe of Pueblo. The puppy stake was won by Pascal Poe's Grafton. In the all aged events Stratton beat Silver Knight, Baroness Beatrice beat Bold Barbarian, Best Bargain beat Best Brand, Corbett beat Patsy Grier and Mountain Lion beat Lady Bug.

In the next course, which was the longest of the afternoon, Stratton beat Baroness Beatrice. The rabbits eluded the dogs for several minutes, and made the circuit of the track twice. In the next course the slips worked imperfectly and Corbett, the Colorado Springs dog, owned by Joe Kenyon, was started fully four lengths behind Best Bargain. It was a short course and Best Bargain won. Mountain Lion and Lady Bug ran a bye with no decision. Mountain Lion beat Stratton, and in the final Best Bargain won over Mountain Lion by one point, in the prettiest course yet seen in the camp. Quite a little money changed hands on the event during the afternoon, but the betting was especially heavy in this final. In the puppy stake, Grafton beat Gloria, Lynx beat B. O. S., and Grafton beat Lynx. Several matches were run between the different courses. Sharbaro's Abe twice beat James Hanley's Third Ward, Vidler's Vagabond beat Sharbaro's Handy Andy, but the rabbit had a walkaway and went to cover. Gaffney's Blue, the Altman dog, won from Martine's Sox-alexis. Sam W. Vidler was judge and Joseph Donahue clerk of the course. The sport ended about 5 o'clock and one of the disagreeable features of the afternoon was a wait from 5:30 o'clock until 7 o'clock for a Midland Terminal train for Cripple Creek. The owners of greyhounds in the district, together with the visitors, tonight practically arranged for a coursing meet to be held at Pueblo in the near future.

The seventh state conference of Charities and Corrections will convene in this city on Tuesday, February 18. The business meeting of the conference will be held in the afternoon of that day. A mass meeting will be held in the evening at which time the desirability of the creation of an Associated Charities organization for the Cripple Creek district will be discussed. County Commissioner E. W. Pfeiffer, superintendent of the poor, has issued an invitation to the lodges of the district to be represented at the meetings of the conference, and he also invites their co-operation in the work to be undertaken. Able speakers and persons of experience in this work will be present at the meetings to deliver addresses.

John Webb, aged 39 years, died of pneumonia last night at his home, 708 Salina street. Deceased leaves a wife and seven children. He was a member of Miners union No. 40, and the body will be shipped to Denver tomorrow for burial.

SELECTED A SITE FOR NEW SMELTER

Special to the Gazette.

Grand Junction, Feb. 16.—The site for the new smelter was selected yesterday by James V. Howard. A 40-acre tract of land about one mile northwest of the city was chosen. A spur railroad track will be built at once and the material for foundation will be on the ground as soon as the track can be completed. Mr. Howard left tonight for Denver to contract for material and arrange for freight rates.

TRINIDAD

Trinidad, Feb. 16.—There was a largely attended meeting of the taxpayers of the city held at the court house last night. The assessed value of the county has been raised from $6,500,000 to $15,000,000. The present assessment is considered to be the most unreasonable, bungling and blundering assessment ever made. The treasurer reported that he had issued 730 receipts and collected $17,000 of the 1901 tax. Senator Barela was present and reported his doings in the legislature. He stated that he was opposed to the Buckin bill amendment and had voted against it in the regular session. A resolution was adopted indorsing the senator's position.

Trinidad editors have been especially honored this week. George E. Hosmer of the Advertiser, has been elected as a delegate to the National Editorial association to be held at Little Rock, and Dan Stone of the News, will attend the banquet to be given to Prince Henry.

The Forbes Mercantile company has closed its Trinidad office and hereafter all of its business will be done through the Colorado Springs office.

Dr. John R. Wright of Illinois, has been appointed camp physician at Gray creek in place of Dr. Perry Jaffa who has resigned. Dr. Jaffa will continue his practice in this city.

J. Maldonado has been appointed postmaster at Maldonado, a new office two miles south of Gray creek.

C. D. Chamberlain died at his home in El Moro Monday morning at the age of 77, from pneumonia. At the time of his death he was postmaster at El Moro, where he was master mechanic of the D. & R. G. shops for many years in his younger days. He leaves a large family of children all grown. He was one of the oldest and best-known residents of the county.

The Elks have arranged for a four days' racing meet to be held at the fair grounds in May. They have raised $5,500 to be distributed in prizes. The races held here last year under the auspices of the Elks were the best ever held in the county. A very attractive program has been arranged.

The local recruiting station has been authorized to enlist colored men for the Ninth and Tenth cavalry.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Wills gave a valentine party to celebrate their sixth wedding anniversary. The evening was spent in recitations, music and cards. Their home was beautifully and tastefully decorated and a most enjoyable evening was passed.

Mrs. J. G. Northcutt entertained her friends at an elegantly appointed 5 o'clock dinner on valentine day. The decorations were carnations and the color scheme red and white. The favors were very pretty hand painted hearts. Miss Quisenberry recited and Mrs. Posted, a sister of the hostess, gave several instrumental solos.

Mrs. T. A. Pierce entertained the Priscilla club on valentine day in honor of her birthday. The entertainment was in the nature of a valentine party. The guests were given 30 minutes in which to write a valentine. Mrs. Dr. White secured the prize for the one which was considered the most original. Dainty refreshments were served.

INDIAN ATTACK ON CASTRO REPULSED

By Associated Press.

Panama, Feb. 16.—A government soldier who was a prisoner in the camp of the Liberal General Herrera, made his escape and arrived here yesterday. He reports that last week an Indian chief named Lorenzo attacked the government forces of General Castro at Agua Herrera. Lorenzo made another attack on Castro's forces and was again repulsed. The government gunboat steamed from here this morning on the lookout for the Nicaragua gunboat Momotombo which is believed to be bringing coal, provisions and ammunition to the Liberals.

RICKETY CHILDREN.

Loose joints, bow legs, big head, and soft bones—mean rickets. It is a typical disease for the best workings of Scott's Emulsion.

For the weak bones Scott's Emulsion supplies those powerful tonics the hypophosphites. For the loss of flesh Scott's Emulsion provides the nourishing cod-liver oil.

Scott's Emulsion corrects the effects of imperfect nourishment and brings rapid improvement in every way to rickety children.

Send for Free Sample.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, 409 Pearl St., N. Y.

THRILLING ESCAPE FROM CANNIBALS

By Associated Press.

Paris, Feb. 16.—La Patrie today publishes a letter received from its correspondent, M. Rouyer, a survivor of the massacre of a French scientific mission by cannibals at Sileraka, New Guinea, January 1. M. Rouyer relates that the yacht Salvatti with the mission on board had anchored off the coast of New Guinea and that several of the explorers landed. After an apparently friendly reception from the natives the latter treacherously attacked them during the night, murdering 25 of the party, including Baron Villars and Mm. Hagenback and Vries and wounding 33, including the writer of the letter, M. Rouyer, the chief of the mission and another Frenchman named Reimer.

M. Rouyer writes:

We were sleeping peacefully when there was a great uproar and we were attacked by hundreds of natives carrying torches and several of us were felled to the ground with clubs and spears. Others were overpowered, carried away and bound to trees. I was among this number. I received a blow on the head from a club and fainted. When I recovered consciousness at 5 o'clock in the morning I found myself tied hand and foot and surrounded by savages who, believing me to be dead were keeping me for themselves.

I saw the body of Baron Villars near me bound to a tree. His body was naked, his head had been split open, his eyes had been gouged out and his groin was horribly mutilated. The Count Saint Romy had been decapitated and his head stuck on the end of a spear as a trophy. M. Hagenback was spitted on a bamboo and was being roasted over a fire. The savages were about to cut him up. I waited my fate. I was afraid to move. My head hurt me dreadfully. All around me the ground was strewn with corpses.

"Suddenly a great clamor arose, followed by a fusilade. I opened my eyes and saw Dr. Forter and the remainder of the mission from the yacht firing on the cannibals. I shouted and the rescuers ran to me and cut the bonds which bound me to the tree. The cannibals fled, leaving 32 dead. The clothes of M. Vreis were found but his body was missing. He had evidently been devoured by the savages during the night."

MRS. DEWET SHOWS HUSBAND'S SPIRIT

By Associated Press.

Durban, Feb. 16.—Mrs. Dewet in an interview held at the Maritzburg concentration camp, said that two of her sons were still fighting with their father. She regretted that the government had not permitted her to communicate with her husband and said she was certain he would never surrender. Mrs. Dewet declared she would rather see her husband die than submit.

YOUNG ROOSEVELT STILL IMPROVING

By Associated Press.

Groton, Mass., Dec. 16.—The three sick boys in the Groton school infirmary had a very quiet Sunday and from a medical point of view a satisfactory one. Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., continued to show much improvement.

Mrs. Roosevelt spent the greater portion of the day at the infirmary with her son and did not leave for the Gardner house until late in the afternoon. Miss Alice Roosevelt went for a ride in the morning.

Mrs. James Roosevelt, an aunt, arrived here last night.

HOPE FOR RECOVERY OF COUNT TOLSTOI

By Associated Press.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 16.—Count Tolstoi's temperature is at 100, while his pulse is 84. He is very weak, but is bearing up well. It is still hoped that he may recover.

Lace Curtain Sale

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$6.00 Real Brussels Lace Curtains for	$4.5[illegible]
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$4.50 Renaissance Lace Curtains for	$3.5[illegible]

BALANCE OF ALL OUR

RUFFLED CURTAINS

at practically your own price to effect clearance.

Our Lace Curtains are all new, of latest designs, and have more style to the square inch than you will find elsewhere to the whole curtain.

BITTER FIGHT IS PROBABLE

State Assembly Over Mining Section of the Revenue Bill.

LUBERS'S STRONG ARGUMENT

In Favor of Increase Causes Postponement of Consideration—Whitelaw on Daniels' Record.

Special to the Gazette.

Denver, Feb. 16.—The third week of the extra session ended last night and still no one can tell when it will close sine die. During the week just closed interest has centered around the house, the senate merely meeting and adjourning. The latter body is waiting for the house to complete its labors on the revenue measure. The work of the house on that bill has proceeded as slowly as it did last year. Every section is being closely scrutinized and the fights over particular features are seemingly as bitter as they were one year ago.

The most important change, so far, was the killing of those sections which provided a system of fees for filing suits in the courts. This one section would bring in over $28,000 annually. The fight over the state board of assessors has been fought once and won by the friends of the assessors, but the opposers to that assessing power are again claiming that they will change that section to read "state board of equalization" before the week is ended.

The section that promises the bitterest fight for the coming week is the mining section. Representative Lubers made one of the ablest arguments yet heard on the floor of the house last Thursday for an increased valuation on mining property. When he had finished the mining men were afraid to continue the debate, so it was decided by them to allow that section of the bill to lie over until some time this week. The reason for this was two-fold; first, to prepare an answer to his argument, and, second, to allow his remarks to lose their force. The agricultural men are claiming that they will succeed in changing the bill so that mines will be valued at one-half their gross output instead of one-fourth.

The question of flat tax has been before a sub-committee for 48 hours and the committee is not yet ready to report. Already over one dozen amendments have been submitted to the subcommittee for its consideration. One of the amendments exempts insurance companies from paying this class of taxes. The reason is because the national laws are such that a flat tax will work a greater privation upon a local insurance company than it will upon a foreign corporation. A local company must pay taxes upon its entire capitalization while a foreign company can only be required to pay upon the amount of the bond they are under in this country. This bond is required by the national government and is subject to change according to the volume of business transacted in this country.

With the mining and flat tax features settled the house will have practically completed the second reading of the bill. It is hoped to send it to the senate the latter part of the coming week. The most important feature for the coming week will be the introduction tomorrow morning by Speaker Montgomery of the bill to collect the corporation taxes for 1901. The bill, which was exclusively outlined in today's Gazette is such a departure from ordinary legislation that its progress and enforcement, should it become a law, will be watched with the keenest interest.

Representative J. T. Whitelaw has sent the following letter to President Roosevelt regarding the character of Benjamin F. Daniels, who was recently appointed to a marshalship in Arizona by President Roosevelt and whose character has been attacked by certain newspapers:

"His Excellency, Theodore Roosevelt, President of the United States, Washington, D. C.

"Sir:—In view of the apparent effort by a good many of the enemies of Benjamin F. Daniels to malign his character to yourself, I, who have known him for a number of years, desire to write briefly concerning the matter. In the early days Daniels came to Dodge City, Kansas, and lived there for some years. I was a practicing attorney in Dodge City during all the time of Daniels' residence there and knew him quite well personally. While there, in '84, I think was the exact date, he killed a rival business man by the name of Cuban. He was promptly arrested, tried and acquitted by the [illegible] on the [illegible]. W. Any and myself defended Daniels and there was no doubt in the mind of anyone that he acted wholly in self-defense.

"During the years of his residence there he was marshal of [illegible] Dodge City, [illegible] and was [illegible] other officers. [illegible] I have not seen Mr. Daniels for years [illegible] he was a [illegible] being a [illegible] in Dodge City [illegible] in Kansas [illegible] years [illegible] occasionally a lot of the time, as did any number of Republican residents of Dodge City. Mr. Ady, who assisted me in the defense of Mr. Daniels, was a few years afterwards a prominent candidate for senator from the state of Kansas and was the author of the railroad commission bill.

"I never heard during the entire time of my acquaintance with him, or since, until his appointment to office by yourself, that Mr. Daniels was ever in the penitentiary of Wyoming or elsewhere. His life there was wholly a public one and if there was ever any intimation whatever of any crookedness in Mr. Daniels it never reached my ears.

"I write this, Mr. President, only that you may know the truth concerning the life of Mr. Daniels in Dodge City, Kas.

"At present I am a member of the house of representatives of the state of Colorado. Yours respectfully,

"J. T. Whitelaw."

WESTERN CAYUSES FOR SOUTH AFRICA

By Associated Press.

Salt Lake, Feb. 16.—Three thousand western horses, known as cayuses, gathered from the ranges of the intermountain states, are to be shipped to South Africa for use in the British army. The animals were purchased by agents of the British army, who have been scouring the country for weeks, and have been concentrated in corrals in this city and Grand Junction, Colo. The first shipment was made from here today, a train load being sent direct to New Orleans over the Rio Grande and Missouri Pacific. Shipments will be made daily until the entire lot is disposed of.

BOERS LED INTO TRAP OF DEATH

By Associated Press.

Pretoria, Feb. 16.—One hundred and fifty mounted infantrymen, while patrolling the Klip river, south of Johannesburg, February 12, surrounded a farm house where they suspected Boers were in hiding. A single Boer broke away from the house and the British started to pursue him. The Boer climbed a kopje, the British following immediately, a heavy fire was opened upon them from three sides. The British found themselves in a trap and in a position where they were unable to make any defense. Eight of the British officers made a gallant effort and defended the ridge with carbines and revolvers until they were overpowered. The British had two officers and ten men killed and several officers and 40 men wounded before the force was able to fall back under cover of a block house.

London, Feb. 17.—Lord Kitchener in addition to reporting the Klip river affair, says:

"A party from the South African constabulary line on the Watervale river encountered February 10 a superior force of the enemy near Vantondorsbek and was driven back with loss."

STEAMERS COLLIDED.

By Associated Press.

Liverpool, Feb. 16.—The Furness-Allan line steamer Dalton Hall, Captain Gordon, bound for St. Johns, N. F., and Halifax, N. S., from this port, was in collision at the mouth of the Mersey with the steamers Marpessa and Sutherland, both of this port. The Dalton Hall was cut down to her bilge on the starboard side and had to be beached off Seaforth. The damage to the other steamers has not yet been ascertained.

BORCHGREVINK IN NEW YORK.

By Associated Press.

New York, Feb. 16.—Charles E. Borchgrevink, the Antarctic explorer, arrived in New York today on the steamship Etruria. Tonight he told in an interview of how in 1899 he and a party of scientists had reached the 78th degree, 50 minutes, south latitude, about 800 miles from the south pole and the most extreme southern point that any man has ever reached.

Something That Will Do You Good.

(From the Camden, S. C., Messenger.)

We know of no way in which we can be of more service to our readers than to tell them of something that will be of real good to them. For this reason we want to acquaint them with what we consider one of the very best remedies on the market for coughs, colds, and that alarming complaint, croup. We refer to Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. We have used it with such good results in our family so long that it has become a household necessity. By its prompt use we haven't any doubt but that it has time and again prevented croup. The testimony is given upon our own experience, and we suggest that our readers, especially those who have small children, always keep it in their homes as a safeguard against croup. Sold by all druggists.

Excursion Rates

To all southern and southeastern tourist points; also Ft. Worth, Texas, via Rock Island route. Full particulars at City Ticket Office, No. 2 Pike's Peak avenue. 'Phone 78. W. W. Wood, general agent passenger department.

$5.50 One Way, $6.00 Round Trip, 5-day limit to Cripple Creek via Colorado Midland Railway.

Don't Blame the Doctors

If you make a mistake and have their prescriptions compounded at the wrong store. Fresh drugs and absolute accuracy in compounding are the two great essentials in putting up prescriptions. We guarantee both. Our

Examines . . . Prescriptions

as we want the public want. They are compounded by one qualified pharmacist and checked and O. K.'d by another. This explains why our business in the prescription department grows so rapidly. Try us.

Robinson-Armstrong Drug Co.

HIS STOMACH IS WRONG NOT THE DOG.

This Man is Putting All the Force of Dyspepsia into His Kick of a Dog Which Simply Happened to Get in His Way.

Good digestion doesn't do much kicking. It doesn't see all the little troublesome things in the way of a morning walk. When you feel like kicking—just in general or any one thing especially—take one of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, soon a yellow dog will not annoy you nor any of the business or social cares of the day.

That the condition of the digestive organs has a marked effect upon the character or disposition is a truism as old as the hills. Old Ben Johnson wisely said "the pleasure of living depends upon the liver," and it is a fact which none may dispute that a sunny disposition more often results from a healthy digestion than from any other cause.

A man of large affairs in one of our prominent eastern cities by too close attention to business, too little exercise and too many club dinners, finally began to pay nature's tax levied in the form of chronic stomach trouble; the failure of his digestion brought about a nervous irritability making it impossible to apply himself to his daily business and finally deranging the kidneys and heart.

In his own words he says: "I consulted one physician after another and each one seemed to understand my case, but all the same they each failed to bring about the return of my former digestion, appetite and vigor. For two years I went from pillar to post, from one sanitarium to another, I gave up smoking, I quit coffee and even renounced my daily glass or two of beer, but without any marked improvement.

"Friends had often advised me to try a well-known proprietary medicine, Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, and I had often perused the newspaper advertisements of the remedy but never took any stock in advertised medicines, nor could believe a 50-cent patent medicine could touch my case.

"To make a long story short I finally bought a couple of packages at the nearest drug store and took two or three tablets after each meal and occasionally a tablet between meals, when I felt any feeling of nausea or discomfort.

"I was surprised at the end of the first week to note a marked improvement in my appetite and general health and before the two packages were gone I was certain that Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets were going to cure me completely and they did not disappoint me. I can eat and sleep and enjoy my coffee and cigar and no one would suppose I had ever known the horrors of dyspepsia.

"Out of friendly curiosity I wrote to the proprietors of the remedy asking for information as to what the tablets contained and they replied that the principal ingredients were aseptic pepsin (government test) malt diastase and other natural digestives, which digest food regardless of the condition of the stomach."

Dr. Jennison, in an interesting article on indigestion and dyspepsia says: "Nine-tenths of all people who apply to me for advice and treatment think they have this ailment or that ailment, but I find on close examination that their whole trouble arises from poor digestion."

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are a discovery of great value to the medical profession and the public. They are an unfailing specific in all cases of dyspepsia and disordered digestion.

Almost everybody's digestion is disordered more or less, and the commonest thing they do for it is to take some one of the many so-called blood purifiers, which in many cases are merely strong cathartics. Such things are not needed. If the organs are in a clogged condition they need only a little help and they will right themselves. Cathartics irritate the sensitive linings of the stomach and bowels and often do more harm than good.

Purging is not what is needed. The thing to do is to put the food in condition to be readily digested and assimilated. Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets do this perfectly. They partly digest what is eaten and give the stomach just the help it needs. They stimulate the secretion and excretion of the digestive fluids and relieve the congested condition of the glands and membranes. They put the whole digestive system in condition to do its work. When that is done you need take no more tablets, unless you eat what does not agree with you. Then take one or two tablets—give them needed help and you will have no trouble.

Dr. Julius Remmson on this subject says: "Nervous persons, people run down in health and of low vitality should eat meat and plenty of it. If the digestion is too feeble at first it may be easily corrected by the regular use of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets after each meal. Two of these excellent tablets taken after dinner will digest several thousand grains of meat, eggs or other animal food in three hours, and no matter how weak the stomach may be, no trouble will be experienced if a regular practice is made of using Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, because they supply the pepsin and diastase necessary to perfect digestion, and every form of indigestion will be overcome by their use.

That large class of people who come under the head of nervous dyspeptics should eat plenty of meat and insure its proper digestion by the daily use of a safe, harmless digestive medicine like Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets composed of the natural digestive principles, pepsin, diastase, fruit acids and salts, which actually perform the work of digestion. Cheap cathartic medicines masquerading under the name of dyspepsia cures are useless for indigestion as they have absolutely no effect upon the actual digestion of food.

Nervous, thin-blooded, run-down people should bear in mind that drugs and stimulants cannot furnish good blood, strong muscles and steady nerves; these come only from wholesome food, thoroughly digested; a 50-cent box of Stuart's Tablets taken after meals for a few weeks will do you more real good than drugs, stimulants and dieting combined.

Cuba's First President.

Thomas Estrada Palma is 66 years of age. His father was a wealthy planter in the easternmost province of Cuba, and the son was well educated in Cuba and Spain, and became a lawyer, with a view not so much to the practice of his profession as to the better management of the affairs of a large estate. His patriotic sympathies led him to active service in the ten years' struggle for independence which began in 1868 and ended in 1878, and early in that period he became a general in the insurgent army. Toward the end of the war, he became the president of the provisional government, a position which at least indicates the confidence in which he was held by the Cuban people. He was made a prisoner, taken to Spain, at the risk of his life refused to swear allegiance, witnessed, in consequence the confiscation of his estates, and some time after the final termination of the struggle regained his personal liberty, at the loss, however, of his Cuban property and home. When he goes to Cuba, two or three months hence, to assume the duties and high honors of the presidency, it will be after an absence of 24 years.

After his release at the end of the Ten Years' war, Palma traveled in Spanish-American countries, and settled in Honduras, where he married the daughter of the president of that republic and became postmaster general. Subsequently he came with his wife and little child to New York, and saw an opportunity to establish a school for young people from the Spanish-American countries. His institute was located in the little town of Central Valley, in Orange county, N. Y., some 40 miles from the metropolis. He has now lived in Central Valley for 18 years, and his six children, five of whom were born there, have known no other home.—(From "A New Republic and Its President," in the American Monthly Review of Reviews for February.

To Young Women Who Want to Sing in Opera.

I am frequently asked: "If a girl should come to you for advice, before beginning to study for opera, what would you tell her?"

I am asked that question by apparently sane people who would laugh at me scornfully and justly, if I were to say to them: "Your plants—they look very well, indeed; all your varieties of ferns and palms and orchids and garden roses, and your trees and vegetables, look well. Tell me, what do you do to them to make them grow?"

They would tell me that one plant needs much sunshine, and another but a little; that one needs great care, and another seems to be let nearly alone, that this must be watered weekly, and another daily; that some varieties need [illegible] and others die because of [illegible]. Yet they say to me: "How do you and [illegible] to succeed [illegible] successful?" [illegible] her own road [illegible] Therefore, I can never say [illegible] road is for girls. But I can [illegible] it. There [illegible] that all [illegible] must have [illegible] who want to become [illegible] great natural [illegible] temperament—an [illegible] a secondary qualification [illegible] have to insure success; namely, intelligence, diligence, memory, a good master.

In writing this, I am laying down no "rules for a career," as they are absurdities to consider. Such rules are impossible of application and are never asked for by a girl who intends to win success at any cost. These four suggestions are merely hints to the girl who has ability and boundless determination. She will understand that what I am now saying to her insures nothing whatever, but will simply help her not to make certain mistakes in her work—mistakes that often take years from one's usefulness as a singer, and seriously, if not permanently, injure the voice.

I admit that the first qualification I have mentioned is difficult to recommend. It is embarrassing to say to any one, "Become intelligent;" but, to succeed in music, a girl must bring intelligence to her work. It is not sufficient that she be gifted and enthusiastic—that mistake is too often made, and the result is bitter disappointment after years of misdirected effort.—(Lilli Lehman in February Success.

DON'T FORGET

Last Two Days of Our Great Sale. Unheard of Bargains.

POLIN SUIT & CLOAK CO.,

[illegible] So. Tejon St.

Bilious Colic.

H. Seever, a carpenter and builder of Kenton, Tenn., was suffering intensely from an attack of bilious colic, sent to a nearby drug store for something to relieve him. The druggist sent him a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, three doses of which effected a permanent cure. This is the only remedy that can be depended upon in the most severe cases of colic and cholera morbus. Most druggists know this and recommend it when such a medicine is called for. For sale by all druggists.

$5.50 One Way, $6.00 Round Trip, 5-day limit to Cripple Creek via Colorado Midland Railway.

Fine Furnishings

For Men, Women and Children.

C. E. Evans & Co.

[illegible] and [illegible] Tejon [illegible]

It probably comes to every thoughtful person at times that there are plenty of common, mediocre people, and that it one determines to, he or she can press to the front, pass the crowd, and win position, fame and gold. It is largely a matter of determination and health. Many a determined character with brilliant possibilities, is held back by ill health. Some find that bright, keen thoughts refuse to come to their brains, and wonder why.

The kind of brain work that makes successful professional men makes heavy draughts on the filling of the minute nerve cells of the body, said filling being composed of a grayish sort of material which must be replaced day by day, or the brain and other parts of the body will not act properly.

Coffee is a hidden but powerful enemy to one's progress in life. Its subtle, narcotic poison weakens hearts, interferes with digestion and has a definite and destructive effect on the nervous system. People who are content to load themselves with impediments to progress, who refuse to supply body with food and drink of the kind needed to make up for the early disintegration of nerve and tissue, must stand aside in the race for pre-eminence.

The ones who are properly fed will surely win the laurels.

Postum Food Coffee furnishes the gluten and phosphates of grain needed by nature to nourish brain and nerves with food. It does not narcotize and tear down. It is frequently misjudged on first trial, because of improper preparation, but it will be found to be a most delicious beverage if, after boiling commences, it be allowed to continue boiling for 15 minutes. This is necessary to extract the food value and flavor.

There are those who are entirely careless as to what goes into the stomach, but the one who would make all his movements tend towards success and assured greatness, cannot afford to risk adulterated food or drink or even coffee.

Hills' Manual of Cripple Creek

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THE FUTURE OF COLORADO SPRINGS.

THE EVENTS of the past few months have served an excellent purpose in pointing out the lines along which this city may progress most rapidly and surely and best perform its mission among the sister communities of the state.

A few years ago anyone who had predicted that Colorado Springs would ever become anything more than a resort for pulmonary invalids and pleasure-seekers, would have been an object of ridicule. The discovery of the great gold mines at Cripple Creek put Colorado Springs in quite a different light before the world and the city quickly gained and steadfastly held its position as the center of Cripple Creek investment and speculation.

But for many months past the Gazette has been claiming that this city has a much larger mission in the development of the new west, and recent events have gone far to establish that position. Rich as Cripple Creek may be, and there is no reason to believe that the district has reached its maximum either in area or quantity of product, Colorado Springs is a really far too great to confine itself to any single county of the state. Within the past year the gold mining interests of Colorado Springs have shown a very extensive development throughout Colorado and outside of it.

Even more remarkable is the movement by which the investors and the promoters of Colorado Springs have branched out into other fields in which they have already achieved notable results. The men of this city were among the first to demonstrate their faith in the new and untried beet sugar industry and the factories at Grand Junction and Loveland are in part the fruit of their efforts.

When oil became the watchword of national speculation, Colorado Springs men were among the first to get on the ground at Beaumont, and some of the astonishing successes of that district must be placed to the credit of this city. A new opportunity came in the development of oil fields nearer home, and here again Colorado Springs men gave fresh proof of their ability to appreciate situations promptly and to take advantage of them. At Boulder, Debeque and elsewhere this city was prompt with enterprise and with capital to develop the newly disclosed natural resources.

Anyone who is familiar with local conditions will feel certain that Colorado Springs has a future as the great tourist and resort center of the Rocky Mountain region, and it has been one of the pleasantest developments of recent months that the city and its citizens seem to have undertaken seriously the work of development along these lines. But it is already evident that the activity and energy of our city will not be confined within such narrow limits. It has, in fact, already surpassed them, and it has already established itself as a center of capital and enterprise of first importance in the industrial development of the west.

THE GROUT BILL.

EASTERN papers with a desire to build up circulation in farming communities have been acclaiming the passage of the Grout bill by the house of representatives last week as a triumph of agricultural over manufacturing interests, a victory for the horny-handed son of toil who holds the plow against an insidious foe. The bill in its original form (and it was only slightly modified when passed) carried with it no such significance. Its passage was a triumph of a small coterie of eastern dairymen over the stock-raising interests of the country and, should the measure have the effect that its instigators hope for, the real sufferers will be a large class of defenseless consumers who are not otherwise parties to the controversy.

On its face a police measure to prevent fraud in the sale of a food product, the Grout bill was in reality designed to annihilate any competition with the butter-making industry. By its provisions the manufacture and sale of oleomargarine is hedged about with such restrictions as to practically destroy all chance of success. This has been clearly proved by the opponents of the bill and tacitly admitted by its supporters. All question as to the cleanliness or healthfulness of the product has long since been set at rest. It does not and cannot compete with the high-grade dairy butter but it is a satisfactory and cheap substitute for inferior butter, more palatable and more healthful.

Doubtless the manufacturers of oleomargarine have made a mistake and damaged their own interests by conniving with retailers who have disposed of the product as butter; it should have stood upon its own merits and would in time have overcome popular prejudice; but this fraud is not greater than what is accepted without protest in many other lines of trade. The more artificial coloring in itself is no more objectionable than the artificial coloring of butter or the ornamentation of any form of goods to make them more attractive to the eye. The absurd inconsistency and injustice of the bill was shown in two amendments, both of which were ruled out of order, one offered by Mr. Burleson of Texas proposing, in the language of the Grout bill, to impose a tax of 10 cents per pound on manufactured ice sold in imitation of the natural product, except where sold in blocks of one and two pounds and stamped "counterfeit ice;" and the other by Mr. Grosvenor to place a tax of 10 cents per pound on syrups in imitation of maple syrup.

But the final triumph of the butter interests was somewhat embittered by the amendments which were carried through, one providing that "nothing in this act shall be construed to forbid a state to permit the manufacture or sale of oleomargarine in any manner consistent with the laws of said state, provided that it is manufactured and sold entirely within the state," and the other providing for the inspection, under the department of labor, of manufactories where butter is renovated, and requiring that all renovated butter be stamped as such.

OIL AT COLORADO CITY.

THE MANAGERS of the Telluride Reduction works have done a good service to the public in calling attention to the prospective value of Colorado City as an oil field. It cannot be said that by bailing out the old Iris well any new development has been accomplished, or that anything new has been added to what has been public property for many years, and it is certain that we are still far from anything like a producing well or even an oil strike.

But the recent developments in the Florence field and the new discoveries at Boulder add somewhat to the probability of finding oil at Colorado City, and as the geology of the Colorado oil horizons becomes better known it is easier to estimate the conditions and the chances under which the search for oil must be prosecuted.

There is absolutely no reason whatever for any present excitement about the bailing out of the Iris well, and no foundation for the sensational stories usually current under such circumstances. There is good reason to believe that the oil shales will be tested near Colorado City by two or more wells of sufficient depth to leave no doubt of the result, and there is a very good chance that oil will be found in profitable amounts.

GRAND VALLEY DEVELOPMENT.

THE DEVELOPMENT of the oil fields at Debeque, Parachute and other points in the Grand river valley is likely to have important and far-reaching effects upon the general progress of the state. Some years ago the title "New Empire" came into general use as applied to Garfield county and the surrounding region. The name was an apt one as indicating the vast amount and variety of the natural resources packed together in northwestern Colorado. All that is necessary to make that country one of the most densely populated and wealthiest portions of the state is the introduction of sufficient population and capital to develop the natural possibilities of the region.

The discovery of oil at several points along the Grand river from Grand Junction east is important in itself, but the oil is only a torch which will draw the attention of many people to this region. Once interested, they will find that oil is only one of the many natural resources awaiting development, and that there are countless opportunities, business and investment, which offer certain promises of profitable returns. The oil discoveries will give an impetus to settlement in northwestern Colorado, but the results will be far greater than anything strictly limited to this industry, no matter how great the wealth of the oil field may prove to be.

The current number of the Denver Mecca contains the article on Colorado Springs that was written for the New Year Gazette by Mayor John R. Robinson. The article gives in an impressive way the facts and the reasons of the marvelous development of this city and the Gazette is glad to see it gain the widest possible publicity.

The Russian "Amen" to the Anglo-Japanese treaty is rather amusing, but none the less pleasing. It indicates that peace is assured in the east for some time to come, while the cause of territorial integrity and the open door, to which the United States is thoroughly committed, is safe.

BRITISH BARBARISM IN SOUTH AFRICA.

By Ambrose Bierce.

An English journal in condemning the barbarism in South Africa, says it can recall but three cases in two centuries when the system was adopted of laying waste a country, destroying all the crops, capturing all the cattle and burning the instruments of agriculture in order to secure victory. The first was the devastation of the Palatinate by Louis XIV, in the eighteenth century. Then came the wanton destruction by the Turks in Greece in the nineteenth century. So shocking was this that the principal powers in Europe interfered, destroyed the Turkish fleet at Navarino, and established the independence of Greece. The third instance was that of Spain in Cuba, in our own day, which finally led to the late war with that country and the expulsion of the Spanish flag from the western world.

My English contemporary has not evidently read in American history very deeply, or his memory is defective. During the progress of the revolutionary war Lord Cornwallis and other British generals did precisely what Roberts and Kitchener have been doing in South Africa. Towns were burned in New York and New England, Jersey, Pennsylvania, Maryland, and most of the southern states were ravaged by the British forces, wherever they were strong enough to do so. Not only that they made allies of the savage Indians and incited them to murder and rapine. It was within the rules of war to take property which was required for the support of the troops, but they did not confine themselves within that limitation; they gave to the flames all they could not take away with them or which they did not need.

Virginia in particular suffered heavily at the hands of Lord Cornwallis. According to the historians of that state, he trampled down the growing crops, burned the farm houses, barns and even fences that lay in his path. By his orders the throats of young cattle were cut and immense quantities of provisions, hay, tobacco, flour, corn, given to the torch. He made prisoners of the negro farm hands, marched them away to New York, so that the planters were unable to do their harvest work or to put new seed into the ground when the time came around.

Again, in the early part of the nineteenth century, what is the record of another British army on American soil? During the war of 1812, the city of Washington was captured. There was practically no resistance made to the entry into the city of the victorious troops, but notwithstanding that fact which under the rules of war should have saved it from wanton destruction, the capitol, the executive mansion, the war department and other public buildings were burned. The books in the library of congress shared in the general wreckage. The Goths and Huns who descended upon old Rome were more civilized, less barbarous than was that British army of ninety years ago. Napoleon the First was not an angel in war, but while he at one period or another held possession of every capital in Europe, not a public building was injured.

Some English writers and public men pretend to believe that there is an American precedent for the South African destruction. They point to Sheridan's raid in the valley of the Shenandoah and to Sherman's march to the sea. There is no parallel between the two cases. Sherman's expedition was for the purpose of cutting the Confederate States in two, and he only laid waste a few miles on each side of his advance. He did not attempt to starve a people into submission, but an army. The property he destroyed was principally cotton, on which confederate bonds were floated in England. All that he did was legitimate warfare. What the British are doing in South Africa cannot be dignified with that name.

An Irrigation Program for Congress.

During the past summer a number of leading public men in the west have conferred for the purpose of framing a wise measure aiming at the inauguration of the new national policy. They took as the basis of their discussions what is known as "the Newlands bill," introduced into the last congress by the representative from Nevada. This provides that all moneys received from the sale of arid lands (now amounting to about $1,000,000 a year) shall constitute a reclamation fund, to be apportioned among the several states and used for the construction of reservoirs and main canals for the irrigation of public lands. The measure limits the amount of land which may be taken by a single settler to a small farm, and fixes a price upon the property which would amply reimburse the government for its expenditures. It also provides that surplus water not required for public lands may be purchased by private owners.

Building upon the groundwork of "the Newlands bill," the practicable measure which can command the support of the most enlightened and disinterested public sentiment in the west and which is worthy to receive the confidence of the nation as a whole, would be framed on the following lines:

1. All arid public lands to be immediately withdrawn from settlement, pending the adoption of the new policy, with the exception of a few localities where water is already available from existing works.

2. A large annual appropriation—probably not less than $10,000,000—to be continued over a period of at least ten years. To limit the fund to the amount now received from the sale of arid lands would not give the policy a fair trial, though even with this sum a small beginning could be made.

3. Reservoirs to be constructed on the headwaters of streams commanding large areas of arid public land in Colorado, Wyoming, Montana, Idaho, Utah, Nevada, Washington, Oregon, California, New Mexico and Arizona. The large main canals through public lands should also be constructed by the government, leaving settlers to build their own systems of distributaries.

4. Land entries upon the irrigated public domain to be limited to 40 acres and permitted only to actual settlers who will agree to make certain improvements within a specified time. Subsequent transfers to be surrounded by all reasonable safeguards to prevent speculation and consolidation of small tracts into large estates. Land and accompanying water rights to be sold to settlers at $10 per acre payable in ten annual installments, with four per cent. interest on deferred payments.

5. Water in excess of the needs of public lands in any given locality to be sold to private owners at the price of $10 per acre.

6. A national commission of three members to be created, consisting of one representative each of the departments of agriculture, war and the interior. It would be the duty of this commission to consider and pass upon the engineering and economic character of all proposed works and to supervise their construction on behalf of the government.

7. Works to be built only in such states and territories as shall have provided an adequate system of local administration, assuring the just distribution of water on the basis of actual beneficial use, and attaching it inalienably to the land irrigated.—(From "Irrigation in the West," by William E. Smythe, in the American Monthly Review of Reviews for January.

State Aid in Highway Improvement.

We know that in Europe the cost of transportation over improved roads is only about seven to eight cents per ton per mile, or about one-third the average cost in this country. We also know that the annual cost of transportation in this country over the common roads is about $1,000,000,000. Two-thirds of this great sum could be saved by an improved system of highways. How can we get such a system? This is not an easy question to answer. The impoverished condition of the rural districts makes it difficult if not impossible for them to bear the entire burden of the cost of such improvement. In order to remedy this condition of affairs, we propose a system of state aid whereby the state shall bear at least one-half of the cost of improvement, the same to be paid out of a general fund. By taking this money out of a general fund, the concentrated population and wealth of the great cities are made to contribute their proportion of the cost, and at the same time the people in the rural districts are partially relieved of a burden that otherwise would be greater than they could bear. All corporations, as well as all natural persons, contribute to such a fund, and so help bear the burden of building good roads.

In addition to this, we propose that all prison labor shall be directed to the building of good roads or the preparation of materials to be used therefor.

There is a great army of prisoners now at all times in the United States whose labor would be of great value if directed to this work. At the present time, these prisoners add little or nothing to the common wealth; whereas, if their labor were properly directed along the lines suggested, a permanent addition of great value would be made each year. It is not necessary that these prisoners should be worked on one and the same way, if that is thought objectionable. They can be worked in inclosures, as they now are, only they should produce roadbuilding materials suitable for the permanent improvement of the highways, such as crushed stone for macadam roads or bricks for pavements. These materials can be transported cheaply to their destination, and laid upon the highways by free labor. This method will eliminate competition with free labor and also competition with manufactured articles of commerce. The work here proposed is not being done by free labor, and is not likely to be undertaken unless we bring every aid to our assistance so as to cheapen the cost. The manufacturers of commercial articles complain of the competition of prison-made goods; but there is no such thing as getting the proper building of roads too cheap. This is not a new proposition. Prisoners have often been employed at making roads and road-making materials ever since the children of Israel made "bricks without straw" in the land of Egypt.—(From "The Good Roads Movement," by Martin Dodge, in the American Monthly Review of Reviews for January.

Success of a Plucky Cuban.

In the province of Havana, after the departure of the Spanish army, a tobacco planter, named Gonzalez, found himself penniless, his family scattered, his plantation destroyed. He had been one of hundreds of victims. Leaving only the waste ground behind, he fled with his family to escape the further rage of the Spaniards.

Happy even to have life as his sole heritage of the conflict, Gonzalez set about rebuilding his fortunes. He managed to borrow $300 from a friend in Havana. He bought a pair of heavy boots, a few tools, a horse, and some tobacco plants. He made his way through a wilderness to his former home. There was nothing but a wild growth of weeds and heaps of fallen stones and charred timbers for a welcome; but, with energy born of necessity, he began his herculean task. He cleaned up a part of the ground and planted it. While he was giving nature (which is kind in Cuba) time to rest, he felled some large palm trees, meantime sleeping in the open air by night. After a while, he had built of the palm tree lumber a storehouse for his tobacco. He lived in a part of this house, where he dried the tobacco leaves and prepared them for market. At odd times, he did more clearing and more planting. In all this he was absolutely alone and unaided. He had not made a place for his family, his old laborers had died or were a part of reconcentrado populations, and there was little or no help to be had, even if he could have paid for it. So he toiled on with hope for his companion, as many like him were doing in various parts of the country.

The result of his pluck is to be seen today in a flourishing plantation, in the improvement of which he has spent $6,000, paid out of the receipts for this crop, which has also yielded enough for his living expenses, and has provided a home for his reunited family.—(Emilio Nunez, civil governor of Havana, in Success.

The Kite and the Airship.

The kite is the prototype from which the flying-machine will be developed. The modern idea is but the evolution of this toy, substituting a motor and propeller for the string. The problem is three-fold.

First—To get a surface strong enough to support say one pound per square foot.

Second—To get a surface which is stable.

Third—To get a surface which will offer so little resistance to forward motion that but little power is needed to drive it.

The first problem seems to be satisfactorily answered by the Blue Hill box kite construction. This kite, built in the form of a truss, is capable of standing a pressure of five pounds per square foot, and hardly any flying-machine would be required to stand such a pressure. Kites are held to the ground and thus feel a pressure equal to that of the actual velocity of the wind; but when a flying-machine leaves the ground and loses its first inertia, there exists for it but one wind and that is the wind of its own making. To illustrate: The resistance to the movement of a steamer is dependent upon its speed relative to the water in which it floats and is independent of whether it floats in a strong current or calm water. To fly in a wind which is moving over the earth at the rate of a hundred miles an hour involves no more pressure on the machine than if it was calm, and therefore the supporting surfaces need only be made strong enough to stand the pressure necessary to support the weight at the given ratio of surface to weight which in this case is one pound to one square foot. Since taut cloth [illegible] of standing a [illegible] of [illegible] pounds per square foot, [illegible] factor of safety is sufficiently great to prevent their collapse under [illegible] strain to which a flying-machine would [illegible] a [illegible].—[illegible]

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The Exchange National Bank,

OF COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO.

As made to the Comptroller of the Currency, December 10, 1901:

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts		[illegible],234,324.7[illegible]
United States Bonds		100,000.00
Due from U. S. Treasury		5,000.00
Bonds and Warrants	$ 466,175.16	
Cash and Due from Banks	1,236,645.33	1,702,820.49
		[illegible]3,04[illegible],845.20

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock	100,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits	107,297.07
Circulation	100,000.00
Deposits	2,734,548.13
	$3,04[illegible],845.20

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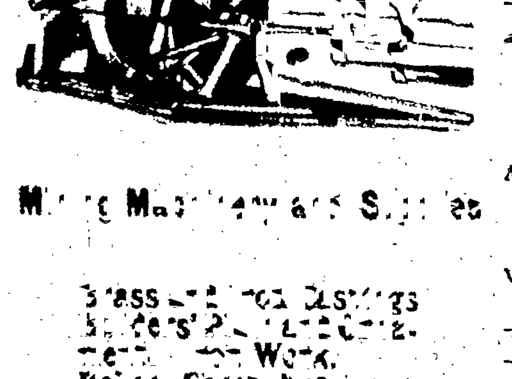

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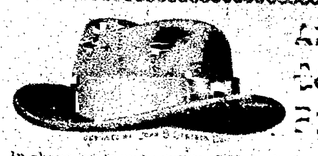

Are You Getting the Most For Your Money?

In shape, style and quality of Hat where you are accustomed to buying? If you are at all dissatisfied we would like to show you what all good merchants consider the very best there is to be had. A complete line of KNOX and STETSONS. SPRING STYLES.

Newest Hat Styles

No matter what Derby Block or Soft Hat shape you want, you can find it in OUR THREE DOLLAR LINE.

CALBRETH & BROWNS,
Clothiers and Furnishers
FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

HUNDREDS OF NEW HOUSES

Records of Water Department Show That 2,000 New Residences Have Been Built in Nine Months.

The heavy increase in the water collections show that the city is growing at a rapid rate.

From May 1 of last year until February 1 of this year, the total increase in the collection in the water department has been $34,268.19 over the corresponding months of the year before.

While a portion of the amount has been from back water rentals, the greater percentage has come from the increase made by the additional houses erected. The water department handles all the tapping business and this shows that nearly 1,000 new dwellings have been erected in the city during the last nine months.

The total water collections during the past year has been $126,883.68 as against $82,622.49 the year before. There is yet about $7,500 delinquent water rentals to be collected which will swell the amount just that much. From December 1 of last year to February 1 this year, there was collected $43,702.46. This is considered a remarkable showing, the receipts being double what they have ever been during the same period.

From the present indications the increase in the water rentals this year over those of last year will be from 25 to 40 per cent. The revenue to be derived from the large extensions made last year will not begin to come in until later this year.

Bailing Continued at the Iris Well

Crowds of curious people visited the old Iris gas well, on the property of the Telluride Reduction company, yesterday afternoon to watch the process of the bailing of water from the well. Every bailful of water showed the unmistakable presence of oil, but owing to the exaggerated reports that a big flow of oil had been struck, most of the people who visited the works yesterday were disappointed. All they could see was the pumping of water, which contained a small percentage of oil.

The well was remeasured yesterday, showing that the bore is 1,240 feet deep instead of 1,040 feet, as had been the estimate before. Below the 1,240-foot depth the well is filled with ashes to a depth of 2,200 feet.

Manager Fullerton, of the Telluride plant, said that water was bailed out yesterday to a depth of 900 feet, and that the well would probably be pumped dry by Tuesday evening. It is expected that a flow of gas will be encountered by that time.

Before the source of the oil is reached it will be necessary to drill out the ashes at the bottom of the well and then sink the shaft 200 or 300 feet deeper. There is every confidence that oil will be struck at a depth of 2,500 feet.

Mr. Fullerton secured a quart bottle full of water from the well yesterday, and after an hour or two, a half an inch or crude petroleum separated itself from the water. This oil is supposed to have oozed up through the ashes at the bottom of the well.

Plans Completed for Oratorical Contest

For the first time in six years Colorado Springs people will have the privilege of listening to an inter-collegiate oratorical contest, in which all the institutions for higher education in Colorado are to be represented. This contest will be held in Perkins auditorium next Friday night.

The institutions to be represented are Colorado college, Denver university and the State University of Boulder, each school having two representatives. According to the latest reports the orators from the out-of-town institutions will be accompanied by a large delegation of rooters who will help the Colorado college students make Perkins hall ring with their college yells. Denver university has already secured 52 people who intend to come and these augmented by the representatives from University of Colorado will charter a special train.

The University of Colorado will be represented by Messrs. Schey and Coans, Denver university by Messrs. Beckwith and Hunter, and Colorado college by Don Robinson and S. S. Packard. Besides the orations there will be music by the college orchestra, a special quartet and college songs by all the students while the judges are rendering their decision. The entire north side of the auditorium has been reserved for college students and their friends, while part of the seats on the south side will be put on sale to the people of this city, and another part will be reserved for the delegates from the sister institutions in the northern part of the state.

There will be two sets of judges, divided into sections A and B. The judges of section A will render judgment upon the thought and composition of the orations. They are Mr. W. R. Thomas of the Rocky Mountain News; Dr. B. O. Aylesworth, president of the Colorado Agricultural college, and Rev. Dr. David Utter of Denver. The judges in section B, who render judgment upon delivery, are Hon. W. N. Gabbert of the state supreme court, Rev. Dr. Wilcox of this city and Judge O. E. LeFevre of Denver.

Tickets for the contest may be obtained at Strangs and Coburn library. The admission price is 50 cents.

Miss Addams to Speak to Mass Meeting Today

A mass meeting will be held in Perkins Fine Arts hall today at 3 o'clock, under the auspices of the newly organized Colorado Springs Federation of Women.

Miss Jane Addams of Hull house, Chicago, Mrs. Sarah S. Decker and Mrs. Ellis Meredith of Denver, will be the speakers. Music will be arranged also and it is needless to state that the occasion will be a most notable and interesting one.

As the speakers will be occupied until the adjournment of the session of the state conference of Associated Charities and Corrections, the rather unseasonable hour of 3 o'clock is unavoidable. Still, no one can afford to miss so rare an opportunity and the hall will doubtless be filled to its utmost capacity.

While this meeting is free to all, it is, of course, planned especially for the women of the city.

COURT HOUSE WILL BE UNDER ROOF SOON

The work of erecting the steel supports for the roof of the new county court house will be begun this morning. It is also expected that the cornice for the roof will be put in place some time this week.

R. Stewart, of Durango, a member of the firm of Hughes & Stewart, subcontractors for the steel work on the building, was in Colorado Springs several days ago. Under his direction the work of preparing the steel supports for the roof for the building was begun. This morning some of these supports will be put in place.

As soon as the steel is in place Fred Engel, contractor for the tile roofing, will be able to carry out his contract. With the building under roof work on the interior will be rushed.

50 One Way, 90c Round Trip.
5-day limit to Cripple Creek via Colorado Midland Railway.

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You can't be too particular in your choice of a drug store. It is frequently of vast importance that it serve you quickly.
Speed and accuracy are combined in our Prescription Department.

The A. Lee Way Drug Ass'n.
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AMUSEMENTS

FREDERICK WARDE IN "THE MOUNTEBANK."

One of the strongest attractions to appear at the Opera house this season will be Mr. Frederick Warde in "The Mountebank" tomorrow evening. The company supporting Mr. Warde this season is undoubtedly the best he has ever had, and includes the greatest number of distinguished actors and actresses ever congregated in the support of an individual legitimate star. Mr. Charles D. Herman, who is the principal leading man, is an actor of rare experience and quality. His achievements include his performance of "Macbeth" with Madame Modjeska, also his excellent interpretations several seasons ago, when as the leading support of Frederick Warde-Louis James company, he appeared as Cassius in "Julius Caesar," Angelo in "The Lion's Mouth," Fuchs in "Francesca da Rimini," Edmund in "King Lear," and other important roles. The management were fortunate in securing Mr. Barry Johnstone for Mr. Warde as his leading juvenile actor. Mr. Johnstone was formerly with the Warde-Kidder-James combination and last season was leading support to Madame Helena Modjeska. His extensive experience in the classic plays particularly fits him for such parts as Iellius in "Virginius," Cassius in "Julius Caesar," and Edgar in "King Lear." The other gentlemen of this organization are particularly selected by Mr. Warde for their special fitness for their respective parts, and are all actors of fine appearance and ripe experience, a few of whom have been with Mr. Warde for years. The leading lady of an organization of this caliber is necessarily selected with the utmost care. Mr. Warde's management has been congratulated upon the choice of Miss Antoinette Ashton, a lithe and willowy young woman of handsome feature. Her achievements have been impressive thus far, and have been particularly identified with Mr. James O'Neill as Virginia in "Virginius," and as Juliet in Mr. William Owen's production of "Romeo and Juliet," and she has also had a valuable experience in stock work. Miss Ashton is one of the few leading women who are fortunate enough to combine great personal beauty with the dramatic ability. Another valuable member of this remarkable company is Virginia Drew Trescott, a strikingly handsome brunette and an actress of great force and power. Her most notable achievements have been in stock work and in the support of Mr. Lewis Morrison, with whom she won distinction as the queen in his celebrated product on of "Frederickk the Great." Not the least important of Mr. Warde's support is his charming daughter Miss May Warde, a young actress of undisputed talent as demonstrated by her clever and winsome performances of Marcella in "The Lion's Mouth," and Jessica in "The Merchant of Venice." Miss Warde's forte is comedy. Her acting is so full of ingenious spontaneity and sweetness that it lends an indescribable charm to every play in which she appears. Miss Aileen Bertelle, another member of the Frederick Warde combination, is a handsome young actress who was with Lewis Morrison for five years. She also had a stock experience of a number of weeks with the Castle Square company and played the leading roles with the Louis Mann-Clara Lipman company.

The Biennial Federation at Los Angeles.

The sixth biennial meeting of the General Federation of Women's clubs will be held in Los Angeles the first week in May.

Club women are wide awake women and many wide awake people are now turning their eyes towards California.

The thought of a visit to no other section of the United States could arouse the same delightful thrills of expectancy as are now agitating the hearts of thousands of women to whom a visit to California has been the one dream of life.

About the City of the Angels clings a flavor of the foreign, a subtle aroma of mystery and romance. Women love romance and pursue it. And they are not only experiencing pleasurable keen sensations; they are reaching out for a vast sea of practical information such as "How shall we go, how long may we stay, how much is it going to cost," and the old question—women's inevitable—since Eve took to leaves—"What shall we wear?"

While the women of the north, east and south and great middle west are anticipating, looking up routes, rates and guide books, the women of Los Angeles are making ready for their act of hospitality.

The Californian is bred to hospitality; his gates are always open, the visitor within. None other in the world feels so responsible for the weather, so apologetic over possible discomfort of guests, so absolutely self-laudatory over marvelous conditions which he has had no hand in making, as does the Californian. He demands—what is seldom withheld—a mead of enthusiastic appreciation for the wonderful pageant which he exhibits with a proprietory air—as if he had conjured it solely for your entertainment—and that granted, he is the prince of hosts.

The time selected for the biennial meeting—from May 1 to May 8—is particularly auspicious. The easterner associates May with apple blossoms and wild flowers, but in California these evidences of spring have by this time long passed away. The winter rains which deck foothills and canyon with wild bloom are well over and the full exuberance of summer is everywhere in evidence. May is the month of roses, of riotous garden growth, of fair cloudless days and balmy nights.

Los Angeles itself possesses a quaint charm and within its borders are found manifold attractions. As the metropolis of southern California, the center for 11 railroads, and over 200 miles of street railway system, parks, large and costly building blocks, palatial city and suburban residences, a cosmopolitan population of over 120,000, Los Angeles presents all the interests of any large city. Added to this are its tropical setting, its unique landmarks, its Mexican and Spanish quarters, Chinatown and environs, which afford endless surprises.

Within a half day's journey are mountain fastnesses of surpassing grandeur, the calm Pacific, the fairyland of that wonderful ocean isle, Santa Catalina; not far away is the Mission of San Gabriel, one of the oldest of those historic landmarks; canyons and arroyos are reached by highways leading through fruit orchards, orange groves and vineyards.

But the club women whose imagination is dwelling upon California's wonders and what she is going to see during the scant two months of the time limit which has been placed upon the reduced-rate, round-trip tickets, would best recall her geography. That there is a great misapprehension in regard to the magnificent distances in California among easterners is evidenced by a letter from a prominent club woman, who, in referring to possible pleasure excursions (which she terms "side trips") to be taken from Los Angeles—presumably in one of the two half days allotted by the program committee for sight seeing during biennial week—she suggested a visit to the "big trees."

It is well to remember that, although there is telephone communication, San Francisco is nearly 500 miles from Los Angeles and that it takes nearly as long to compass the distance as to go from New York to Chicago; also that the giant redwoods which attract visitors are more than 400 miles from the City of the Angels.

There are, however, many delightful side trips from Los Angeles. The use of special cars has already been tendered the biennial local board for officers and delegates for making some of these little journeys.

Prospective visitors are eagerly inquiring as to choice of routes and probably rates.

The transcontinental lines have decided upon a round-trip rate of $60 from Chicago, $47.50 from St. Louis; $45 from Kansas City, $40 from Denver. These tickets are good from April 22 to June 25, inclusive, and rates are open to all, whether delegates to the general federation or not.

Travelers, if they will determine upon the way they will return when purchasing their ticket, may come one route and return another. Each route has its own particular attractions and advantages, but the wise woman will choose the direct short line for the westward journey and the longer one for the return. As women are coming in special cars in groups of 200, an eight-day journey of sightseeing and discussion of convention matters with 199 other women would reduce all but the most polegmatic to a condition ill fitting them to enjoy the biennial meeting itself.

In regard to hotel accommodations, it should be borne in mind that Los Angeles is a tourist city; that the first week in May is given over to La Fiesta, a carnival corresponding to the Mardi Gras, which in itself attracts thousands of visitors. This will suggest to the thoughtful the necessity of early decisions in regard to coming and prompt application for accommodations. Following the precedent already established, only officers of the general federation, state presidents and those on the program will be entertained gratis.

First-class hotel accommodations may be had from $3 a day up, and no city in the world is better provided with lodging, rooming, boarding and light housekeeping rooms at comparatively moderate rates than Los Angeles.

Many questions have been asked in regard to the proper clothing which women should bring, and since the comfort and well being of the traveler frequently depends upon suitable dress, the subject is worthy consideration.

Even California's climate is not infallible and weather surprises are often in store, but such clothing as is usually worn in the spring and fall in New York, Boston and Chicago will be found suitable. A light-weight tailor suit, cotton waists, a silk or wool for cooler days, and a heavy wrap—which must by no means be forgotten—will insure perfect comfort. Umbrellas, storm coats and rubbers may be left at home with tolerable safety. As there will be functions of importance, an evening gown suitable for dinner or reception will be indispensable, but the woman who limits her luggage to a dress suit case and a grip will show wisdom.

Everything which can be bought anywhere can be bought in Los Angeles and as reasonably as in any eastern city, so that the woman who burdens herself only with what she believes to be absolutely necessary will spare herself much weariness and anxiety.

Letters descriptive of La Fiesta, special points of interest, news regarding biennial matters will be sent out weekly by the chairman of the press committee, giving such information as there seems to be need of as indicated by the hundreds of letters of inquiry now reaching Los Angeles.

Isabe Bates Winslow,
Margaret R. Sartor,
Chairman Local Press committee.

EXTREMELY LOW RATES TO CRIPPLE CREEK DISTRICT OVER THE SHORT LINE

Just now you may enjoy the rare scenic grandeur of the Short Line between Colorado Springs and Cripple Creek district at the low fare of 80 cents round trip. Trains leave Colorado Springs 10:37 a. m. and 4:30 p. m. This is an opportunity which should not be missed.

50 One Way, 90c Round Trip.
5-day limit to Cripple Creek via Colorado Midland Railway.

80 cents to Cripple Creek by the Colorado Midland railway.

We Engrave Everything But Faces.

The Stevens Photo-Engraving Co.
24 and 26 South Nevada Ave.

THE NEW BLOUSE EFFECT.

The very latest bodices show wide waistbands shaped into a rounded downward curve at the waist line in front instead of the sharp point so long worn. Above this the waist blouses front, back and sides. This model is of light blue silk with clusters of fine tucks and acings of velvet ribbon.

PERSONAL MENTION

Miss Vaughan of Denver, is at the Antlers.

M. B. Coll of Alamosa, is registered at the Antlers.

W. S. Nichols of Boulder, was in the city yesterday.

S. F. Smith of Pueblo, is registered at the Alta Vista.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Kimball of Golden, are registered at the Alamo.

Charles A. Johnson of Central City, was a visitor in Colorado Springs yesterday. He registered at the Alta Vista.

Among the people of Victor who registered at the Alamo yesterday were John L. Lemersy, Dennis Kelly and E. E. Cooper.

Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Loveland and Mrs. George J. Hoal of Denver, were in Colorado Springs yesterday. They registered at the Antlers.

A party of Denver people who stopped at the Antlers yesterday included Mrs. O. F. LeFevre, Mrs. Rodney Curtis and Mrs. George A. Bushnell.

Joseph H. Smith, warden of the state reformatory at Buena Vista, who is attending the state conference of charities and corrections, is stopping at the Alta Vista.

Ellis Meredith of Denver, is a delegate to the conference of charities and corrections now being held in this city and is the guest of Mrs. E. C. Adams, 27 E. Platte avenue.

The following visitors from Cripple Creek registered at the Alamo yesterday: E. W. Pfeffer, N. Gardner, L. W. Loth, W. J. Blake, E. S. Giles and Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Fitzgerald.

The following Denver people were at the Alamo yesterday: E. E. Miller, I. F. Peck, John R. Schermerhorn, Mrs. Schermerhorn, A. M. Smiley and F. E. Butler.

James F. O'Brien, who recently went to Boulder to open a brokerage office, has moved to Denver and is a member of a corporation which will operate in Boulder and the oil districts. Mrs. O'Brien and son joined him last week and the family is now living at No. 3533 West Twenty-third avenue.

WILL ADDRESS STUDENTS—Miss Jane Addams will address the students of Colorado college in Perkins hall at 9:20 o'clock this morning. She will talk of her work at Hull House, Chicago, and will answer any questions that may be made by the students, so that her explanation will be as complete as possible.

Home-Seeker Excursion Rates

To New Mexico, February 18, March 4, and 18, April 1 and 15, and May 6 and 20. One fare plus $2.00 for the round trip. Stop-overs allowed.

UNION PACIFIC SELECTED BY GOVERNMENT.

To carry the United States Overland Mail across the continent on account of its being the most direct and quickest line. Quickest time by over eight hours Denver to San Francisco and by over 10 hours Denver to Portland. Ticket office, 941 Seventeenth street.

Read the "Want" Ads.

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Dentist, El Paso Block. 'Phone 74, 3.

NO PLATES REQUIRED

Painless Extraction of Teeth
By the use of NITROUS OXIDE GAS or LAUGHING GAS
—OR—
VITALIZED AIR
Only 50 cents
We also administer all local anesthetics.
Free when Plates or Bridge Work ordered. If you desire modern and reliable methods consult us. Six years in Colorado Springs.

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Colorado Springs, Colo.

DRESS GOODS AND SILK BUYERS

are choosing liberally from these new lines.
36-inch covert, desirable mixtures 50c
36-inch Batiste, the line of shades 50c
45-inch Henrietta, new colorings 75c
42-inch Basket cloth, black only $1.00
52-inch Etamine, heavy mixtures $1.00
52-inch Venetian, plain colors and black $1.25
45-inch Vigoureux, shades of grey $1.00
46-inch Batiste, a dollar value 85c
54-inch double weight skirting cloth $1.50
Satin Foulards, new designs, at $1.00
Twilled Foulards, new designs, at 75c
Twilled Foulards, all new, at 75c
Crystal Wash Silks, white or colors 50c
Crystal Wash Silks, white only 75c
Pongee Silks, genuine Japanese $1.00
Pongee Silks, domestic make 65c
Plain Foulards, black or white $1.00
Colored Taffetas, double weight 85c

Good Lines of Corsets at Cut Prices.

25c a pair for large sizes in regular 75c and $1.00 goods.
50c a pair for P. D. corsets in grey and white. Usually $1.50 and $2.00.
$1.50 a pair for odd lines of Redfern corsets, formerly $4, $5 and $6.

SHOES REDUCED PRICES

After this sale you'll pay more money for shoes or else not get as good ones. Good shoes for all seasons are now selling as follows:

Ladies' $2.50 shoes are now $1.78, a saving to you of ..... 72c a pair
Ladies' $3.00 shoes are now $2.28, a saving to you of ..... 72c a pair
Ladies' $3.50 shoes are now $2.68, a saving to you of ..... 82c a pair
Ladies' $4.00 shoes are now $2.78, a saving to you of ..... $1.22 a pair
Ladies' $5.00 shoes are now $3.68, a saving to you of ..... $1.32 a pair
Child's $1.00 to $1.50 shoes are now 68c, saving you at least ..... 32c a pair
Child's $1.25 to $1.75 shoes are now 98c, saving you at least ..... 27c a pair
Misses' $2.00 to $2.50 shoes are now $1.38, saving you at least ..... 62c a pair
Little Gents' $1.50 shoes are now 88c, saving you at least ..... 62c a pair
Infants' 50c shoes are now 25c, saving you at least ..... 25c a pair
All strictly winter footwear at big reductions in prices.

Suits and Suits, Half Price

When we say "half price" we mean it. There are now about 100 suits and coats to close out and those who get them will save just one dollar for every dollar invested.
$8.50 is now the price of ladies' suits formerly selling at $17.00
$10.00 is now the price of ladies' suits formerly selling at $20.00
$12.50 is now the price of ladies' suits formerly selling at $25.00
$3.50 is now the price of ladies' suits formerly selling at $7.00
$5.00 is now the price of ladies' suits formerly selling at $10.00
$7.50 is now the price of ladies' suits formerly selling at $15.00
Better grades proportionately reduced in price. Children's dresses marked down.

The Johnson & Wilbur Mercantile Co.
8, 20, 22 and 24 Pike's Peak Avenue

Low Prices
Extension Cane Seat Chairs
This Style Rocker $5.50
Polished Oak or Mahogany finish. Saddle Seat. Some prices to move—
300 Cases Fine Library Tables
Elegant styles, in all new woods. Look at goods and ask for prices.
Children's Go-Carts
And Baby Carriages. A jewel of a variety—from $4.25 up. Whitney make.
FRED S. TUCKER,
MAMMOTH SALESROOMS. Elevator to All Floors

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FOR OVER 77 YEARS
The Standard of the World.
NO BETTER THAN EVER
Grands and Uprights
ALWAYS IN OUR STOCK.
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SADDLE AND SADDLE HORSE STABLES,
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Telephone 737-A.
Rear of No. 6 North Park Place.
Opposite The Antlers.

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CHICAGO, UNION PACIFIC AND NORTH-WESTERN LINE
The Train for the East is the Chicago Special.
Leaves Denver daily at 4 p. m. via Chicago-Union Pacific and Northwestern lines, arriving in Chicago 8:30 p. m. next day. No change of cars; all meals "a la carte" in dining cars. You can also leave daily at 10:30 p. m. and arrive in Chicago 7:45 the second morning. For tickets and reservations apply to ticket agents connecting lines, or address
S. WHEELER,
General Agent, 941 Seventeenth St., Denver.

Send for Your Friends
We make a specialty of what is called "prepaid" business.
If you have a friend or relative in the east whom you want to bring west, deposit with us enough money to cover his—or her—passage and traveling expenses. We write the ticket agent where party lives, and he issues ticket and gives passenger whatever money you wish. We also advise us when he leaves and we tell you when he will arrive.
Tickets at offices of connecting lines.

Denver & Rio Grande Railway
Denver, D. & R. G. Building, 359 17th St.
G. W. VALLERY, General Agent,
DENVER.

NEW FAST TRAIN
Double Daily Service.
Best Route East West
Missouri Pacific Railway
Dining Cars On all Trains
Cafe Service
Colorado Short Line. New Common Sense Mail Route
Only one change Colorado Points, Washington, New York, Boston and all Eastern Points. New Pullman Palace Sleepers and Free Reclining Chair Cars. Personally conducted excursions. Ordinary sleepers of latest design Colorado Points to Boston and all intermediate points. Special attention to Ladies and Children. The HOT SPRINGS OF ARKANSAS REACHED ONLY BY THE MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY. LOW RATES ALL YEAR ROUND. See your nearest ticket agent or write
H. B. KOOSER,
G. W. P. & P. A., St. Louis, Mo.
J. A. HOFFMAN,
Traveling Passenger Agent.

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Member Colorado Springs Mining Stock Association.
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BRANCH OFFICE: Room 13, El Paso National Bank Block.
Telephone—Main Office, 849. Telephone—Branch Office, 343.

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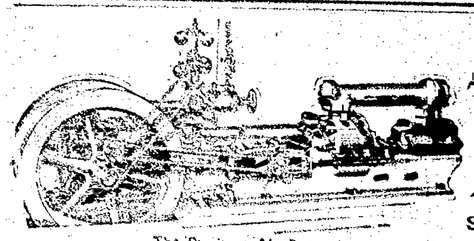

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Our Ten-Party

NICKEL-A-TIME-SLOT

Residence Telephone service has proved so popular that we have decided to extend into business houses also.

RESIDENCE, 5 cents per call
BUSINESS, 7 cents per call

THE COLORADO TELEPHONE COMPANY

TELEPHONE MAIN 2. 120 EAST IOWA STREET.

This is merely a hint to the public that we propose making it warm for all persons using our coal. We can do this easily, because there is more heat value to the ton in our coal than in any other coal you can buy. $5.00 and $5.50 a ton, delivered.

Dougherty & Hamilton,

Successors to W. [illegible]

State Mining News

SAN JUAN DISTRICT.

The sale of the Last Chance property, adjoining the Forest Queen, Sundown and Great Western in the Red Mountain district, is but the initial step in a great work of development under contemplation by the purchaser, A. E. Cox, of Huntington, W. Va. It is reported that machinery is now en route and will be on the ground in time to begin operations for the development of the property in the spring. Of its value there is no doubt, and those who are interested in the property have a splendid outlook for big profits.—(Ouray Plaindealer.

Exceptionally high-grade silver-lead ore is now being mined from level No. 2 of the Bachelor and the amount and value of the mine's output by the expiration of its next fiscal year may surpass all previous records. The Bachelor, like the Revenue, Camp Bird, American-Nettie and several other Ouray county producers, is doing a steady grind and piling up values without the aid of notoriety or scare head advertising through the columns of the press. The Bachelor is a mine in every sense of the word and will continue activity and dividends as long as there remains a market for silver and lead. A high grade silver mine under practical management will prove a profitable investment for the future and in some instances equal if not surpass other successful silver propositions of the past, owing to improved methods of mining and mill treatment now in vogue with mining companies where the output will justify the necessary machinery so essential to all successful mining in reducing general expenses to a minimum, and the saving of time and extraction of practically all values from mill tailings.—(Ouray Herald.

The Silver Ledge mine is gradually perfecting its development and other preparations for the spring campaign. A station 14x21 has been cut and timbered up at the fourth level in the new to take a back seat for it was a good shaft, which is 300 feet deep from the surface. A pump is planted 100 feet below this level and will serve its purpose when the shaft work gains more depth low on the fifth level in a station prepared there, and will serve its purpose when the shaft work gains more depth below this level. This shaft will now be sunk with all possible vigor. A stope of fine galena ore is ready for extraction in the fifth level. It is said now that the building of the new mill and tramway to connect it running from Chattanooga to the mine will commence about May 1.

The Green Mountain Mining & Milling company have mapped out a plan of development for the season of considerable proportions. Ten thousand dollars will be immediately available for contracts that will soon be let to push the various developing levels ahead. A splendid showing of ore in the different veins warrants this movement. Mr. William Bielefeldt has been appointed superintendent of the company and will direct the development. He says that should the result of the proposed development show as well as at present, the company will commence the erection of a 100-ton mill. He is quite jubilant over the prospects ahead for the company and predicts that they will have a big property in full productive operation in the course of a year or so. This company is stocked for $2,000,000, of which the present superintendent owns a nice block. The contracts will soon be let according to the information Mr. Bielefeldt has given us.—(Silverton Standard.

IDAHO SPRINGS DISTRICT.

The most skeptic mining man in the district must be satisfied. Some of the best ore in the district has been opened at a depth of 2,000 feet. Mr. W. E. Renshaw of the Gem Extension, has opened into four feet of solid smelting ore some 75 feet to the east of the Newhouse tunnel on the big vein. In addition there is plenty of mill ore. In preparing for a station to raise some work was started in the drift below the tunnel level in what might be called a winze. The streak of first-class opened to four feet and is almost solid lead ore. It will run from 50 to 80 per cent. galena and several wagons loads hauled to the samplers could not be weighed on the common wagon scales.

The old-time miners were compelled to give publicity to the strike. We have about four feet of the smelting streak and it will run from $35 to $50 a ton. We have no plans for the working below the tunnel level. All of our energies are being devoted to the ore streaks above the tunnel. We are now raising on the ore and also drifting to the west. The Gem Extension shaft will be connected with the Newhouse tunnel raise. The strike of this ore certainly proves our contentions that the same character of rich mineral opened in our shaft workings will be found at the greater depth."

The Little Matt has a strike which must prove of the greatest benefit to this district. The Gazette of last week exclusively reported the fine and as the adit is driven in on the ore there is constant change for the better. The smelting streak is more than nine inches wide and will run 270 a ton. This comes in on the hanging wall. On the foot wall is a streak two feet wide that will pay handsomely to mill. The adit gives stoping of about 300 feet and as the drift goes in will be increased to 900 feet when the Newton is reached.

This strike means the opening of another Mattie near the surface and is independent of the rich shoot formerly worked at the Mattie shaft and to a depth of but 400 feet, although the shaft is down for fully 700 feet.

The Grant on company is still in the rich ore recently reported by the Gazette. The first-class ore is very rich and with it is a second-class smelting. As soon as the present lift is completed drifts will be started and then the shaft will be put down another 100 feet. But one drift is being run at the Harrisburg mine owing to the fact that it is impossible to secure milling facilities.—(Idaho Springs Mining Gazette.

LEADVILLE.

For the first time in many years, if not in its history, Iowa gulch has been on the producing list practically all winter. The Great National has developed into quite a sulphide mine, and as the grade is fair, and there is both gold and copper in it, the management has been able to move whatever ore is taken out. The tonnage is not large, and shipments are not steady, but those who have interests in that section naturally feel encouraged to see one property taking mineral out in paying quantities. The prospect and development work in that portion of the camp, however, continues actively. The largest enterprise is that of the Keystone Mining company. This concern is proceeding slowly, but in a most thorough manner, and when the surface work is completed the company will have one of the best plants for the purpose of carrying on a large prospecting campaign in the district. There are two 100-horse high pressure boilers already hooked in and covered, and the new hoister is now on the way. There are pumps already on the ground but it is not expected that the water problem will be a serious one. The Pittsburg company behind the Keystone enterprise is a particularly strong one, and the local management is not making any mistake, either in the matter of haste, or in the adequacy of its plant. It was realized from the start that the shaft might have to be sunk for a considerable distance so that the company took plenty of time to consider just what was necessary in the way of equipment, and the ideas of the local management are being well carried out.

Among the enterprises looked for next season is one at the head of Iowa gulch, and known as the Umatilla. When this company was formed, taking in a large group of claims not far from the Continental Chief, neither the local nor the outside market for stock was in a very auspicious condition. That was about a year and half ago. The local management, however, has been negotiating with some outside investors, with the result that there is a possibility of a resumption of work on the tunnel. The values in the vein are principally lead and silver, the chances being that with proper development a body something like that in the Continental Chief will be found.

The Valley Leasing and Mining company has filed its articles of incorporation with the secretary of state. The capitalization is $1,500,000, and the incorporators are W. H. Vinton, of Brattleboro, Vt.; E. C. Robertson, of Hinsdale, N. H., and W. F. Hogg, of Springfield, Mass. The company has already commenced work here on the Valley round. J. W. Deane, of Aspen, being here to look after the operations. It has been decided to sink an entirely new shaft, four and a half by nine, which Mr. Deane believes will be cheaper and more satisfactory in the end. The new shaft will be located further to the south, in order to reach the rich oxidized zone of the New Monarch group, already exposed in that company's latest workings. After the new shaft has been sunk to the required depth, there will be a cross cut and the necessary equipment will be placed in position as soon as possible. The property lies in three well located claims.

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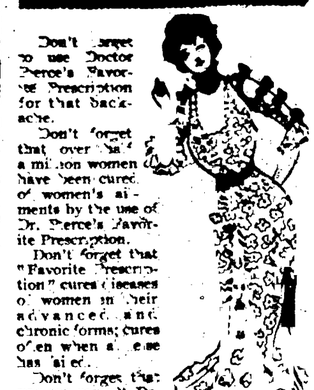

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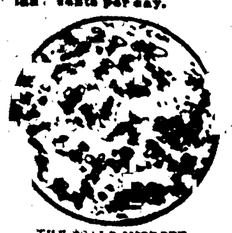

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patented. As high as 3,000 yards of earth can be treated per day. For some time past careful tests have been made which go to prove that the ground is richer than any other portion of Lake county so far as placer mining is concerned. Mr. Horner has not fully worked out the details of the enterprise, but his plans contemplate the most extensive placer operations ever attempted in Lake county. The machinery will be very large and heavy. This is rendered necessary on account of the large boulders in the ground, and this was what prevented the former company from making a success of its operations.

At present the largest placer operations are in Summit and Park counties, but if this new scheme should prove to be what the gentlemen behind it expect, it will outclass anything of its kind in the west. As the Herald Democrat has frequently pointed out the whole of the Arkansas valley is a placer field of fabulous richness, the whole difficulty being one of proper machinery and economical methods for handling the immense mass of rock and gravel. Of course the plant to be installed has not been commercially tested in Lake county, but as it involves no departure from ordinary placer practice except in the size of the machinery used and certain improvements in cheaply handling the large rocks, it is efficient to see how it will be a success.

[illegible] worked steadily ever since July [illegible], the Belle Mining company's [illegible] Black Prince ground, has [illegible] a big body of mineral, which will probably pay to ship. The [illegible] and 30-foot [illegible] of effective point [illegible] foot body of iron ore was encountered, which runs as high as 50 percent, excess. Beyond this was some broken material, and then a body of silicious ore, well spotted with galena. This ore covers the entire breast, and has been followed in for a distance of three feet. The samples taken show a fair average, while the galena, of course, runs much higher. Preparations are being made to ship a lot, in order to see how it will run, and as it is a very desirable smelting material the chances are that the low grade can be shipped, which will furnish an opportunity for prospecting for higher grade. The La Belle Mining company was formed last year for the purpose of developing a portion of the Black Prince ground on Breece hill, with J. P. La Belle, of Denver, president, Charles Hendee, secretary and treasurer; William McMillan, vice president, and Charles H. Westlake, manager. The company has 400 feet of ground in the direction in which the ore is now trending, and as the body broken into is a strong one, the indications are that the proposition will soon be on a paying basis, particularly as there is no water to handle, so that the expense of development is confined to drifting exclusively.—(Herald-Democrat.

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ENORMOUS DEALINGS IN SOUTH AFRICANS

By Associated Press.

London, Feb. 16.—Rands were still the center of interest as well as the center of activity during the last week for those who were inclined to take a pessimistic view of the outlook on the stock exchange. The settlement was an arduous task, especially in the mining section, where the accounts of several over rash speculators were suspended. This checked, but it did not stop the gambling now going on in South Africans.

The magnitude of recent dealings is indicated by the fact that of eight leading mining stocks alone, 33,000,000 shares passed through the clearing house. One effect of the difficult settlement was to prevent the development of much new business, still the general tone was good and the outlook is cheerful, at least for the professionals.

The rates of discount have been steady and the accumulation of big balances by the government is making money scarce on the open market. However, the low discount rates at Berlin and Vienna promise to send considerable continental money here so London can look with equanimity at the prospect of gold being shipped to New York.

The Anglo-Japanese treaty has been warmly received in financial circles and foreign securities generally were higher in consequence. Americans improved somewhat, particularly the trans-continental railroad lines. Considerable interest is manifested in the New York city traction situation and many persons are awaiting to see that situation elucidated before making investments.

The long promised Imperial Tobacco company has been floated. The financial critics generally approve the make-up of its prospectus which seems to indicate the confidence of the promoters of the company in their ability to successfully fight the American Tobacco corporation. It is said that on the basis of the revenue of the constituent companies for some years past, the present combine could lose £700,000 profit annually before touching the dividends of the preference stock.

Home rails are enjoying a mild boom on the strength of the announcement of the successful results from the experiments conducted by the Great Northern with a new steam valve which is said to reduce the coal consumption of locomotives by almost 10 per cent.

25c One Way, 40c Round Trip.
5-day limit to Cripple Creek via Colorado Midland Railway.

UNUSUAL EXPERIENCE OF WRECKED SAILORS

By Associated Press.

San Francisco, Feb. 16.—The crew and master, Frederick J. Toole, of the British bark Savarnoke which was wrecked in the Society Islands last November, arrived here today from Tahiti on the steamer Zealandia after an unusual experience. The Savarnoke, bound from this port to the channel for orders, went ashore November 14 on the Isle of Clement Tonnere of the Pomotu group of the Society Islands. Captain Toole and the crew, 18 in number, remained by the wreck a month in the hope of sighting some passing vessel. December 17 Captain Toole and two of the crew started in a small boat for Manga Reva, 300 miles away for assistance. There was no help at Manga Reva and it was determined to start for Papeete, 1,200 miles away, but the French commandant refused to let him go to sea in the small boat.

On January 10 a trading schooner put in at Manga Reva and offered to take the crew of the Savarnoke to Papeete for 1,200 French dollars. While they were negotiating over terms the gunboat Zelee came into the harbor with the crew of the Savarnoke. After Captain Toole left the wreck it appears that the crew waited for his return until January 2 on which date the mate and three of the crew left the island for Papeete. They were picked up by the schooner Maurice 200 miles from Papeete and taken to their destination where the Zelee was found. The Zelee returned for the crew and then went to Manga Reva for Captain Toole. The reunited crew was then taken to Papeete, arriving there January 21.

"LONG HENRY" DEPARTS FOR HIS LONG HOME

Butte, Mont., Feb. 16.—A special from Glasgow, Mont., says:

Henry Thompson, who is known as "Long Henry," one of the most desperate characters in Montana, was killed at Saco, a small place about 60 miles from here, yesterday morning by Eddie Shuffelt, another tough character.

The killing occurred in a saloon and was the result of a quarrel over a woman. The first shot fired by Shuffelt killed "Long Henry," but Shuffelt continued to pump bullet after bullet into the stomach of the prostrate man.

Thompson has killed three men in his time and has served a sentence for bank robbery.

INSURRECTION IN BATANGAS CLEANED UP

By Associated Press.

Manila, Feb. 16.—General J. Franklin Bell has practically cleaned up the insurrection in Batangas province, the troops under his command having made a clean sweep of the district. It is not believed that all the insurgent arms have been captured or surrendered, but that a number of them have been taken by the insurgents to other provinces or safely hidden.

The increase of robber bands in the provinces of Tayabas and Cavite shows the effects of the drastic measures adopted in Batangas and Laguna provinces. General Bell says the people of these latter provinces never realized the terrors of war until they personally experienced its hardships, owing to the closing of the ports and the concentration of the natives in the towns.

General Bell believes that the insurgent leader, Malvar, is becoming exceedingly unpopular with the Filipinos and that when the natives cease to fear his vengeance many will be found willing to betray him.

What has been said of Batangas province applies almost equally to Laguna.

HAWAIIAN HOTEL MAN DIED IN CHICAGO

By Associated Press.

Chicago, Feb. 16.—Edward McFarland, a leading resident of Hawaii and proprietor of the Royal Hawaiian hotel at Honolulu, died early today at the Auditorium hotel from acute pneumonia. Mr. McFarland was married but two weeks ago to Miss Florence Bainger of San Francisco. The couple were en route to New York on their wedding tour when Mr. McFarland contracted a severe cold which developed into pneumonia. The body will be taken to San Francisco for burial.

WRIGHT ARRIVES AT CAVITTE.

By Associated Press.

Manila, Feb. 16.—The United States transport Wright which sank in 15 feet of water November 28 last, by striking an uncharted rock at the entrance of San Jacinto harbor, and which was successfully raised this month, has arrived at Cavite in tow of the gunboat Wompatuck. The Wright has six holes in her bottom which have been temporarily patched. She will be dry docked immediately.

FLORENCE BURNS IS REMARKABLY COOL

By Associated Press.

New York, Feb. 16.—Florence Burns, the young woman who was arrested and locked up on suspicion that she knew something of the death of Walter S. Brooks, the young commission merchant, was arraigned in the Center street court today and remanded to the Tombs for a further investigation.

Miss Burns, who is 19 years old, has since her arrest, maintained a remarkably cool demeanor and refuses to talk of the case.

BOERS ON MISSION TO COMMITTEES HERE

By Associated Press.

Paris, Feb. 16.—The Temps in an authorized note says that only Wessels and Wolmarins, of the Boer delegates in Europe, have sailed for the United States and that Mr. Fischer remains in Brussels. The note says the journey of Wessels and Wolmarens has no diplomatic object, that it simply appeared necessary that they enter into direct relations with the pro-Boer committees in the United States with a view to mutual understanding and organizing.

By Associated Press.

The Hague, Feb. 16.—Messrs. Wolmarens and Wessels sailed for New York on board the Holland-American steamship liner from Boulogne February 14. Their trip to the United States was decided upon at a conference held at the house of Mr. Krueger February 12. Messrs. Wolmarens and Wessels intend to tour the United States in the interest of the Boers.

By Associated Press.

London, Feb. 16.—In a dispatch from Amsterdam the correspondent of the Daily Mail says Mr. Krueger expects favorable results from the tour in the United States of Messrs. Wessels and Wolmarens and that they intend to exploit the diplomatic disclosures of the matter of the Spanish-American war dispute.

TERRIBLE EARTHQUAKE.

By Associated Press.

Berlin, Feb. 16.—It is reported from Baku, Trans-Caucasus that thousands of persons were killed by an earthquake in the Shamaka district and towns and villages for 20 versts around there suffered severely.

Some one called "Time" and we're here with a lot of Spring suits. You've rushed us; you broke up the winter's assortment so we had to hustle in some of the new spring goods. These are experimental fashions; made just to get in touch with the popular feeling. Give us your opinion of them.

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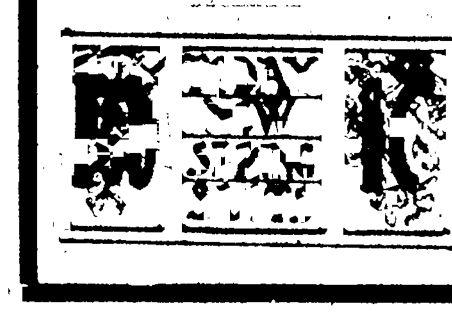

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Why We Should Spend $100,000,000 On Our Navy.

For instance, our world relations have expanded vastly in the last three years in territorial extent, and vastly more in international extent. It has not been an extension upon the continent, but upon the ocean itself and the islands of the sea in both hemispheres. Our commerce has greatly increased in volume and area, and our American marine is likely to follow suit. As on land so on ocean, as commerce expands so increases the necessity of increased police force for its protection. If there is to be a navy at all it should be commensurate with all these extended relations and demands. We are the richest nation of the world, with a larger income than any other. Our revenues are enormous without consciousness just now of burden in raising them.

If, then, the size of our navy should correspond to our national and international size, and if we have the cash on hand, it would seem the simplest good business sense, the simplest good business care of our own interests to increase the navy, and whether this shall cost $20,000,000 or $75,000,000 or $100,000,000, it is not an extravagance to cut our garment according to our cloth, especially as last year there was no appropriation for such an increase. It is like the rich man grading his expenditures to his income, and thus making it serve the general welfare as well as his own. It is like paying policemen enough instead of having a number so limited that the roughs are tempted to riot. There certainly is a heap of comfort in feeling that if millions are now spent for the navy the money is in the till to spend. It is a case where the people can have their cake and eat it too; they can have their ships and they can have in their pockets the money paid for building them.

There is another feature in connection with the development of our navy which should not be lost sight of, and which has a material and educational side. The increase in the construction of ships has led directly to an increase in the construction of ships in the merchant marine. The great ship-yards at San Francisco, Newport News, Cramps', Bath, Me., and more recently at Quincy, Mass., owe their creation to getting naval work to do.—(Secretary Long in Leslie's Weekly.

Growing Tobacco Under Cloth.

As the plants grew, the advantages of raising under shade became easily evident. Most patent of all was the fact that the many insects which prey upon the leaves were kept out by the covering. So strongly was the tight tent of cloth built, moreover, that the roughest winds necessitated but few repairs, and the plants, usually lashed and torn by the storms, were entirely protected. Under the cloth, also, a uniform temperature was possible, varying from three to five degrees warmer than that of the open field. The cold nights of the spring which deter the growth of the plants in the open did not influence the growing under cover. Within the tents a continuous tropical climate existed. The hot sun that baked the soil was tempered, and a considerably larger percentage of humidity was kept under the cloth than was possible in the fields. The effects of heavy rains were also modified. The leaves were not harmed by the swift drops, nor did the soil become packed and hardened into a crust. Instead, the water beating upon the cloth, sifted through and fell in a fine, warm mist upon the plants. The growth seemed to have the advantage of both the open air and the hot-house, gaining the health of one and the protected fineness of the other. With the idea of getting the finest possible leaf the plants were not topped. In the early summer, the long stalks, standing up like rows of sturdy poles, and bearing thin, broad leaves of a vivid green, were touching the roof of their house of cloth.

And the fame of tented tobacco fields and plants nine feet high went out among the growers. Many of them came to see the fabulous growth, doubting the reports they had heard, having no faith in building cheesecloth houses for tobacco, prepared to ridicule the whole project. But when they had walked down between rows upon rows of veritable trees of tobacco which shook out great green leaves three or four feet above their heads, and when they had examined these luxuriant, symmetrical, shining leaves, twenty to twenty-four inches in length, and noted the thin fineness of them, their perfect size and shape for wrappers—giving two full cuts without waste—and their remarkable strength and stretch, many of the visitors began to examine the structure, to inquire into costs and to make plans for their own fields of tobacco. The secretary of agriculture, Mr. Wilson, came up from Washington and went over the ground, congratulating the growers and making suggestions.—(Arthur Goodwin in the World's Work.

Tammany's New Chief.

So Lewis Nixon is to step into the shoes of Croker! There is much speculation as to how the shoes will fit, but no voice is heard to say that whether or not Mr. Nixon is fit for Croker's job, it is a pity to divert his useful and abundant energies from a job in which his rare capacity has been demonstrated. Mr. Nixon designed the Oregon. What has a man who can design ships like the Oregon to do with such a work as being boss of Tammany? It is like making Rudyard Kipling a cabinet minister. No one is allowed to be ignorant that Mr. Kipling has ideas about the administration of government, and especially about war, but we should all grumble if he were called to office. We grumble as it is, because his poems have so much politics in them. We want Mr. Kipling to write books. Just so we want Mr. Nixon to build ships. Look what his training has been. He graduated at the Naval Academy in 1882, at the head of his class, and was sent by the Naval Academy to the Royal Naval College at Greenwich, England, for further instruction. In 1884 he was transferred to the construction corps of the navy. In 1890, after designing the Oregon, Indiana and Massachusetts, he resigned from the navy and became superintending constructor at the Cramp ship-yard at Philadelphia. In 1895 he set up a shipyard of his own at Elizabeth, New Jersey, where he has since built many ships. But he got interested in Tammany politics, and Mayor Van Wyck appointed him president of the new East River Bridge commission. That was well enough as a supplementary task, for which he was well equipped. But it will be hard to make the leadership of Tammany a supplementary task. Mr. Nixon is very able, and Tammany, doubtless, needed him, but he didn't need Tammany, and it seems a pity that Tammany has got him.—(Harper's Weekly.

NEVER MORE BEAUTIFUL.
The scenery along the Short Line is simply superb at this season of the year. The clear atmosphere and bright sunshine render the trip between Colorado Springs and the Cripple Creek district a pleasure and a delight. Just at present the round trip fare is only [illegible] cents over this marvelous railroad. Trains leave Colorado Springs at [illegible] a. m. and [illegible] p. m.

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If interested write to Secretary,
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THE OIL WELL SUPPLY CO. with Branch Houses at BOULDER and FLORENCE have in stock everything needed for Drilling Wells for Oil or Gas, Boilers, Engines, Tools, Cordage, Casing, all sizes, etc. Write for specifications and prices.
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Read the Gazette

From the People:

I have been taking Ripans Tabules for about one year and cannot find words to express the good they have done me. I am forty-five years old, a painter by occupation. I have been troubled with indigestion so bad that I could not eat a good meal without vomiting, and did not know what it was to have a good night's sleep. I had tried everything I could get hold of, but of no avail. Many a day I had to leave off work, I felt so bad. I could never eat anything hearty, and I always had the dread of night coming, as I knew I could not sleep. One day a friend told me of Ripans Tabules and the good they had done him. He coaxed me to buy a package. I took two tabules after my meal and two more on going to bed, and I had good night's sleep. I can now eat anything and am not afraid but that I will sleep at night. I always have a package of them in my pocket to use myself and to give to my friends, and I also give them to the children when they are troubled with their bowels, as I find them a good medicine for children. I would not do without them for a good deal. They are worth their weight in gold. Charles Henry, Flatlands and Railroad Aves., Canarsie, L. I., March 8th, 1901.

I have been manager of one of the, if not the oldest wholesale shoe houses in Philadelphia for several years past. After suffering much from stomach troubles, I obtained Ripans Tabules upon the recommendation of a friend, and was so much benefited that I desire to express my thanks. Ripans Tabules are a compound which can always be taken with sureness of relief. I consider them the *best* remedy for *constipation* ever put on the market and would not be without having them in the house. W. H. Bellows, with A. J. Bellows & Co., wholesale dealers in Boots, Shoes and Rubbers, No. 247 Market Street, Philadelphia, March 11, 1901.

I have been using Ripans Tabules for about six months, and I found them to do me a great deal of good. I had been complaining for months with headaches, irregularities of the bowels and loss of appetite, bad taste in the mouth and bad breath, disordered stomach and [illegible]. I met a friend one day who recommended Ripans Tabules to me. I spoke to my doctor about it and he advised me to try them. I am pleased to-day that I did so, for I saved myself a large doctor bill and I am getting rid of [illegible]. I thank Ripans Tabules. A. Kaufman, manager [illegible], Snellenburg & Co., 12th and Market Street, Philadelphia, March [illegible], 1901.

There is scarcely any condition of ill-health that is not benefited by the occasional use of a R.I.P.A.N.S TABULE, and the price, ten for five cents, does not bar them from any home or justify any one in enduring ills that are easily cured. A family bottle containing 150 tabules is sent for 60 cents. For children the chocolate coated sort, 72 for 25 cents, are recommended. For sale by druggists.

"LADY MARGARET" AND "DOLLY VARDEN"

AT the Bijou theater Amelia Bingham is "presenting" her company in "Lady Margaret." I had almost written "Frocks and Frills." This mistake would be excusable, for the plays are adaptations by different authors from the same source. "Lady Margaret" is from the pen of Edward Rose, of "Prisoner of Zenda" and "Under the Red Robe" fame. There is not

FROM "DOLLY VARDEN"

LULU GLASER IN "DOLLY VARDEN."

another laurel leaf to be added to the author's wreath, as this child of his brain is not a worthy member of his already admired family. Mr. Rose has made a poor play, and I am constrained to think that both authors have drawn their inspiration from a most infertile spot. It is a little difficult to say in a general term that "Lady Margaret" is a worse play than "Frocks and Frills" or vice versa. Neither is good, yet in some points they differ to the advantage in turn of each.

"Frocks and Frills" is, in its story proper, a sweeter and more pleasing picture of gratitude, love and pride. "Lady Margaret" is less agreeable in its heroine while much more so in the members of her family if we except the old Scotch grandmother. A little suggestiveness occurs in "Lady Margaret" in the scene between the Duke of Winchelsea and Margaret. This might be left out with advantage. The same characters under different names go through the same main experiences in "Frocks and Frills" without the smut, and it is much more agreeable. Why is it that it is deemed wise to drag in such unnecessary details in a play? Is the public taste so vitiated that a clean play will not pay? I think not.

A Fine Company.

Amelia Bingham has a magnificent company, and the work of most is as good as the roles permit. I must regretfully except that usually excellent actor, Ferdinand Gottschalk. This gentleman does not reach in his present role of McLeod of Ince the height he usually scales. It is unfortunate for Mr. Gottschalk that the same role, that of the stuttering lord, was the hit of "Frocks and Frills," and any actor would have to do some marvelous work to overshadow Jameson Lee Finney. The character is just as prominent as in "Frocks and Frills," but in "Lady Margaret" it is neither so well written nor so well played.

Amelia Bingham's Lady Margaret, the poor granddaughter who becomes the fashionable modiste, is not so pleasant a part as it is in "Frocks and Frills," but she brings out all there is in it. Frank Worthing has a thankless role and plays it as if he knew that and didn't care. His work in "The Climbers" last year in the same company was the best I ever saw him do. Edward S. Abeles was good as the hotel proprietor, Herr Bolinghausen, but he is too good an actor to be wasted in such a role. Mrs. Charles Walcot as the much endured Scotch grandmother was prominent in the cast of so many able people and did magnificent work. Minnie Dupree ran a close second to Mrs. Walcot. She was excellent as the ingenue, the Hon. Ellie McIlay, and charmed the audience. The small part of Francoise, the maid, was played by Bijou Fernandez. She was more chic than I have ever seen her and rather surprised me by her good work. Madge Carr Cook was excellent as the manageress of Mme. Marguerite's establishment and was best in the little bit where fatigue unbent her dignity. Cora Tanner and Annie Irish played the roles of the fashionable and dressy rivals and both were good. Annie Irish is somehow more fortunate in the parts she has played in the company of Miss Bingham than elsewhere, and both last year and now she is seen in impersonations which peculiarly fit her size, style and ability.

The gowns worn in "Lady Margaret" and shown in the rooms of the modiste simply beggar description and far outshine those in "Frocks and Frills," though when I saw those I thought they could not be improved upon. These two plays will draw until every woman who can spare the money shall have seen both. It is a gown show in a theater under the guise of a play. I admire Miss Bingham, and I almost wish she had played Lady Chimpton, Annie Irish's part, for her own as such a thankless one that as Lady Chimpton the audience would at least have remembered her always as the wearer of most superb frocks, though so far as that goes it is only fair to say that the whole play is elegantly mounted throughout.

"Dolly Varden."

At the Herald Square theater "Dolly Varden" is the attraction. This comic opera is by Stanislaus Stange and Julian Edwards. The libretto is bright and the music above the usual comic opera grade. There is happily no low comedy and the dreaded horseplay of two supposedly funny people is mercifully left out. Lulu Glaser and her company make every point tell, and our old friend Mark Smith is, as always, [illegible] his place in the regard of the public. F. C. Whitney is presenting the company in this new vehicle, and he has made a happy combination in his selection of people and work.

The role of Dolly Varden affords Lulu Glaser the opportunity to give full play to every bit of vivacity in her composition. Judging by her work, there is no lack of fun and buoyancy in the little lady. She is not on the stage a second that the audience is not laughing with her and in full sympathy with her desire for the acquaintance of a "real live man." She is captivating, prettier than ever, and as the little maid is simply bewitching. Fortunately there is no great demand on her voice.

Miss Glaser does not sing as well as she acts, but that would be asking too much for one person.

The simple songs she has are charmingly rendered, and that is enough. Her number "The Robin and the Jay" is very catchy and haunting with a sort of heart-to-again feeling. The bird imitations in this are inimitably done by Miss Glaser.

Mark Smith is Lord Gayspark, the London exquisite, and is all that could be asked in the role. Van Rensselaer Wheeler is at his best in the character of Captain Richard Belleville, the English officer with whom Dolly Varden falls in love, he being the first "real, live man" she has ever seen. Interpreted, this means the first young man she has been allowed to see. His song "Dolly Varden" is another of those swinging things which are bound to become popular. Tom Daniel portrays Dolly Varden's guardian, John Fairfax. He is a fine looking man and has a good bass voice, but I don't wonder Dolly wants to see some other man, as she must tire of his acting. Albert Parr as Captain Horace was pleasing, as was Estelle Wentworth as Letitia Fairfax.

The chorus was pretty and well drilled. They can all sing well, and the men in the sword song were particularly pleasing. As a rule, male choruses are composed of men who look as though they had been taken from anywhere at the last moment and dressed for the purpose of filling up. The chorus of men in "Dolly Varden" is made up of good looking fellows, who acted their small parts as if they felt that some of the general effect was due to them. And it was.

The swing song by Mark Smith and chorus in the first act was very pretty and made a pleasing picture.

Keenan as a Star.

"Hon. John Grigsby," an American comedy in three acts, with Frank Keenan as the star, is the current attraction at the Manhattan theater in this city. On the programme the authorship is attributed to Charles Klein, and that gentleman is undoubtedly entitled to that distinction, though it is said that the play in its present form is largely the work of Langdon Mitchel, who made the stage version of "Vanity Fair" for Mrs. Fiske. Mr. Mitchel was called in to rewrite portions of "Hon. John Grigsby" which it was thought were not exactly suited to Mr. Keenan's methods. The piece, it will be remembered, was prepared years ago for Sol Smith Russell under a hurry order, and, considering the haste with which it was thrown together, it was really a creditable bit of work. Still it was generally conceded that it would scarcely do for Broadway, and that explains Mr. Mitchel's connection with it.

On the whole, "Hon. John Grigsby" was well received at the Manhattan, especially when it is considered that no effort was made to conceal the fact that the piece has been banged about the country for a number of years. Still it is perhaps wise that the engagement was limited to four weeks, for even the most friendly person would scarcely contend that its surroundings are not above it. The same thing may be said of the star, Mr. Keenan, who, while an exceedingly good actor of the average type, is scarcely of Frohman stellar caliber.

How Actors Are Cowed.

The engagement of Mr. Keenan in "Hon. John Grigsby" at the Manhattan furnishes one more argument, if that were needed, against the iniquitous and art-crushing influences which at present dominate theatricals in this country. In ordinary circumstances any one of a dozen first class attractions would jump at the opportunity to get an opening at the Manhattan, but now they know only too well that playing at that house is tantamount to hurling defiance at the coterie which resents the independence of Mr. and Mrs. Fiske. Such action they foolishly imagine would result in their downfall.

Of course it is a waste of time to point out to the prominent persons of the stage that if a large number of them should assert their independence the formidable structure which has for years been their bastile, but which is constructed of nothing more substantial than threats and bombast, would soon crumble for lack of support. Actors are proverbially like sheep, and they follow where the bellwether leads. But the time will come when the bellwether, getting reckless and fretting under restraint, will walk in the right direction. Then the rank and file will follow, and a little later all of them will be laughing over the reflection that for years they were kept in the most rigid thraldom by an edifice of words.

When will that day come? Just as soon as the actors decide they want it and have the courage to do that which they must know will bring it about.

GRACE W. ELTON.

New York.

OPERA IN GERMANY.

The following account, by a European correspondent, of the seriousness with which grand opera is taken in Germany is interesting. At all the capitals it is supported by the governments, under the direction of the minister of education or some other official, who looks after it as closely as he looks after the hospitals or the schools. It is considered a necessary feature of German education, and, although the public is required to pay a reasonable price for admission tickets, it is much smaller than is charged anywhere in the United States and is usually less than the admission price to ordinary theaters. The best opera is in Dresden. People do not dress for the operas here as in other countries. You see no ladies with low neck dresses and very few gentlemen with evening suits. Nor is it customary to applaud except when the performance has been unusually brilliant, and even then, under the most sensational circumstances, all marks of approval must be reserved until the end of the act. No encores are permitted because they destroy the dramatic unity. Not a note is cut out of the score, which is given entire on all occasions. The performance often begins as early as 5 o'clock and sometimes lasts for five or six hours. People eat an early dinner before they go, have a glass of beer and a sandwich after each act and supper when they return to their homes. Here in fashionable society has required the postponement until 7:30 o'clock, but at that hour the doors are shut, and nobody is admitted into the auditorium during the performance. Late comers are compelled to wait until the end of the first act.

PLAY PICTURES.

Never in the history of the stage has so much study and care been given to detail in the production of a play as at the present time. The public demands correctness of costume, furniture and properties, and the manager who neglects to provide this element endangers the success of his enterprise. The necessary knowledge is obtainable if sought for. During the past thirty years numerous illustrated works have been published showing the correct costuming, furniture and arms of the different epochs from the days of early Rome and Greece. It is inexcusable for a manager to present a play of the seventeenth century with its characters dressed in the costumes of a hundred years later. The minute correctness of detail in costumes and accessories shown by artists of the last century in their paintings has had much to do with educating the theater goer of today as to what is artistic and correct in stage pictorial effects. Money may be spent lavishly in staging a new play, but if its expenditure is not directed by a manager of taste and intelligence the object sought for is not obtained.

Indoor baseball is growing rapidly in favor throughout the country. The great winter game may be played in almost any size gymnasium. This is one reason for its popularity.

AMELIA BINGHAM AS LADY MARGARET.

ATHLETES AND ATHLETICS

IF long and thorough training is worth anything, Terry McGovern should have not the slightest difficulty in administering a speedy finish to the aspirations of Dave Sullivan when the two featherweights meet in the afternoon of Feb. 22 in the arena of the Southern Athletic club of Louisville. The one time champion is busily at work pounding punching bags and training, and everything indicates that McGovern has not forgotten the lesson taught him by his fight with "Young Corbett," when he (Terry) entered the ring after having had little more than ten days of active preparation.

The coming bout should go to McGovern in a very few minutes. I do not look to see Sullivan stay more than three rounds, and if he should by any chance be on his feet at the end of that round he will have fought better than he really knows how. Summary defeat for Sullivan will restore to McGovern part of the glory he dropped by the wayside when the stocky little Denverite issued him a by no means complimentary pass to a rear seat. If Sullivan worsts Terry, the latter will probably retire from the ring, or he may tour the country giving exhibitions of modern bean bag playing, at the same time selling copies of his autobiography, entitled, "Oh, Why Did I Ever Leave Home?"

Bag Punching.

Bag punching is one of the most attractive and beneficial recreations in which a young man anxious for good all around development can indulge. Owing to the muscular activity involved in making advantageous use of the inflated spheroid, bag punching is chiefly a winter pastime, for the heat of summer makes all severe exercise a hardship. Thousands of the rebounding wind bags are now in daily use throughout the country in athletically inclined families, and improved health invariably follows its use.

To become an able puncher of the bag the beginner must start with simple movements, gradually working up to the more intricate blows and combinations. If he desires to do boxing at any stage of his career, the novice with the gloves will find that as a means of preparation bag punching is unexcelled, and even after unusual dexterity in handling the gloves is obtained it is not unprofitable to continue work with the bag. All prominent pugilists make it a practice to punch the pigskin several hours a day during training, and surely no better judges of muscle developing methods are to be had.

The first and most important question to be considered is the outfit. Should a young man belong to an athletic club or a gymnastic organization he need not consider such things, as they are generally at the disposal of the members, but in case he does not belong to a club the next best thing is to purchase the paraphernalia and rig up a bag at home.

Position and Movements.

After supplying himself with apparatus and dressing himself in a sleeveless jersey, light trousers or trunks and shoes, the aspiring puncher should begin work. First, he should learn the correct position to take in addressing the bag. He must act as though he were about to spar with an opponent, the left foot being held about eighteen inches in advance of the right. The knees should be held rigid, with the toes pointing slightly outward. The body should assume an easy balance, with the head erect and the shoulders drawn back. The right hand should be held across the diaphragm, but advanced somewhat. At the same time the left should be extended, with the glove about level with the shoulder and the elbow a short distance forward of the hip joint.

The left lead should be the first blow attempted by the beginner. He should stand about three feet from the ball, at the same time observing that it is hung at the proper height—that is, with the center a little below the level of the eyes. Then step forward and strike out straight from the left shoulder, aiming at the center of the ball and throwing the weight of the body and the swinging power of the shoulder into the blow. In striking thus the head should be inclined to the right, with the forearm bent across the wind. Avoid a counter blow too. Slapping should also be guarded against, and the ball should never be struck in a downward direction. Such blows tend to shorten the reach and give an unpleasant twang to the elbow.

Useful Blows.

The half hook is a blow of vital importance to the boxer. The elbow should be bent to an angle of about 85 degrees, after which it should be lowered until the fist passes the hip joint. Then the bag should be hit in a slanting direction, a sudden heave of the shoulder being added to the force of the stroke. The most effective feature of the half hook arises from the accuracy with which it is delivered. Half hooks should be practiced with both hands.

To perform the single arm tattoo the bag should be hit with a forward elbow blow, and after it rebounds it should be met with the fist, and alternately with the fist and elbow after each rebound. The same maneuver should be executed with each arm, and a very pretty combination tattoo may be developed by performing the blow with both hands in succession.

The bag puncher—and the boxer, too—must exercise great care in regard to the proper clinching of the fist. Do not relax the tension of finger and palm muscles. This pernicious practice weakens the blow and produces inaccuracy. Contract the fist as much as possible. If you cannot hit a hard, true, swift blow, you'd better leave the boxing game alone.

Gloves for bag punching should weigh about three ounces. It is inadvisable to exercise without them. Hit the bag with the face of the doubled fist, not on the points of the knuckles, and keep the point of the thumb bent well down below the line of the middle finger joints. If the thumb is allowed to project above the joints, it is in constant danger of receiving the force of a blow, which, if hard enough, would result in dislocation or a break.

Fencing as a Pastime.

Fencing is essentially a winter pastime, although the summer days are not always too warm for the work. As a relic of "the days of old, when knights were bold," fencing has many attractions for certain folk, and they have mastered some of its intricacies and discovered the sport's valuable features. Colleges are the most prominent patrons of fencing as a means for competition, and every year they hold a tournament to decide the question of supremacy. This season has brought out some very good performers, and the national championship match to be held in April will doubtless prove interesting.

The West Point cadets are taking an active part in affairs of the foil and broadsword and are determined to wrest from their rivals, the Annapolis "middies," the title won by the latter in the contests of 1901. James P. Lannon of the first class is captain of the sailor lads, and he has had a hard problem in the choosing of his team because all of last year's cracks were graduated in June. The 1901 champions were Louis B. McBride of Pennsylvania, Adolphus Andrews of Texas and Sydney M. Henry of New York. They are considered the greatest foil sharps ever produced at the academy and added to their fame by defeating last April in an exciting contest the French naval cadets who were visiting the United States. The fencing instructor at Annapolis is Master at Arms A. J. Corbesier.

An indication of the growth of fencing is the recent formation of a new association in Baltimore. The Oriole City's Italian consul has materially aided in the process of organization, and Professor Generoso Pavese, an Italian master at arms, has charge of the instruction department. Professor Pavese is a prominent exponent of modern methods and has appeared in exhibitions in various large cities.

The Amateur Fencers' League of America is the controlling body, and the present flourishing status of the recreation is largely due to its influence and labor. The executive committee of the league is made up of James P. Parker and Atherton Brownell of the Boston Athletic association, Charles Bothner, New York Turnverein, and W. Scott O'Connor, Fencers' Club of New York. The committee has arranged its schedule as follows:

Feb. 22, team competition with foils for the interclub trophy presented by the Boston Athletic association at the Boston A. A., entries close with James P. Parker; March 8, junior team competition with foils at the Fencers' club (New York) for the Morris medals; April 8, preliminary bouts for the national championship, foils, duelling swords, sabers and single sticks; New York division at the Fencers' club and New England division at the Boston A. A.; entries close with Atherton Brownell; April 15, team competition at the Fencers' club; April 25 and 26, final bouts for the national championships at the New York Athletic club.

FREDERICK R. TOOMBS.

ICE HOCKEY AT A RINK.

EGYPT BOWS TO GOLF.

Golf has invaded Egypt.

Within the shadows of the pyramids Arab boys act as caddies for the Englishmen and American visitors who, with feelings akin to awe, "put" and "approach" under the never changing eye of the sphinx.

News of this innovation was brought to the United States by Jones Wister of Philadelphia and by him was divulged to members of a Jenkintown (Pa.) club at a lecture delivered recently. The lecture was delivered at the instance of William W. Frazier. Mr. Wister took as his topic "Egypt."

In the midst of an interesting account of ancient lore and modern history the lecturer startled his audience by introducing the subject of golf. "Notices are posted in conspicuous places in Cairo," he said, "informing travelers that balls and sticks can be procured from the porter of the Mena House and at Sheppard's. Arab boys serve as caddies and scamper over the links with all the agility of an American youngster.

"I went around the course, closely watched by the sphinx, who seemed deeply interested. It made me nervous, and I foozled horribly. It is dangerous to hazard an opinion, however, as the bunkers are numerous on the Cairo links."

Mr. Wister said that the natives regard the game as interesting. Bedouins and Egyptians gather in picturesque groups to watch the play. A facetious Englishman has suggested the advisability of using mummies as caddies, but this has not been tried.

LARGE COVEY OF QUAILS.

Two old hunters were swapping yarns and had got to quails.

"Why," said one, "I remember a year when quails were so thick that you could get eight or ten at a shot with a rifle."

The other one sighed.

"What's the matter?" said the first.

"I was thinking of my quail hunts. I had a fine black horse that I rode everywhere, and one day out hunting quails I saw a big covey on a low branch of a tree. I threw the bridle rein over the end of the branch and took a shot. Several birds fell, and the rest flew away. There were so many quails on that limb that when they flew off it sprang back into place and hung my horse!"

At the conclusion of the story the raconteur's companion fell back, fainting.

NEXT AUTO SHOW.

So far as the manufacturers are concerned, the next national automobile show will be held during the last week of January, 1903. President Shattuck of the Automobile Club of America, under whose auspices the previous exhibits have been held, declines to make any statement regarding the possible action of his club on this question.

Photo by Rockman Studio, New York.

GENEROUS PROMISE.

LEES KNOWLES, M. P., ON AMERICAN ATHLETICS.

Lees Knowles, M. P., honorary manager of the Oxford-Cambridge athletic team which came to America last fall, has contributed an interesting account of his visit to an English magazine. In writing of British and American athletes, he says: "I do not propose to contrast minutely the British with the American athletes or to discuss at length their different modes of training. The Americans certainly take great pains in this respect and work out their methods with mechanical precision—rather too mechanical, perhaps, if it be true, as I am told, that some men avoid being selected to represent their university in athletic competition on account of the many pleasures which they would have to give up and the arduous training which they would have to undergo.

"Possibly we train too little; they train too much. The climate no doubt has an effect upon both. It may be that the nerves and nervous nature of the American enable him to get a better start in short distance races; it may be that the stamina and endurance of the Briton enable him to last better in long distances. No doubt each has something to learn from the other, but we Oxford and Cambridge university men, like our athletic brethren with whom we have competed on the other side of the water, have taken up athletics not for a career or a profession, but for exercise and sport.

"Nothing showed that better than the characteristic remark made by Garnier when he was told that he had been beaten on the tape in the hurdles. 'Well, I'm sorry,' he said; 'but, after all, it was a good race.' Our duty as university athletes is to adapt the words of George Washington, to raise an athletic standard to which the wise and honest can repair.

"I do not know when the next contest between Harvard and Yale and Oxford and Cambridge will take place, but I think the challenge or invitation should come from alternate countries and not necessarily from a defeated team. In my opinion, it would be a pity to hold these sports annually, and I believe this view is supported by athletes of the universities concerned. If the sports were held at short intervals, there would be a tendency for the interest to wane, there would also be a difficulty regarding university arrangements, and it might not always be easy to meet the expenses. Moreover, it is desirable in the return matches that the teams should be mainly composed of new blood.

"But return matches there should be, and interuniversity contests ought certainly to be encouraged not only for the good of the athletes themselves, but also for the good of the empire, of which they form no unimportant factor."

CLASSIC SUBURBAN'S ENTRIES.

The Coney Island Jockey club has issued the list of probable starters for the Suburban, the great racing classic, to be run at the meeting at Sheepshead Bay, N. Y., June 14. The weights have not yet been allotted. The entries for the coming season number fifty-seven, as compared with fifty-one for last year. The entries for most of the important stakes to be run at the Coney Island track in the spring and fall meetings also show a decided increase in number compared with last season. Last year there were 106 entries for the Great Trial, while for next season the entries number 141.

The entries for the Suburban are:

Arden, Advance Guard, Alcedo, Alard Scheck, All Gold, Autolight, Ballyhoo Bey, Banastar, Baron Pepper, Black Fox, Blue Girl, Blues, Bonnibert, Brigadier, Carbuncle, Chilton, Contend, Dixieline, Dr. Barlow, Dublin, Elkhorn, Emporium, Flying Torpedo, Fly Wheel, Garry Herrmann, Gold Heels, Gold Seeker, Herbert, Heno, Hernando, His Eminence, Kamara, Keynote, Lady Schorr, Lanceman, Maximolo, Mischievous, Monograph, McMeekin, Northern Star, Oom Paul, Pentecost, Port Royal, Reina, Rochampton, Sadie S., Silverdale, Six Shooter, Slipthrift, Ten Candles, The Rhymer, Toddy, Trigger, Watercolor, Watercure, Wealth, Withers.

The nominations received for some of next season's stake races as compared with those of last year are as follows:

	1901.	1902.
Suburban	51	57
June Handicaps	72	74
Advance	32	43
Equality	—	51
Thistle	—	59
Swift	49	67
Spindrift	40	53
Great Trial	106	141
Double Event	95	117
Zephyr	—	120
Spring	—	112
Vernal	94	137
Beacon Steeplechase	—	53
Independence Steeplechase	54	57
Rockaway Cup	—	23
Flight	27	13
September	19	16
Autumn	58	115
Flatbush	37	51
Great Eastern	46	87

AUTOMOBILES AND FUTURE.

It is hardly necessary to predict the future of the automobile and the question as to whether it will supersede horses is by no means an important one. The automobile is not a fad or plaything, although probably a large percentage of the present owners have merely taken it up on account of its novelty. There is no doubt that the bicycle was largely used at one time as a fad, but it has now come to be the boon of millions of workingmen. It appears that the demand for bicycles is as strong as ever, only a different class of people are employing them.

As time goes on automobiles of all types will undoubtedly show material improvement, although radical changes are hardly to be expected. It must be remembered in this connection that, although the automobile is novel, it merely consists of the application of well known and tried devices to a road carriage, the combination forming indeed a strict innovation. The first few years of the automobile industry in this country have shown a remarkable demand for motor vehicles. So far the greater part of the machines have been for pleasure purposes. This demand is not likely to decrease, for with the improvement of the roads automobile touring will become even more popular than it has been.

As to the commercial importance of the automobile, it can be said that it is already a boon to physicians and a necessity to many business houses. As a method of transporting passengers or freight it has unlimited possibilities.

AND HE WAS MAD.

Extract from letter from Flo's young man, who is shooting big game in west Africa: "The crocodile skin I have sent down to be dressed measured seventeen feet from end to end. If I have the good luck to shoot another, I will have a pair of shoes made for you, dear."

AROUND THE STAGE WORLD.

"Twin Sisters," L. N. Parker's translation and rearrangement of Ludwig Fulda's German comedy, has been put in rehearsal in New York city by the company of the Empire theater and will succeed "The Wilderness." Margaret Anglin will have the title role, and [illegible] will have the part of [illegible] which Irving [illegible] has made the hit of his career in London. The play will give Miss Anglin opportunities along lines which she has not heretofore had the chance to follow.

The triple star alliance of Viola Allen, Otis Skinner and James O'Neill, who were to appear in "The Hunchback," having fallen through, a combination for a star tour is talked of between Mr. Skinner, Grace George and two other well known favorites.

Ralph Stuart has procured "By the Right of Sword," a dramatization by Mrs. Charles Doremus and Leonidas Westervelt of Mrs. Arthur Marchmont's novel. Mr. Stuart will present it in New York next fall.

Although Miss May Raomia is under contract to play a twelve weeks' engagement in London next spring and summer, she will return to this country early in September to begin a starring tour in Willie Edouin's new musical comedy, which has been written for her. Mr. Edouin will come to this country with his daughter to stage the piece. He will also play the leading male part in it.

Madeleine Lucette Ryley, formerly a singer in comic opera in this country, and [illegible] have recently won reputation by new plays on the London stage, [illegible]

[illegible] character," has arrived in Brooklyn to start preparations for an elaborate production of his newest play, "The Last of [illegible]," which will be made at an early date, with Margaret May as the star. The new play is in five acts and [illegible] romance of adventures in Central [illegible]

[illegible] has issued a circular [illegible] records of [illegible] certified by theater treasurers, the young woman has been doing business ranging from $661 to $1,224 a night, business exceeded among women stars this season only by Maude Adams and Viola Allen.

It has been decided that the much talked of play "Dolly Dieter," with Kathryn Kidder in the title role, will have its first New England presentation in Boston at the Boston theater [illegible]

David Higgins and Georgia Waldron's [illegible] made so much of a success in "Up York State" at the Fourteenth Street theater, New York, that Manager Rosenquest has decided to give their play a "greater" production next fall, with Mr. Higgins and Miss Waldron in their original parts.

"Lovers' Lane" has proved an attraction for women and children, and extra matinees are being given in all the cities visited. There will be three companies on the road next year with Clyde Fitch's rural play.

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X—78, 83, 22, 97.
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WANTED—HELP.

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade; 8 weeks completes; expert instructions; constant practice; positions guaranteed; tools furnished, also opportunity for earning board; 300 customers daily; largest barber shop in America. Write for particulars. MOLER'S BARBER COLLEGE, Denver, Colo.

AGENTS wanted everywhere for the World's Only Dustless Floor Brush; sells on sight; $200 per month salary. Send $2 for sample brush and secure exclusive territory. Address H. E. Bell, western agent, Dustless Brush Co., P. O. Box 683, Denver, Colo.

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade; only 8 weeks required; graduates make $60 monthly; can earn scholarship, board, tools and transportation if desired; prepare for spring rush. Write nearest branch, Moler Barber College, St. Louis or Omaha.

WANTED—Young people to know that the Henager's Business College, at 109 N. Tejon st., is the best place to learn bookkeeping, shorthand, typewriting, etc. J. C. Henager, Prin. Phone 87.

WANTED—One copy of the Weekly Gazette of Jan. 2, 1901, and one copy of July 24, 1901; reward. Address Subscription Dept., Colorado Springs Gazette.

S. R. SCHOLZ
NOTARY PUBLIC,
12 PIKE'S PEAK AVE.

WANTED—A few experienced solicitors for special, profitable work. Call room 67 Hagerman Bldg.

HAVE YOU investigated the Missouri Dentists' method of inserting teeth without plates?

WANTED—Girl for housework, small private family. Apply after 10, 1528 N. Nevada.

TWO girls; profitable work after school hours. Room 32, 116 Tejon st.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

MINING MAN, college graduate; practical knowledge of mining, milling and assaying; speaks Spanish and German, with good connections and references; desires position with responsible firm, office, mine, mill or factory. Address A-117, Gazette.

HOTEL steward who is expert meat cutter and first-class chef will engage between now and June 1. Inquire for Cameron, Greer's hotel.

WANTED—A place to work for board and room; willing to take care of cow, furnace or horses; first-class references. Address A-119, Gazette.

WANTED—Position by competent, experienced German lady, widow, as housekeeper; is first-class cook. Address A 121, Gazette.

WANTED—Position as housekeeper or companion by refined widow lady; neat seamstress. Address A-125, Gazette.

WANTED—Employment by a thorough accountant and bookkeeper; strong local references. Address A-118, Gazette.

COLORED man wants position in private family and to take care of horses. Address 2023 N. Nevada; references.

WANTED—Situation as housekeeper for widower or care for invalid; best of references. A-120, Gazette.

YOUNG MAN desires outdoor work; driving delivery wagon preferred. Address H. S., 521 E. Kiowa.

FIRST-CLASS cooks and waitresses for private families. Mrs. Farrar, DeGraff Bdg. Tel. 546-A.

WANTED—By an experienced woman, general housework; good cook. Call at 334 E. Costilla st.

EXPERIENCED laundress and house cleaner wishes work by day. 623 Arlington.

WANTED—By experienced woman, position as housekeeper or cook. 732 S. Nevada.

POSITION as stenographer. Address or call on Miss Gregory, 327 S. Wahsatch.

COMPETENT girl wants any kind of day work. 330 S. Wahsatch.

WANTED—Work by day. 408½ S. Nevada.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—Horses to pasture, $1 month; called for and delivered free; 4,000 acres reserved for winter. C. E. Fursman, 15 S. Tejon, or Kentucky Livery. Tel. 568.

WANTED—Those desiring first-class investment in Mexico call on or write S. P. Madeira, 32 Hagerman Bldg.

WANTED—By two adults, 3 or 4-room house, furnished or unfurnished, close in. Address Mrs. H., Gazette.

WANTED—Six or eight loads of old manure. Reply to Box 382, P. O., stating price per load spread.

WANTED—To exchange a nice furnished room for piano lessons. Apply 229 E. Willamette ave.

HORSES taken for pasturage, $1 per month. Inquire J. W. Coffey, room 3 Barnes Bldg.

LADY musician wishes use of piano evenings, near Tejon and Pike's Peak. A 122, Gazette.

WANTED—To sell interest in well established business; small capital. P. O. Box 1315.

WANTED—Small child to board and care for; good home. A 123, Gazette.

REPAIRS for any stove or furnace. W. S. Russell, 108 E. Huerfano st.

WANTED—To buy some good burros. Address Box 118, Manitou.

KEADERHOUSER, bicycle repairing, 3 S. Cascade.

WANTED—HOUSES & ROOMS.

WANTED—Small 4-room house or lot from owner; northeast preferred. Send location and price. R., Gazette.

FURNITURE FOR SALE.

GOLDEN OAK sideboard; also hot blast heating stove. 1127 N. Weber.

MISCELLANEOUS.

REPAIRS for any stove or furnace. W. S. Russell, 108 E. Huerfano st.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS.

THE ORMONDE—Just opened, handsomely furnished rooms, steam heat, baths and all conveniences; reasonable rates for the winter. No. 19-A., S. Cascade.

NOW OPEN—The Cheyenne Bachelor apartments, corner Pike's Peak, opposite the Antlers. Everything new and modern.

TWO furnished rooms for housekeeping; front, private entrance; also 2-room house in yard. 526 S. Nevada ave.

TO RENT—Steam-heated rooms at the Clinton, corner Huerfano and Nevada; baths, etc., rates low.

TO RENT—A nicely furnished front room; private entrance; light, heat and bath. 521 N. Nevada.

TO RENT—A large front room, finely furnished; will be let low. Apply 229 E. Willamette st.

FURNISHED room, private entrance, heat and light, $12 per month. 17 S. Wahsatch.

TO RENT—Newly furnished rooms; electric light; men preferred. 11 W. Cimarron.

TWO neatly furnished housekeeping rooms; water in kitchen. 217 E. Huerfano.

FURNISHED—2 rooms and kitchen for housekeeping. Apply 317 S. Sahwatch st.

ROOMS, connecting, outside door, housekeeping, bath. 324 E. Pike's Peak.

TO RENT—With or without board, furnished rooms, modern. 25 N. Spruce.

FINE housekeeping rooms, suitable for one or two families. 517 E. Kiowa.

FURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping and other rooms. 18 W. Kiowa.

ROOMS—722 N. Weber st.; house and furnishings new; modern; no invalids.

FIVE furnished rooms, first floor, with bath, $30 per month. 814 E. High.

TO RENT—3 furnished rooms, housekeeping; no children. 502 S. Nevada.

THREE nice front rooms for housekeeping; heat and bath. 310 E. Dale.

TO RENT—3 furnished rooms for housekeeping. 120 E. Boulder.

TO RENT—3 furnished rooms for housekeeping. No. 117 S. Corona.

FURNISHED rooms for housekeeping, $2 per week. 209 E. Costilla.

FURNISHED rooms for housekeeping, 216 N. Weber st.

HOUSEKEEPING and unfurnished rooms 327 N. Cascade.

LARGE pleasant rooms. 15 E. Willamette ave.

HOUSEKEEPING rooms, cheap. 316 N. Nevada.

LIGHT housekeeping rooms. 222 N. Wahsatch.

HOUSEKEEPING rooms, 1024 N. Corona.

Housekeeping rooms, 715 N. Wahsatch.

NICELY furnished, 315 E. St. Vrain.

ROOMS to rent, 223 S. Nevada.

TO RENT—FURNISHED HOUSES.

TO RENT—Furnished, very desirable 8-room house, north; six weeks; nominal rent right party. A-113, this office.

FOUR-ROOM furnished modern sunny flat; balcony; gas range; $25. 2016 N. Tejon.

TWO-ROOM house, tent, furnished or unfurnished. 506 E. Pike's Peak ave.

7-ROOM furnished house, VERY cheap, if taken at once. 114 E. Platte ave.

FURNISHED 2-room house, with water inside. 315 Kiowa, west side.

TO RENT—UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

TWO rooms, modern, for light housekeeping. 820 E. Cucharas; $8.

THREE, 5 or 8 rooms, unfurnished or furnished. 1015 Colorado ave.

PARLOR folding bed, piano, modern; housekeeping rooms $6 to $10. 314 E. Costilla.

TO RENT—UNFURNISHED HOUSES.

TO RENT.
9-room house, unfurnished and mod...$35.00
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House for sale on monthly payments.
Bargains for cash. Call and let me tell you about them.
FIRE INSURANCE.
O. R. DUNNINGTON.
4 N. Nevada Ave.

TO RENT—5-room house; range, hot and cold water. Call at 446 E. Pike's Peak ave.

3 ROOMS and pantry, newly papered; double house, $12.00. 744 North Pine.

5-ROOM house. Inquire at Bumstead's Machine shop, rear of Gazette Bldg.

DOUBLE house, $35; 3 and 4 rooms, separate. 630 N. Wahsatch; modern.

TO RENT—New 6-room house, modern, $22. 802 E. Willamette. A. Wight.

FOUR-ROOM house, modern, close in. John Hill, rear 211 N. Cascade.

FOUR-ROOM house conveniently located. Apply 1520 N. Corona.

SIX-ROOM cottage; furniture for sale. 326 N. Nevada.

TO RENT—28 W. Las Animas.

TO RENT—BUSINESS.

TO RENT—Storage room 35x80 ft., close in. Apply 13½ E. Kiowa.

TO RENT—Ground floor office. 10½ Pike's Peak ave.

MINES AND MINING.

TO LEASE—Low royalties. Nelly Ely, on Beacon hill, adjoining El Paso; Gracie Darling, on Battle Mt., adjoining Clyde. Address Box 341, City.

FOR SALE—Propositions in Mexico on most liberal business basis. See or write S. P. Madeira, 32 Hagerman Bldg.

BOARD AND ROOMS.

LARGE front room, ground floor, steam heat, excellent table, $60 month for two; another $50 for two. 312 N. Cascade.

PLEASANT rooms and first-class board for from $4.50 to $5 at 508 E. Huerfano street.

BEAUTIFUL front rooms with board at 627 N. Weber st. Mrs. Emma Fountain.

LARGE room, furnace heat, bath, electric light, table first class; 318 E. Kiowa.

NEW management; first-class board; sunny rooms; winter rates. 802 N. Tejon.

MODERN rooms, home cooking. 118 N. Weber.

MRS. HAMILTON—501 N. Weber.

ROOMS with board, 428 N. Weber.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

COUPE Rockaway, made by Flandran, New York; in perfect order; also a fine spider phaeton. Inquire at Payward's stable.

SMALL, well improved ranch near Colorado Springs for sale or trade. Munson, room 20 El Paso Bldg.

FOR SALE—Nearly new Columbia bicycle, with coaster brake. Hastings Bros., 22 N. Tejon st.

CHICKERING piano, upright, excellent tone, cheap. 212 E. Jackson st., N. end.

FURNITURE 7-room house; 2-seated surrey; house for rent. 11 N. Wahsatch.

FOR SALE—Set cyclopedias; will trade for gun or watch. 722 E. Cimarron.

FOR SALE—Rich soil delivered cheap. Hastings Bros., 22 N. Tejon st.

REPAIRS for any stove or furnace. W. S. Russell, 108 E. Huerfano.

FOR SALE—New sewing machine very cheap. 120 East Boulder.

FOR SALE—Good lawn covering. Address 623 N. Spruce st.

TOP DIRT by the cubic yard. Oliver Smith, 556 E. Las Vegas.

GOOD burro, cart and harness for sale cheap. 216½ N. Tejon.

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We have $25,000 TO LOAN on good real estate security at lowest rates.
All loans promptly made; no delays.
ADAMS & WILLIAMS,
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TO LOAN—Our own money on improved Colo. Spgs. real estate, Colo. Spgs. mining stock exchange. W. P. Kinney, secretary.

WEEKLY Payment Loan Company—Loans money on chattels or any good security; easy weekly payments. 44 DeGraff Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN—Any amount, lowest rates. Wm. G. Shapcott, 2 Gazette Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN on chattel security. H. A. Scurr, 20 S. Tejon st.

TO LOAN—6 per cent. money. Williamson, 27 N. Tejon.

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TO TRADE—A good farm of 120 acres for mining stock or equity in good Colorado Springs property.
RIEDEL, TORREY & CO.,
Exchange Bank Block.

TO TRADE—Oak bedroom set, consisting of bed, dresser and wash stand, to trade for work. Hastings Bros., 22 N. Tejon st.

TO TRADE—Fine gaited saddle horse for fine driver. Hastings Bros., 22 N. Tejon st.

LOTS in Hastings Bros.' additions in exchange for team work. 22 N. Tejon st.

TEAM WORK in exchange for lots. Inquire Hastings Bros., 22 N. Tejon st.

GOOD small business for stock. Inquire 222 S. Institute st.

FOR SALE—HORSES, BICYCLES

FOR SALE—One surrey; also one good buggy, newly painted. Hammond's Paint Shop, over 10 E. Huerfano.

FOR SALE—Horse and phaeton; horse has been driven by lady some years. Address Z-133, Gazette.

FOR SALE—A handsome gentle family mare. Address Box 1345, City.

PALMIST

PROF. RALPH F. THOMASON, Palmist, is now located at 410 N. Nevada Ave. Prof. Thomason may be engaged for evening entertainments in mind reading; his powers are wonderful. Office hours, 9:30 to 12; 2 to 5.

HAVE RENO read your hand, showing the road to success in business and mines; palmistry taught. Reno's Book. 117½ S. Tejon.

MADAM McBRIDE, magnetic healer, is permanently located at 118½ East Pike's Peak Avenue. Offices 14 and 15.

MRS. MONROE—Palmist, clairvoyant and card reader. 107 S. Cascade.

LOST.

LOST, or taken from carriage at Rio Grande depot Sunday night, one lady's plush cloak and cape. Liberal reward and no questions asked if returned to 749 E. Willamette ave.

LOST—Between the Opera house and Platte ave., watch fob; one side small diamond, other side monogram R. G. M. Finder return to 107 E. Kiowa; reward.

LOST—Probably on Pike's Peak ave., a small neck chain. The finder will confer a favor by giving information to Louis R. Ehrlich, Hagerman Bldg., City.

LOST—Lady's gold watch, diamond setting, monogram "M. E. M.," between Huerfano and Las Animas on Tejon or Nevada. Return 24 E. Kiowa; reward.

LOST—A diamond monogram, D. B. R. Suitable reward if returned to the Goodspeed Jewelry Co.

FOUND.

FOUND—An old bicycle. Owner can have it by proving property and paying for this ad. Inquire at 322 N. Tejon st.

FOUND—Valuable pin. Owner can apply at 119 E. Dale.

DRESSMAKING.

FIRST-CLASS dressmaker will go out and sew by the day. 516 E. Pike's Peak ave.

MME. JAGER—Dressmaking and accordion pleating. Swiss cottage, Manitou.

INSURANCE.

E. L. C. DWINELL—Insurance, notary and collections. 11 N. Tejon. Phone 445-A.

HAIRDRESSING.

HAIRDRESSING and hairdressing ... Mason ... room ... [illegible]

ST. VALENTINE'S DAY IN THE FOREST.

"That blamed old rhinoceros sent me this picture to hurt my feelings. Let him beware when next we meet."

"This must be from my best girl, and she's hit me off to a T!"

"By James, but the feller who sent that to me shall suffer for it! While I weigh a ton, my feelings are as sensitive as a canary bird's."

"Law me, but how nice it was in some one to send me such a sweet valentine! It must have been taken from my very latest photograph."

MUSICAL.

LADY with several years' experience desires a few piano pupils; rates very reasonable. 1317 Washington ave.

CARL NESS—Teacher violin, mandolin and guitar. 118 N. Tejon. Instruments furnished.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

$..—New 6-room fully modern house, full cement floor basement and a new 3-room modern cottage, lot 50x 190 feet, 3 blocks east of college, rentals $30 per month; $2,000 cash, balance 6 per cent.

$4,250—5-room cottage, 8-room house, both modern except furnace, small house and barn in rear, lot 50x190 feet, room for several cottages, rentals $48 per month, 2 blocks from North park.

$10,000—A 50x190-foot Nevada avenue improved corner, 1 block from new court house; buildings all in first-class shape and pays 10 per cent. net on the investment.

REAL ESTATE, LOANS, RENTALS AND INSURANCE.
W. W. WILLIAMSON.
Tel. 478-A. 27 N. Tejon St.

$8,000—A 50x190-foot Nevada avenue corner, well improved, 1 block from new court house, paying 10 per cent. net on the investment.

$3,000—6-room modern house, laundry in basement, gas, electricity, 1 block north, lot 50x190 feet.

$2,000—New 5-room house, bath, closet, electric lights, furnace, 2 halls and open stairway, sewer connections, lot 37½x190 feet, north, ½ block from car line.

Do you want to sell? It will pay you to list your properties with me. I am too busy selling properties already listed to hunt up other properties to sell. It will pay you to call and see me.
W. W. WILLIAMSON.
Tel. 478-A. 27 N. Tejon St.

TO REAL ESTATE MEN:
Before you see any more lots in our new addition near the Terminal Reduction works please not that the [illegible] during the past few [illegible] the ... [illegible] are nearly all gone. A great many contracts for ... have been closed this week and parties who wish to get lots at ... should not fail to buy soon. We are still ... terms ...
THE COLORADO ... DEVELOPMENT CO., ... W. Huerfano.

[illegible]

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

SOUTH END REALTY CO.
312 S. TEJON, OPPOSITE NEW COURT HOUSE.

4 rooms, 2 closets, pantry and good cellar, lot 37x150 feet; this is a new and well built house; price $1,500; cash $200, bal. $20 per month.

6-room house, water at door, cellar, iron fence, lot 75x100 feet; price $1,200; cash $350, bal. easy.

4-room new house, water in yard, barn, chicken house and yard, lot 48x190 feet; price $1,150, part cash, bal. easy.

6-room house, sewer connections, cellar, lot 33x100 feet; price $1,300; cash $200, bal. $16 per month and interest.

7-room modern house, lawn and shade, lot 100x150 feet; price $3,600; will make terms. This property is in Ivywild.

10-room house, in fine repair, lot 50x150 feet, close in; price $3,000 cash; rents for $45 per month.

Money to loan on chattels and real estate; insurance, notary public and rentals.

SOUTH END REALTY CO.
312 S. TEJON, OPPOSITE NEW COURT HOUSE.

HONEST VALUES.
Nine-room house, about six blocks north; it has furnace, both electric lights and gas, grate, bath, both coal and gas range, full basement, all in fine condition; it is on a 50x 190-foot lot, facing east, with fine lawn and shade.......8,500
Nine-room house, about 7 blocks north, with porcelain bath, furnace, electric lights, grate, range, cellar; an alley lot with 50-foot frontage, with good lawn and shade.......5,500
Nine-room house, about 4 blocks north, with 2 baths, furnace, electric lights, grate, range, cellar; on an east front lot, with 50-foot frontage.......6,500
Ten-room house, about 13 blocks north; it is new and fully modern, including fine mantel, cemented cellar, nice barn, south front lot.......4,500
COTTEN, TERRILL & GARLICK.
23½ North Tejon Street.

FRANKLIN & JONES.
12-room modern house, new, never been occupied, large basement, full corner lot, east front, hot water heat, new and elegantly finished inside; make offer; must be sold...20,000
8-room modern house, close to college reservation, in first-class condition.......8,500
9 rooms, modern, corner lot, south and east front, lawn, shade, elegant home, close to college reservation on Nevada ave.......8,500
7-room new, modern house, E. Dale st., lot 50x100, for a few days......3,400
Lot 50x190, east front, 1700 block N. Tejon.......1,750
5-room house and bath, full lot, east front; 1800 block N. Tejon st., small barn, shade; we recommend this a bargain.......3,200
5-room house, in first-class condition, 3 blocks from court house, S. Weber.......2,100
Lots in East Dale addition at your own terms.
FRANKLIN & JONES.
Phone 157. 27½ N. Tejon St.

THESE TOO MUST GO.
A 6-room fully modern house in 1000 block north, facing south, between Cascade and Tejon sts. Has good barn, $3,250.

A 7-room fully modern house in 1500 block north, full lot; can be bought on small payments, $3,000.

A lot on North Nevada, 50x190, facing west, $750.

M. H. McCLURE,
12½ S. Tejon St.

LEGAL NOTICES

The deferred annual meeting of the Century Mining and Milling Company will be held at the office of the Company, 50 Bank Building, Colorado Springs, Colorado, February 17, 1902, at 10 a. m., to elect Directors for the ensuing year, and to transact such other business as may properly come before the meeting.
E. F. Bennett,
President.
Sidney W. Rogers,
Secretary.

NOTICE OF EXECUTRIX.
Estate of Charles A. Wiley, Deceased.
The undersigned, having been appointed executrix of the last will and testament of Charles A. Wiley, late of the county of El Paso and state of Colorado, deceased, hereby gives notice that she will appear before the county court of El Paso county, at the court house in Colorado Springs, at the March term, on the last Monday in March next, to-wit, March 31, 1902, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.
Dated this 8th day of February, A. D. 1902. Ida E. M. Wiley, Executrix.
Richard Lee Kennedy, Attorney.
First publication Feb. 10, 1902.
Last publication March 3, 1902.

NOTICE OF ADMINISTRATRIX.
Estate of C. P. Grosvenor, Deceased.
The undersigned, having been appointed administratrix of the estate of C. P. Grosvenor, late of the county of Douglas, in the state of Kansas, deceased, hereby gives notice that she will appear before the county court of said El Paso county, at the court house in Colorado Springs, in said county, at the March term, 1902, on the last Monday in March next, to-wit, on March 31, 1902, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.
Dated at Colorado Springs, Colo., this 4th day of February, A. D. 1902.
... A. Grosvenor, administratrix.
... Lee Kennedy, attorney.
First publication Feb. 21, 1902.
Last publication March 4, 1902.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING.
[illegible]

J. M. Jordan,
Secretary.

[illegible]

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

A SMALL RANCH
AND SUMMER PLACE.
A FINE PLACE TO KEEP BOARDERS
40 acres, nice 7-room house, hard wood finish, good condition. Barn for 40 head of cattle and 4 head of horses, chicken house, dairy house, etc. Wind mill, plenty of water, 7 acres of alfalfa, 2 acres in cultivation, balance in pasture. This place is worth $2,000. Must be sold, so it is going at $1,750.
RIEDEL, TORREY & CO.,
Exchange Bank Block.

AS AN INVESTMENT, Canon City real estate is safe, returns good interest; we have several properties now for sale which will return the owner from 10 per cent. to 15 per cent. clear on the investment. Send to us for descriptions of them; also of fruit and alfalfa lands in the famous Arkansas valley; illustrated circulars and maps free. DeWeese & Turnbull, 523 Main street.

A SIX-ROOM and bath home on easy payments; will be completed in about 30 days; we will sell this home on a small payment down and easy monthly installments; interest decreases with each payment made. Hastings Bros., 22 N. Tejon st.

FOR SALE.
4-room house and full lot.......[illegible]
5-room house and full lot.......1200
Vacant lot on car line, North End, 100x190 ft., on easy payments.......[illegible]
Lot 50x190 ft., Roswell.......[illegible]
... LOCKWOOD,
101 ... Peak Ave.

ALL KINDS OF BARGAINS
See us for bargains in all parts of the city, in real estate, improved and unimproved. Conway & Crew Realty Co., Colorado City, Colo.

A GENTLEMAN'S country place of ... acres for sale; includes bungalow, good buildings, cattle and everything on the place; owner going to New Mexico. For particulars ... Colo.

[illegible]

RAILROAD TIME TABLES

"THE COLORADO ROAD."
The Colorado and Southern Railway.
Depot East Pike's Peak Avenue (Union Passenger Station.)
NORTH BOUND.
No. 9—For Denver and Central City.......4:40 am
No. 5—For Denver, Boulder and east.......7:00 am
No. 1—For Denver, Chicago, St. Louis.......1:00 pm
No. 15—For Denver, via Manitou Junction.......7:00 am
No. 607—For Denver and east.....10:55 am
No. 603—For Denver.......3:40 pm
No. 3—For Denver, Chicago, St. Louis and east.......6:35 pm
SOUTH BOUND.
No. 606—For Pueblo.......6:40 am
No. 10—From Denver (arrives)....2:15 am
No. 4—For Pueblo.......11:00 am
No. 2—For Pueblo, Trinidad and Texas.......2:30 pm
No. 602—For Pueblo.......6:20 pm
No. 6—For Pueblo and Chicago..10:30 pm
No. 12—From Denver (arrives)....11:40 pm
No. 14—From Denver via Manitou Junction (arrives).......7:00 pm
G. M. JACOBS, Commercial Agent.
Phone 21. 15 North Tejon St.

SANTA FE.
Union Station East Pike's Peak Avenue. (November 3, 1901.)
EAST BOUND AND CALIFORNIA.
Kansas City and Chicago.......6:40 am
Denver to Pueblo.......11:00 am
Denver to Pueblo.......2:30 pm
California Limited and Kansas City and Chicago.......6:20 pm
Chicago, vestibuled, electric lighted.......10:30 pm
Denver to Colorado Springs.......11:40 pm
NORTH BOUND, TO DENVER.
Colorado Springs to Denver.......4:40 am
From Chicago, Kansas City and California.......7:00 am
Kansas City to Denver.......10:55 am
Pueblo to Denver.......1:00 pm
Limited from California.......3:00 pm
Pueblo to Denver.......6:25 pm
C. C. HOYT,
City Passenger Agt., 18 N. Tejon St.
A. E. FORD, Depot Agent.

DENVER & RIO GRANDE R. R.
(Scenic Line.)
SOUTH, WEST AND EAST.
No. 5—Leaves 10:20 a. m., Pacific Coast Express—Pueblo, Canon, Alamosa, Leadville, Glenwood, Grand Junction, Utah, Idaho, Montana, Washington, Oregon, California, Cripple Creek.
No. 1—Leaves 12:00 noon, Pacific Coast Limited—Pueblo, Canon, Leadville, Glenwood, Grand Junction, Utah, Nevada, California, Cripple Creek.
No. 9—Leaves 4:29 p. m.—Pueblo, Florence, Canon City.
No. 11—Leaves 5:47 p. m., St. Louis Express—Pueblo, Kansas City and east.
No. 3—Leaves 10:37 p. m., Utah and California Express—Pueblo, Leadville, Glenwood, Grand Junction, Utah, Idaho, Montana, Washington, Oregon, Alamosa, Creede, Silverton, Santa Fe.
No. 15—Leaves 12:13 night, Colorado Express for Pueblo, Canon, Cripple Creek, Salida, Gunnison, Ouray, Telluride, Buena Vista, Leadville, Grand Junction.
No. 16—Leaves 1:35 a. m. for Denver from Grand Junction, Ouray, Telluride, Silverton, Durango, Leadville, Cripple Creek.
No. 6—Leaves 7:06 a. m. for Denver from California, Oregon, Utah, Grand Junction, Glenwood, Leadville, Canon, Pueblo.
No. 12—Leaves 10:10 a. m. for Denver from St. Louis, Kansas City, Pueblo.
No. 2—Leaves 1:20 p. m. for Denver from California, Utah, Grand Junction, Glenwood, Leadville, Buena Vista, Cripple Creek.
No. 10—Leaves 3:32 p. m. for Denver from Cripple Creek, Canon, Florence, Pueblo.
No. 4—Leaves 6:51 p. m. for Denver from California, Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Utah, Grand Junction, Glenwood, Leadville, Canon, Pueblo, Cripple Creek.

MANITOU TRAINS.
Lv. Colo. Spgs. / Lv. Manitou.
8:00 am .... 7:00 am
.... 9:00 am
12:05 noon ....
.... 11:45 noon
5:50 pm ....
Only 15 minutes' run to Manitou.
City Office 16 North Tejon Street.

FLORENCE & CRIPPLE CREEK RAILROAD.
(And Associated Roads.)
VIA D. & R. G. R. R.
Time table in effect Sunday, Oct. 27, 1901:
Leave Denver.......8:30 am 8:30 pm
Leave Colo. Springs......11:58 am 12:07 am
Leave Pueblo.......1:28 pm 1:33 am
Leave Florence.......2:40 pm 3:00 am
Leave Canon City....... 6:55 am
Arrive Victor.......5:00 pm 9:03 am
Arrive Cripple Creek.......5:25 pm 9:30 am
Leave Cripple Creek.......6:00 am 7:30 pm
Leave Victor.......10:35 am 8:00 pm
Arrive Canon City....... 10:15 pm
Arrive Florence.......12:27 pm
Arrive Pueblo.......1:42 pm 2:40 am
Arrive Colo. Springs.......3:27 pm 4:25 am
Arrive Denver.......6:00 pm 7:15 am

THE MIDLAND TERMINAL RY.
(Cripple Creek Short Line.)
Leave Colorado Springs.......12:06 am
Arrive Cripple Creek.......6:10 am
Leave Colorado Springs.......8:00 am
Arrive Cripple Creek.......10:55 am
Leave Colorado Springs.......11:06 am
Arrive Cripple Creek.......3:00 pm
Leave Cripple Creek.......3:00 am
Arrive Colorado Springs.......10:48 am
Leave Cripple Creek.......2:45 pm
Arrive Colorado Springs.......5:45 pm
Leave Cripple Creek.......11:15 pm
Arrive Colorado Springs.......3:40 am
Trains arriving at Colorado Springs at 3:40 a. m. and leaving at 12:06 a. m. are equipped with Pullman sleepers.

THE ROCK ISLAND ROUTE.
LEAVE COLORADO SPRINGS.
No. 6—Vestibuled Limited for Chicago and St. Louis, via Kansas City, St. Joe and Omaha.......5:40 pm
No. 10—Kansas City, St. Joseph, Omaha and St. Louis.......2:35 pm
No. 5—Limited to Pueblo.......7:55 am
ARRIVE COLORADO SPRINGS.
No. 5—Vestibuled Limited from Chicago.......7:35 am
No. 9—Fast Express from Kansas City, St. Joseph, Omaha and St. Louis.......10:55 am
Through sleepers and chair cars on all trains. Dining cars for all meals.
W. W. WOOD, General Agent.

MANITOU & PIKE'S PEAK RY. CO.
Up Trains—
Daily. STATIONS.
9:00 am....... Manitou
9:.. am....... Minnehaha
9:.. am....... Half-way House
10:.. am....... Mountain View
10:.. am....... Windy Point
11:.. am....... Summit

Down Trains.
Daily. STATIONS.
1:.. pm....... Summit
... pm....... Windy Point
... pm....... Mountain View
... pm....... Half-way House
... pm....... Minnehaha
3:12 pm....... Manitou

COLORADO MIDLAND RAILWAY.
WEST BOUND.
No. 1—Cripple Creek Express, leaves.......12:04 am
No. 3—Salt Lake and San Francisco Limited, leaves.......12:06 am
No. 7—Cripple Creek and Victor Local leaves.......8:00 am
No. 5—Leadville, Glenwood, Salt Lake and San Francisco Express leaves.......11:06 am
EAST BOUND.
No. 10—Cripple Creek and Denver Local, arrives.......3:40 am
No. 6—San Francisco, Salt Lake and Glenwood Express, arrives.......5:30 am
No. 8—Cripple Creek and Victor Local, arrives.......10:45 am
No. 2—Cripple Creek Express, arrives.......3:45 pm
No. 4—San Francisco, Salt Lake ... arrives.......6:15 pm
City Ticket Office ... N. Tejon Street.
... CHAS. ..., City Pass. Agt.

THE MISSOURI PACIFIC.
DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE.
Train No. 2. / Train No. 1.
Lv. 10:25 am.....Colo. Spgs.......Ar. [illegible]
Ar. 11:40 am.......Pueblo.......Lv. [illegible]
Lv. 1:00 pm.......Pueblo.......Ar. [illegible]
Ar. 8:00 am....Kansas City.......Lv. [illegible]
Lv. 9:50 am....Kansas City.......Ar. [illegible]
Ar. 6:05 pm.......St. Louis.......Lv. [illegible]

Train No. 8. / Train No. 7.
Lv. 5:37 pm.....Colo. Spgs.......Ar. [illegible]
Ar. 7:00 pm.......Pueblo.......Lv. [illegible]
Lv. 7:20 pm.......Pueblo.......Ar. [illegible]
Ar. 5:40 pm....Kansas City.......Lv. [illegible]
Lv. 8:00 pm....Kansas City.......Ar. [illegible]
Ar. 7:10 am.......Kansas City.......Lv. [illegible]
The best line. Only one change of cars between Colorado and New York ... Union depot—no transfer ... Pullman palace buffet ... coaches and free reclining chair cars ... equipped with the famous ... gas light and heated with steam ...
Pass. and Ticket Agent ...
W. A. XNEAR,
Ticket Agent, Union Depot.

COLORADO SPRINGS & CRIPPLE CREEK DISTRICT RAILWAY.
(The Short Line.)
WEST BOUND.
No. 5—Lv. Colorado Springs.......[illegible] am
Ar. Cripple Creek.......[illegible] pm
No. 9—Lv. Colorado Springs.......[illegible] pm
Ar. Cripple Creek.......[illegible]
EAST BOUND.
No. 8—Lv. Cripple Creek.......7:.. am
Ar. Colorado Springs.......[illegible] am
No. 4—Lv. Cripple Creek.......[illegible] pm
Ar. Colorado Springs.......[illegible] pm
Through trains of ... coaches between Denver and Cripple Creek are run over the D. & R. G. R. R. to and from Colorado Springs.
The Short Line trains arrive at and depart from D. & R. G. station, Antlers park, Colorado Springs.
City Ticket Office, No. .. N. Tejon st.

ARRIVAL OF MAILS.
FROM THE EAST.
Julesburg and Denver.......[illegible]
Kansas City and La Junta, Train 5.......7:05 am
Kansas City and Colorado Springs, Train 5.......7:35 am
Kansas City, Salina and Pueblo.......9:30 am
Kansas City and Colorado Springs, Train 3.......[illegible]
Kansas City and Denver.......[illegible]
Pacific Junction and Denver.......[illegible]
FROM DENVER AND THE NORTH.
Denver and Grand Junction, Train 5.......[illegible]
Denver and Rio Grande, Train 1.......[illegible]
Denver and Fort Worth, Train ....[illegible]
Denver (closed pouch).......[illegible] am
Denver and Grand Junction, Train 3.......[illegible]
Denver and La Junta, Train ....[illegible] am
FROM TEXAS AND THE SOUTH.
Denver and La Junta, Train 6.......[illegible] am
Denver and Fort Worth, Train ....[illegible] pm
Denver and Grand Junction, Train 4.......[illegible]
Pueblo and Silverton.......[illegible]
Salida and Ouray.......[illegible]
Cripple Creek and Florence.......[illegible]
Denver and Grand Junction, Train 1.......[illegible]
FROM CALIFORNIA AND THE WEST.
Elkton and Independence.......[illegible]
Denver and La Junta, Train 6.......[illegible]
Colorado Springs and Aspen, Train 1.......9:58 am
Denver and Grand Junction, Train 4.......[illegible] pm
Denver and Grand Junction, Train 6.......[illegible] am
Colorado City and Manitou.......[illegible]
Cripple Creek and Victor.......[illegible]
Lyle, Morgan.......[illegible]
Clyde and Hobart and Cripple Creek, Love.......[illegible] pm

DEPARTURE OF MAILS.
FOR THE EAST.
Kansas City and Colorado Springs, Train 10.......7:30 pm
Kansas City and Colorado Springs, Train 6.......3:40 pm
Kansas City and La Junta, Train 6.......10:40 pm
FOR DENVER AND THE NORTH.
Denver and Grand Junction, Train ....[illegible]
Denver (closed pouch).......[illegible] am
Denver and Grand Junction, Train 6.......7:05 am
FOR THE SOUTH AND WEST.
Denver and Grand Junction, Train 5.......[illegible] am
Colorado Springs and Aspen, Train 5.......[illegible] am
Denver and Fort Worth, Train ....2:30 pm
Denver and La Junta, Train ....[illegible] am
Pueblo (closed pouch).......[illegible] pm
Denver and Grand Junction, Train 3.......[illegible] am
Denver and La Junta, Train ....[illegible] am
Cripple Creek and Clyde and Hobart, Love.......[illegible] am
Colorado City and Manitou.......[illegible] am
Colorado City and Manitou.......[illegible] pm
Independence and Altman.......[illegible] pm
All mails close 45 minutes before departure of trains.

RAILWAY GUIDE

TRAINS TO THE ... COLORADO ... [illegible]

City ticket office, 16 North Tejon st.

The Santa Fe has two daily trains to California. One ... carrying only Pullman cars, the other carrying Santa Fe ... and Tourist sleepers.

Great ... Excursion ... It would pay you to make the trip either for curiosity or to ... on the ground floor as an investment. The Colorado & Southern is the ONLY line running direct to the ... City Ticket Office, No. .. North Tejon street.

CHEAP RATES TO THE NORTHWEST.
Via Union Pacific, ... during March and April. Portland and Tacoma or Seattle $25; Spokane $22.50; Helena $20. Most direct, quickest, best equipped route. See your local agent or address E. R. Griffin, general agent, Denver.

... New Map
Covering the lines of the Colorado & Southern and connections from Galveston, Texas to Ogden, Utah, has just been issued by the Passenger department of the C. & S. Ry. This is one of the most complete ... maps gotten out for this territory and can be secured by sending ... cents to cover postage to T. E. Fisher, General Passenger Agent, Denver, Colo.

Low Excursion Rates to South and Southwest Winter Resorts.
This is the time to make a trip to some of the famous winter resorts where you will enjoy warm, unchangeable weather.
Call at Colorado & Southern City Ticket Office, No. .. North Tejon street, for full particulars as to rates and sleeper reservations.

California—No Changing Cars.
THE DENVER & RIO GRANDE R. R. has two ... trains DAILY to California ... Standard and tourist Pullman sleepers. Through dining cars ... Call at 16 N. Tejon ... for particulars. J. M. ..., General Agent.

[illegible]

BRIEF CITY ITEMS.

DAILY WEATHER RECORD.

The following meteorological record is furnished by the Colorado college weather bureau. Observations recorded in local time:

Feb. 15, 6 p. m. to Feb. 16, 6 p. m.

Temperature at 6 a. m.	29
Temperature at 12 m.	56
Temperature at 6 p. m.	52
Maximum temperature	60
Minimum temperature	24
Mean temperature	40
Max. barometric pressure, inches	23.58
Min. barometric pressure, inches	23.91
Mean velocity of wind, per hour	4
Max. velocity of wind, per hour	8
Relative humidity at 6 a. m.	78
Relative humidity at 12 m.	51
Relative humidity at 6 p. m.	56
Mean relative humidity	63
Mean dew point	33
Precipitation in inches	0

WEATHER FORECAST

Washington, Feb. 16.—Forecast for Colorado: Generally fair Monday; Tuesday rain and colder; variable winds.

Satisfied people wear Ashby's spectacles.

Eagle club will give a series of dances at Weber hall Monday nights. Saturday night invitations good. Fink orchestra.

CLERK'S UNION—A special meeting of the Retail Clerks' union, No. 167, will be held tonight at Vorhes shoe store at 7:30 o'clock.

DIRECTORS TO MEET—The regular meeting of the Y. M. C. A. directors will be held at 4 o'clock this afternoon. Building matters will be discussed.

DIED—John, the 3-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Alex McCall, died last Thursday at the home of his parents, in Manitou. The funeral was held Friday afternoon.

DANCE TONIGHT—The Eagle Dancing club will hold its first Monday night dance tonight at Weber hall. Invitations issued by Mr. Cox will be honored.

WARWICK DANCE—The Warwick club will give its regular dance at the Antlers Wednesday evening. Barnes' orchestra, under the direction of Mr. Fink, will furnish the music.

FUNERAL—The funeral of Mrs. Lucy Smith, who died in Boulder last week, was held yesterday from Fairley Brothers' undertaking establishment. Interment was in Evergreen cemetery.

PEST HOUSE CLOSED—There are no patients in the city pest house and the institution has been closed. City Physician Hanford reports that there are few cases of contagious diseases in the city.

TEMPERANCE LEGION—There will be a regular meeting of the Loyal Temperance Legion at 4 o'clock this afternoon at No. 220 East Las Animas street. Officers for the ensuing year will be elected.

NEARLY COMPLETED—The brick addition to the Savory hotel, on Nevada avenue, is nearly completed. Forty guest rooms will be added to the capacity of the hotel when the addition is completed. Charles D. Horgan is the proprietor of the hotel.

MINISTERS MEETING—The regular weekly meeting of the Ministerial association will be held this morning in the parlors of the First Baptist church. Rev. Dr. A. L. Hazlett will make an address on "Our Duties in the Philippines."

PATENT STOVE PIPE—John H. Lauterman, of Colorado Springs, has invented and patented a new adjustable stove pipe. The object of the invention is to do away with the cutting of stove pipes to make them the required length.

PARK DEPOT—Work will be started soon on the new depot to be built at Cheyenne park by the Colorado Springs & Suburban railway company. The building will have a glass front and a wide porch under cover. The work of laying the foundation will be begun some time this week.

BASEBALL LEAGUE—An amateur baseball league will be organized in Colorado Springs again this spring. A meeting will be held soon for the purpose of discussing plans of organization. The same teams represented in the league last year will probably form the circuit this year.

SPECIAL SERVICES—Rev. Walter D. Veazie, the evangelist, began a series of special services at the First Congregational church yesterday. The meetings will be held every day this week except Saturday. Bible study meetings will be held at 3 o'clock in the afternoon and preaching service at 7:30 o'clock in the evening. Children's meetings Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday at 4 o'clock.

Shepard on Croker.

The newspapers estimated, with practical genius, the danger of scattering fire and the advantage of a specific target, from which their range should never be diverted, and which should have about it a personal and familiar picturesqueness sure to hold popular interest. This they found in Richard Croker, the leader of Tammany Hall. In cartoons and in the virile and unweariedly continuous work of reporters and editorial writers alike they held him up as a heavy, brutal, dull, insolent, corrupt, tyrannical, reckless, unreasoning, absentee, political "boss." What measure of justification there was for this it is not within the scope of this article to inquire. I may say, however, that where, in our country, with our secret ballot and free and constant discussion, one man holds for half a generation (not for the five or six years of a Tweed, or the three or four years' popular military fury of an Alcibiades) the effective support of great masses of citizens of an industrial and highly civilized community (including, for shorter or longer periods, men of all grades of wealth, intelligence and public spirit), so that his will is, or rather seems to be, theirs, a philosophic observer will probably believe that there are at least some Tammany Hall. In cartoons and in the errors or omissions in the portraiture, if not, then there are many problems tan borough, and among them the nomination of so justly distinguished a character as Abram S. Hewitt by Tammany Hall under the Croker leadership in 1886.

Where Would You Like to Go?

Unusual opportunities afforded prospective SETTLERS by the COLORADO & SOUTHERN Ry for Washington, Oregon, Montana, Idaho and British Columbia, during the month of March and April. Portland and Ashland, Ore.; Tacoma and Seattle, Wash.; Nelson and Robson, and intermediate points, $25. Spokane, Wash., and vicinity, Thompson Falls and Mullen, Mont.; Ellensburg and Wenatchee, Wash., $22.50. Butte, Helena, Anaconda and Garrison, Mont., $20.00. Stop-overs allowed.

We clean clothes. Try us. Colorado Springs Dye and Cleaning Works, 13 E. Kiowa. Phone 542.

Trunks, valises, harness, at Harbaugh's at cost for January 13, 14, and 15. 11 to 13 South Cascade avenue.

Mexico.

"The Coming Country." First class investment; for particulars of same see or write, S. P. Madeira, 52 Hagerman.

The Mexican Central Railway Company, Limited.

Calls attention to the fact that:

IT IS THE ONLY Standard Gauge Route from the United States Frontier to Mexico City.

IT IS THE ONLY Line in Mexico that can offer the Traveling Public the conveniences and comforts of Standard Gauge Pullman Drawing Room Sleepers, lighted by Pintsch Gas.

IT IS THE ONLY Line by which you can travel WITHOUT CHANGE from St. Louis, Mo., to Mexico.

IT IS THE ONLY Line from El Paso, Texas, to Mexico City.

IT IS THE SHORT Line from San Francisco and Pacific Coast points to Mexico City.

The Lines of the Mexican Central Railway pass through 15 of the 27 states of the Republic. Eight million of the 13,000,000 inhabitants of Mexico are settled contiguous to them.

The principal mining regions receive their supplies and export their products over it. Chihuahua, Sierra Mojada, Mapimi, Fresnillo, Parral, Guanacevi, Durango, Zacatecas, Guanajuato, Sombrerete, Pachuca, etc., etc.

"THE SUBLIME ROUTE."
THOUGHT IT IMPOSSIBLE.
MOST WONDERFUL TRIP.

"Our whole family went to Cripple Creek over the Short Line. It certainly was the most wonderful trip I ever had in my life. I had no idea it would be possible to concentrate so much magnificent mountain scenery into so short a ride. You ought to call your road 'The Sublime Route.'" Thus writes a prominent citizen of Colorado Springs. It is the testimony of hundreds of thousands who have made the trip. The present fare is very low, only 50 cents round trip. Better take advantage of it while it lasts.

Have you heard that "He who enters THUNDER MOUNTAIN" receives his reward in gold. If not, call on H. D. Milton, Commercial Agent COLORADO & SOUTHERN RY, 15 North Tejon street, Colorado Springs, Colo. Telephone main 34.

"A Little Corner of Paradise"

Such is the description of our Art Department given by an appreciative customer recently.

We feel that we are justified in taking considerable pride in our Art Goods, for our line was selected with great care and from the best that the market affords.

Among our many lines we mention:

Bronzes and Electroliers in Art Nouveau Marble Figures and Pedestals, Art Potteries and Rich Glassware, Kayzer-Zinn, Antique Silver, Ivories and Enamels for Curio Cabinets. We invite you to call and examine.

R. ASHBY, THE ... JEWELER.

Dr. E. W. Thompson, DENTIST.

Has moved to more commodious quarters in the Cheyenne building opposite Antlers hotel.

Drs. Chamberlain, Dentists

1st Nat. Bank Block. 'Phone 555- A. Res. 'phone 31-Black.

....Dr. Cole....

has associated himself with Drs. Chamberlain.

....Dr. John Grant's....

Dentist, Room 12, 1st Nat. Bank Block.

Dr. W. A. ... DENTIST

DeGraff Block, North Tejon Street, Colorado Springs, Colo.

See the New Spring Suits?

No? Then there's a great surprise in store for you. The first shipment has been received and many more are coming.

"Tailored" expresses their appearance—neat, dressy; not severe, not prim. Simple elegance, simple grace; stylish, too.

We look to all the details of fit and finish. Cannot afford to sell you a suit that is not perfectly satisfactory.

Alterations Are Free

MATERIALS

Cheviot, Covert Cloth, Homespun and Basket Weaves.

TRIMMINGS

Satin and Moire Bands, Braids, Broadcloth and Moire Silk Facings.

JACKETS

Silk lined throughout. Etons with and without collars. Short single and double-breasted Jackets with roll and new style standing collar.

SKIRTS

Mostly the new seven-gore flare. Some five-gore flare. Percaline and Silk Finish Linings. Prices: $12.00, $13.50, $14.00, $17.50 and $20.00.

Last Call on Waists

NOT MANY LEFT BUT THEY MUST GO

$1.50 FLANNEL WAISTS 95c—Tucked French Flannel, open front or back.

$2.00 FLANNEL WAISTS $1.19—Fine quality French Flannel, tucked.

$3.00 FLANNEL WAISTS $1.95—A few very pretty and stylish waists.

SILK WAISTS $3.75—Black and colored taffeta and peau de soie Waists. Prices were $4.50 to $6.

HIBBARD & CO.

'Phone 57-A. ... South Tejon St.

Don't Freeze

NO CLINKERS.	THE MOST
NO DIRT.	HEAT
NO SOOT.	FOR THE MONEY.

The Best Place to ... Book ... Place of ...

The Pike's Peak Coal Co.

Miners, Wholesalers, Retailers of the following well known grades of Coal.

Canon ... Fireview... Walsenburg...

Phone 25... Office, 12 Pike's Peak Avenue.

Cheap Light ... and best, The Welsbach. THE GAS CO.

BETTER THAN EVER

And they were better than others before.

Morrell's Brand Canned Vegetables

Are grown specially for extra fancy trade, are carefully selected, and canned in the best possible way. A trial order will prove it.

W. N. BURGESS

12 ... Tejon.

... NEW PICKLES

A new shipment of these ... pickles ... Made from ... old ... recipe ... They are ... these ...

CARPENTER & DRAPER,

'Phone 56. 22 North Tejon St.

Take Warning

From the experience of others and when you have doctors' prescriptions to be compounded take them to a drug store that has a reputation for

Accurate Prescriptions

We devote our attention to the drug business exclusively and our patrons are guaranteed the best of service.

F. ... ...TMANN, PURE DRUGS.

Remember, we sell no liquors. Cor. N. Tejon and Bijou. 'Phone 311.

PREMIUM GROCERY

'Phone 122. F. B. ROSS. No. ... E. Pike's Peak Ave.

Conducted on Cash Basis and Honest Principles.

To the people of Colorado Springs, Colorado City, Manitou, Roswell, Austin Bluffs, Knob Hill, Ivywild, Brookside, Broadmoor and Cheyenne Canon. Bring this price list with you and with every order exceeding $5.00 you will be presented with

Two Street Car Tickets Free MONDAY

21 lbs. best Granulated Sugar	1.00	Butterine	17½c
4 lbs. best Granulated Sugar	19c	Williams Cheese	... and 15c
3 combs Rocky Ford Honey	25c	Swiss Cheese	25c
Arbuckles, XXXX and Lion Coffee	10c	Limburger Cheese, per brick	40c
... Bread Tickets	25c	Edam Cheese, each	1.10
11 Loaves Bread	25c	2 lbs. Home Made Mince Meat	25c
Oranges and Lemons, each	1c	Dill Pickles, per dozen	20c
1 box Bellefleur Apples	1.55	2 lbs. Canon City Apple Butter	25c
Rex Hams, per pound	12½c	1 pint bulk Horse Radish	20c
Rex Bacon, per pound	13c	2 quarts Best Kraut	15c
Primrose Butter	27½c	4 lbs. Pickled Pigs' Feet	25c
Sterling Butter	25c	Ripe Olives, per pint	25c
Ohio Roll	22½c	Malt Breakfast Food Served Free.	

F. B. ROSS, Not in the Trust.

IF NOT WHY NOT Call on August Bros. ... PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO. 17 South ... 'Phone ...

THE FIGEAR HANDS

Require more care during the winter. Hard winds and frosty air make the use of some emollient absolutely necessary. All of the well-known preparations for the skin are to be found in our store.

CREAM ...

We can specially recommend for chapped hands and rough skin. Price 25c per bottle.

...SMEYER & BEESON, Druggists. No. - So. Tejon. 'Phone ...

FOR SALE

The ... 5 room cottage in the city. New tile ... and ... coupling in kitchen and bath room. Nickel plumbing, open fireplace, ... range, gas logs, electric lights, furnace ... Every modern convenience.

$3,500

M. KENNEDY, 9 NORTH TEJON ST.

Established (with the Town) 1871.

Henry LeB. Wills.
Ellis L. Spackman.
Herbert Skinner.
Edward W. Kent.

Gazette Building.

HENRY LeB WILLS & CO

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF

NEW, MODERN, 6-ROOM HOUSE.

$4,350

Less Than Cost—Well Located, North—Owner Leaving Town.

FURNISHED.	FOR RENT.	UNFURNISHED.
N. Cascade Ave., 12 rooms & bath..$300		N. Cascade Ave., 14 rooms & bath...$85
N. Nevada Ave., 11 rooms & bath..$150		E. San Miguel St., ... rooms & bath...
N. Nevada Ave., - rooms & bath..$100		E. Dale St., 8 rooms & bath.........
E. Willamette Ave., 7 rooms & bath.. 50		E. Washington St., 8 rms. & bath.....
		N. Tejon St., 7 rooms & bath.........

STEINWAY PIANOS

The Knight-Campbell Music Co. (The Largest Music Concern in Colorado.) Colorado Springs Store, 112 North Tejon St.

E. DUNSCOMB, M. D.

University of New York, 188.

SPECIALIST

Diseases Peculiar to Women.
Diseases Peculiar to Men.
Diseases of the stomach.
Chronic Ulcers of the Leg.
Nervous, Skin Diseases, Nasal Catarrh, Cancers, Tumors and Goitre.
Cancer, Goitre and Uterine Tumors removed by Medicine Alone. References given of cases that have been cured.
Rooms ... and ... De Graff block, 22 North Tejon street.

$2650 In a good location north, a comparatively new 8-room house, ..., range, etc.; lot ... x190. Here is a bargain.

$3250 The choicest West Side location, ... rooms, bath, ... barn; corner on ...-foot alley; ... This has just been put on the market. It is well worth investigation.

C. E. TYLER & CO. ... Tejon St.

GIDDINGS BROTHERS

Art Sale

With your spring house-cleaning in view, the sale is most timely. All lovers of art work will find this department a center of delight this week. While the line is not extensive, true art and economy is readily distinguished in every article.

One piano scarf with scroll design, embroidered upon China silk. Regular price, $6.50—now ... $5.—

Two China silk piano scarfs with gold embroidered Japanese design; worth $3.00—now ... $2.25

Six Japanese piano scarfs, in all colors. Very new and pretty. Regular price $5.00—now ... $3.—

One handsome table cover, Japanese design, embroidered upon very heavy satin; $7.50 is the marked price, now ... $—

One lot of satin pillow tops in delicate colors and rich embroidered patterns. Regular $2.25 and $2.50, now $1.00 and ... $1.25

One lot of printed sateen pillow tops—just the thing for the den. Were 60c, now ... 35c

One lot of tapestry pillow tops, patterns most dexterously woven. Regular price is $1.25; they're yours for, each ... 75c

One lot of burnt leather pillow tops; Indian, golf and bachelor patterns; $6.00 is the regular price; reduced to ... $—

Three splendid pillows complete; silk covers, with down filling; extremely reasonable at ... $2.—

Three fancy pin cushions, lace and ribbon trimmings; were $2.50; now ... $1.75

An odd lot of embroidery silks; two skeins for ... 5c

The Evening Toilette

In building up the evening costume, a soft, sheer effect is striven for. This brings the following fabrics into prominence: Veilings, Chiffons, Crepe de Chines, Batistes, Silkwarp Sublimes and similar textures.

It is not necessary to mention silks and grenadines as being desirable for evening wear. They are ever in demand—every month in the year.

Before choosing your gown for the Cadet Ball, see our lines.

Two black novelty dress patterns—silk and wool effects; were $30.00, now ... $15.—

One black silk and wool dress pattern; worth $35.00, now ... $25.—

One $22.00 black camel's hair pattern at ... $8.—

INFANTS' CAPS

It pleases you to watch the youngsters in their romps. In your delight do not neglect them—see them warmly clad. It's easy to do at this store. Our whole line of colored caps meet such reductions as these:

50c Caps at	33c
75c Caps at	50c
$1.00 Caps at	64c
$1.25 Caps at	83c
$1.50 Caps at	1.00

HOSIERY SNAP

The hosiery lady comes forth with what she terms "a rattling good special." The story is of a line of rembrandt ribbed or drop stitched hose that have found place in our shelves. Must be good values or they never would have got in this store. A pair will cost you this week ... 25c

About Corsets

Purchase your new corset now and have it broke in before you fit that new Easter gown you are planning. Our summer corsets are here—batiste and net in all the newest shapes. To make room for new goods we have decided to clear out a lot of P. D. and Red Fern corsets. Sold up to $6.00 each. This week they go at ... $—

MAIL ORDERS Filled Promptly and Carefully Attended ...

Carpets

The head of this department informs us that he expects the largest spring trade in the history of the department, and that he has bought accordingly. His efforts have worked wonders in the way of securing desirable styles that are exclusive. The latest arts and fads are represented.

NEW PIQUES

Countless are the compliments paid upon our line of wash goods daily. The line is truly marvelous and bestows much credit upon the taste of the buyer who selected them. Especially the new piques—they exhibit a neatness entirely their own. Many new styles are introduced.

DAINTY AND ARTISTIC

This is an opportunity that you ... not ... a genuine ... clear-

Are our assortments of Ruffled Bobbinets and Ruffled Swiss Curtains. We have 33 different styles for you to select from. This is not an

ODD LOT SALE

since ... in our ... window ... give ... the ... we are offering.

But instead you may have your choice of any RUFFLED CURTAIN in the house at

STRICTLY COST PRICE

We have a nice line of Portieres, Couch Covers, Piece Goods and Upholstery Fabrics. First class work guaranteed at low prices.

26-28 N. Tejon St. The Colorado Springs Furniture Co. 26-28 N. Tejon St.

J. R. ... ...

Successor to Plumb Bros. Phone 27... 128 N. Tejon St.

Have just received a shipment of nice, fat, plump and juicy

TURKEYS

—ALSO—

HENS AND SPRINGS

Besides a full line of the best Meats that money can buy. Call and give us a trial order. We are always headquarters for Fine Meats and Poultry.

PERFUMERY BRUSHES TOILET ARTICLES ... Prescriptions a Specialty ... Liquor Sold Prompt Delivery

Corner Cache la Poudre and Tejon, Plaza Hotel. Telephone 18...

Something Choice in the line of JEWELRY, CUT GLASS and FINE CHINA.

Miller-Optical ... Jewelry Co. 26½ North Tejon Street.

... Dr. Cooper's Allopathic Specific No. ... cures all diseases of the Urinary organs, pain in the back or loins. ... at ... Dr. Cooper ...

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Pays 10 Per Cent. Gross

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